## EXERCISE 6 IN REPRESENTATION THEORY

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- (1) (P) Find the characters of all the irreducible representations of the symmetric group  $S_4$
- (2) (P) A representation is called cyclic if it is generated by some vector. Find a necessary and sufficient condition for a representation to be cyclic in terms of multiplicities of isotypic components.

## Principal series representations of $SL(2, \mathbb{F}_q)$

(3) (P) Let  $G := \operatorname{SL}(2, \mathbb{F}_q)$  be the group of  $2 \times 2$  matrices with entries in  $\mathbb{F}_q$  and determinant 1. Let  $X := \mathbb{F}_q^2 \setminus 0$ . Consider the representation of G on F(X), where F is some algebraically closed field of characteristic zero (e.g.  $F = \mathbb{C}$ ). For any character  $\chi$  of the multiplicative group  $\mathbb{F}_q^{\times}$ , let

$$V_{\chi} := \{ f \in F(X) \ s.t. \ f(\lambda x) = \chi(\lambda) f(x) \}$$

Let  $\Delta$  denote the standard anti-symmetric bilinear form on  $F^2$ . Define a linear operator  $T: F(X) \to F(X)$  by

$$Tf(x) := \sum_{\{y \ s.t. \ \Delta(x,y)=1\}} f(y).$$

Show that

- (a)  $V_{\chi}$  is a subrepresentation of F(X) and  $F(X) = \bigoplus_{\chi} V_{\chi}$
- (b) T is an intertwining operator (=morphism of representations) and T maps  $V_{\chi}$  into  $V_{\chi^{-1}}$ .
- (c)  $\langle F(X), F(X) \rangle = 2q 2.$
- (d)  $V_{\chi}$  is irreducible if  $\chi \neq \chi^{-1}$  and is a sum of 2 non-isomorphic irreducible components if  $\chi = \chi^{-1}$ . Find the 2 components. Note that if q is odd there are only two  $\chi$  with  $\chi = \chi^{-1}$ , and if q is even there is only one:  $\chi = 1$ .
- (e)  $V_{\chi} \simeq V_{\psi}$  if and only if  $\chi = \psi^{\pm 1}$ .
- (f) T is invertible
- (g) The sum of squares of the dimensions of the irreducible representations we found is q(q+1)(q+3)/2, which is approximately |G|/2.

The  $V_{\chi}$  are called principal series representations and T is called the standard intertwining operator.

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