

What happens when you push measures
using polynomial maps – a dictionary
between algebraic geometry and analysis.

based on joint works with N. Avni, and S. Carmeli

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$$(\phi_*(\mu))(A) := \mu(\varphi^{-1}(A))$$

We study the image $\varphi_*(\mathcal{M}_c^\infty(X(F)))$

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When are these actual functions?

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A form ω on X gives a measure by:

$$|\omega| := |p| \cdot \text{haar}$$

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$$\frac{\varphi_*(f \cdot |\omega_X|)}{|\omega_Y|}(y) = \int f|_{\omega_{\varphi^{-1}(y)}}$$

Corollary

TFAE:

- φ is smooth.
- $\frac{\varphi_*(\mathcal{M}_c^\infty(X(F)))}{\nu_0} \subset C^\infty(Y(F)),$

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Proof.

Radon-Nikodym.



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When are the integrals of the G-L form converging?

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If Z is CM and $\text{char}(F) = 0$ we can also add

- *The singularities of Z are rational.*

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φ is called *FRS* if it is flat and its fibers (are reduced and) have rational singularities.

Theorem (A. - Avni 2013, Reiser - 2018)

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Proof.

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- Resolve the singularities of a fiber.



More facts for dominant maps

Theorem (Cluckers-Loeser-Gordon-Halupczok 2010-2014)

For p -adic fields if φ is (locally) dominant then,

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where $\text{Const}(Y(F))$ is the algebra generated by $|f|, \ln(|f|)$ for definable $f : X \rightarrow F$.

Theorem (Glazer-Hendel 2021-2026, Cluckers-Miller 2013)

if φ is generically smooth, then there is $\varepsilon > 0$ s.t.

$$\frac{\varphi_*(\mathcal{M}_c^\infty(X(F)))}{\nu_0} \subset L_{loc}^{1+\varepsilon}(Y(F))$$

Theorem (Glazer-Hendel-Sodin 2024)

Explicit bounds for ε in terms of the degree/complexity of φ .

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- We will discuss a generalization of this phenomenon to the infinitesimal setting.

The Scheme $\mathfrak{B}_\varphi$ and Quasitransitivity

Definition (The scheme $\mathfrak{B}_\varphi$)

Let $\varphi : X \rightarrow Y$ be as above. Let

$$D\varphi : \mathcal{T}_X \rightarrow \varphi^*(\mathcal{T}_Y)$$

be the differential, and let $\mathrm{Im}(D\varphi)$ be its image sheaf. Define

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Step 3 does not work. Non-archimedean exponentiation is too local.