

Frobenius formula and representation count

A. Aizenbud

Weizmann Institute of Science

Joint with: Nir Avni

<http://www.wisdom.weizmann.ac.il/~aizenr>

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- Let $x \in G$. Then
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- $\chi_\pi * \chi_\tau = \begin{cases} 0 & \pi \not\cong \tau \\ \frac{\chi_\pi}{\dim \pi} & \pi = \tau \end{cases}$

Zeta function and spectral equivalence

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$$\zeta_G(s) := \sum_{\pi \in \text{irr} G} (\dim \pi)^{-s}$$

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In this case we say

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Proposition (A.- Avni)

$\forall d, k, n \exists p_0$ s.t. $\forall p > p_0$.

$$\zeta_{GL_d(\mathbb{Z}/p^k\mathbb{Z})}(2n) = \zeta_{GL_d(\mathbb{F}_p[t]/t^k\mathbb{F}_p[t])}(2n)$$

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- This result with 22 replaced by $\dim G$ is due to Lubotzky–Martin.

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$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\text{Vol}\{(g_1, h_1, \dots, g_{12}, h_{12}) \in SL_d(\mathbb{Z}_p)^{24} : \| [g_1, h_1] \cdots [g_{12}, h_{12}] - 1 \| < \varepsilon\}}{\text{Vol}\{g \in SL_d(\mathbb{Z}_p) : \|g - 1\| < \varepsilon\}} < \infty$$

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Let ϕ be an algebraic map of p -adic smooth algebraic varieties.
When is the pushforward ϕ_* of a smooth compactly supported measure on X a measure on Y with continuous density ?

Continuity criterion for pushforward of measures

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- ϕ is (locally) dominant $\Rightarrow \phi_*(m)$ has L^1 density

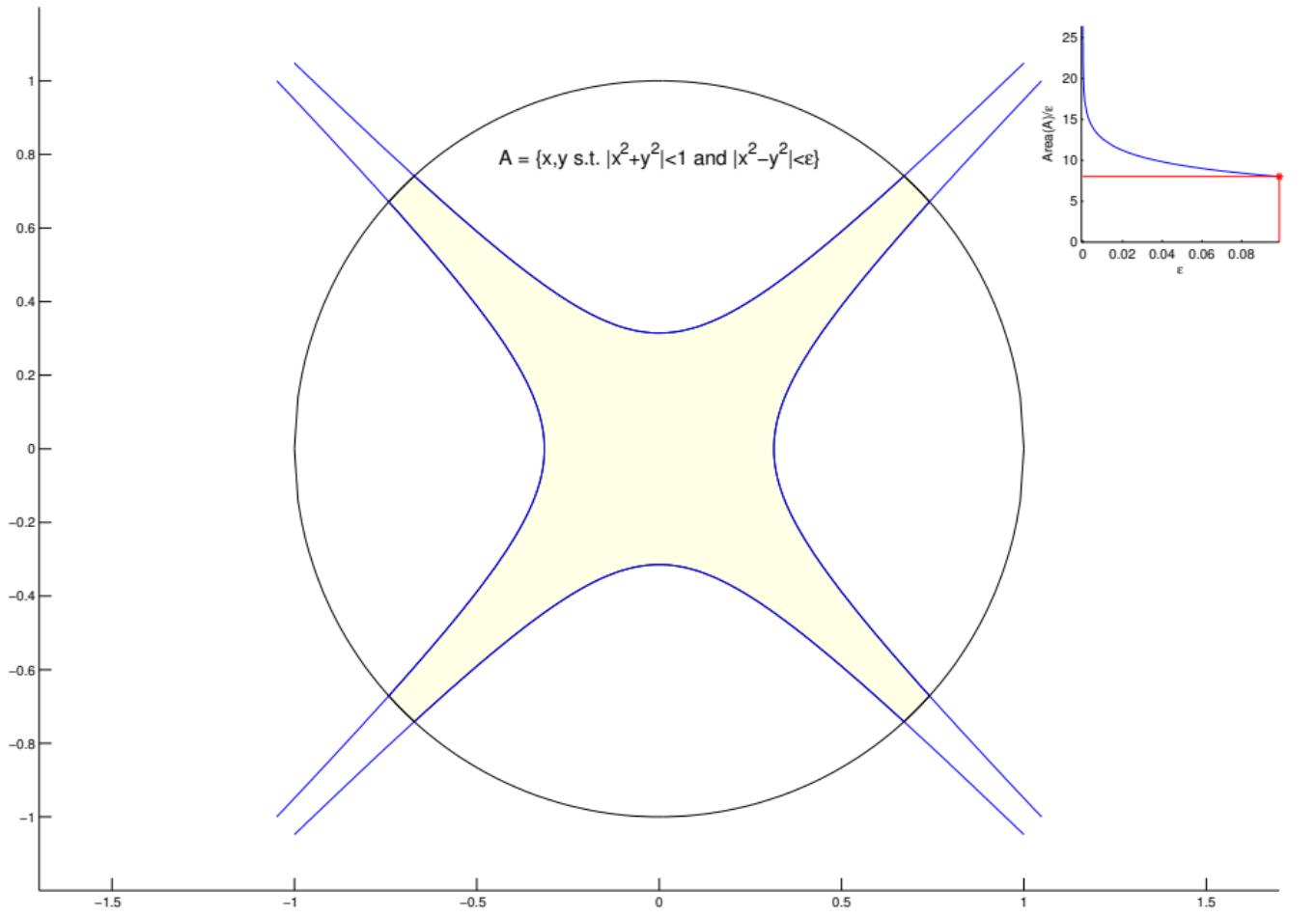
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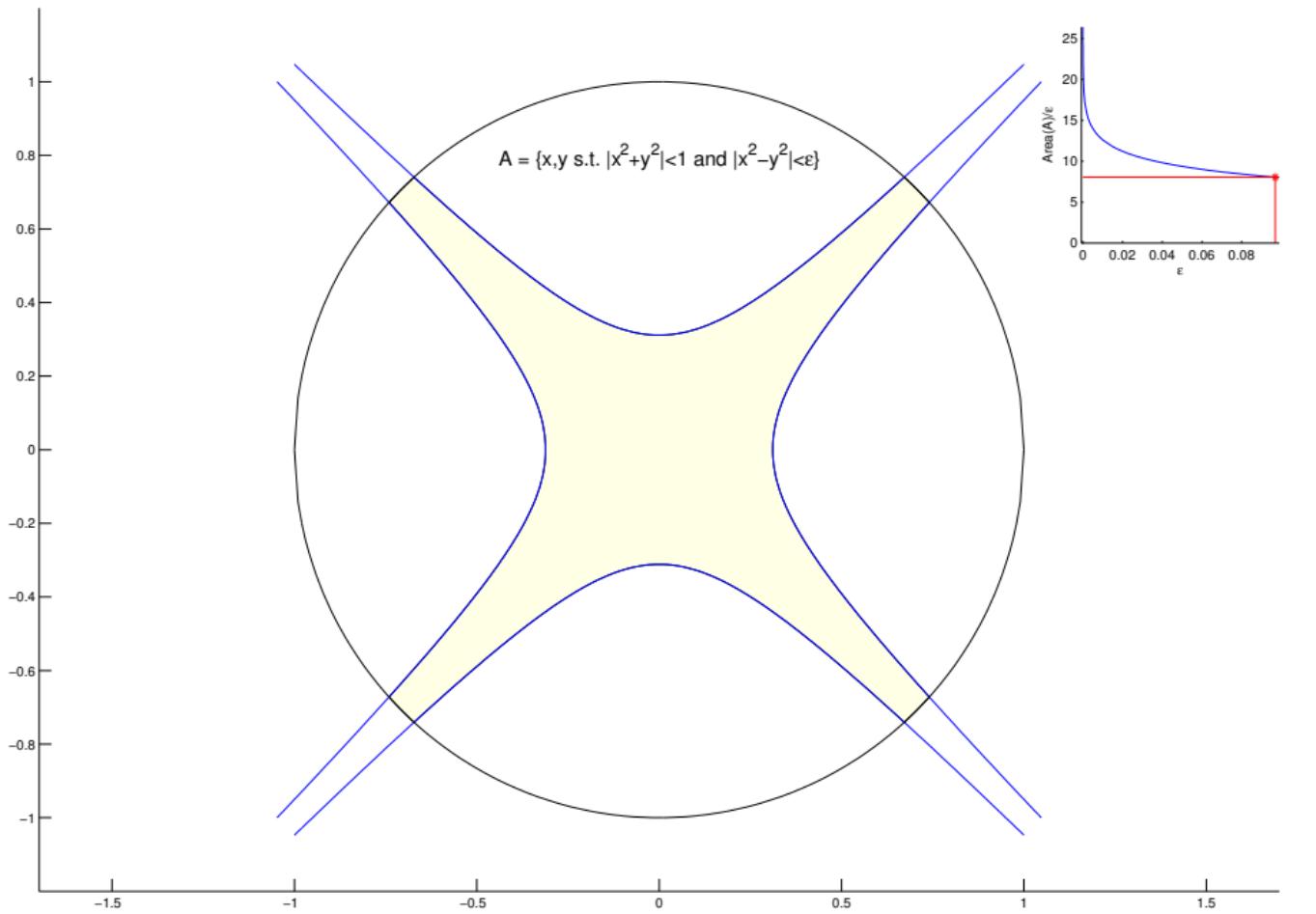
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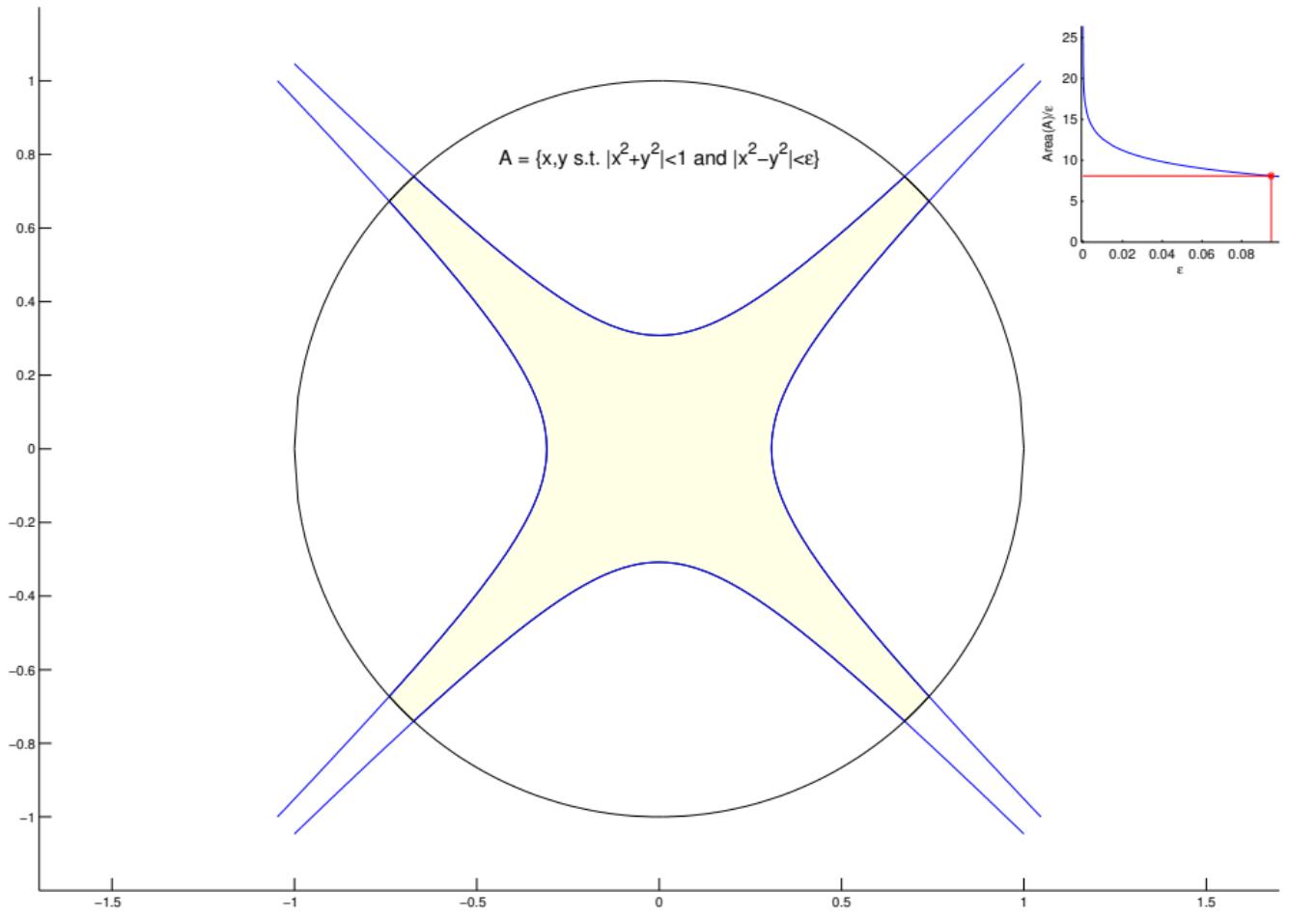
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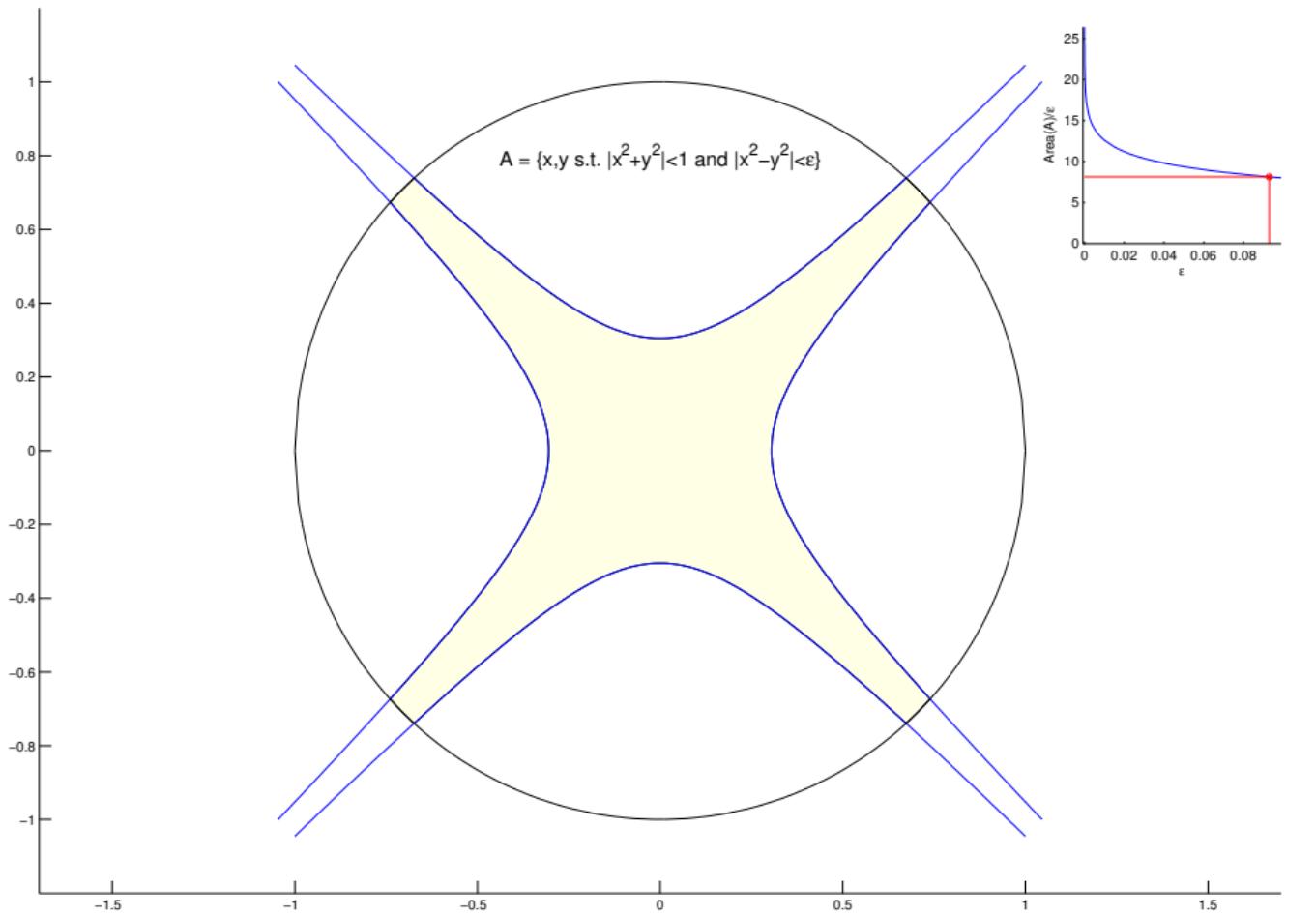
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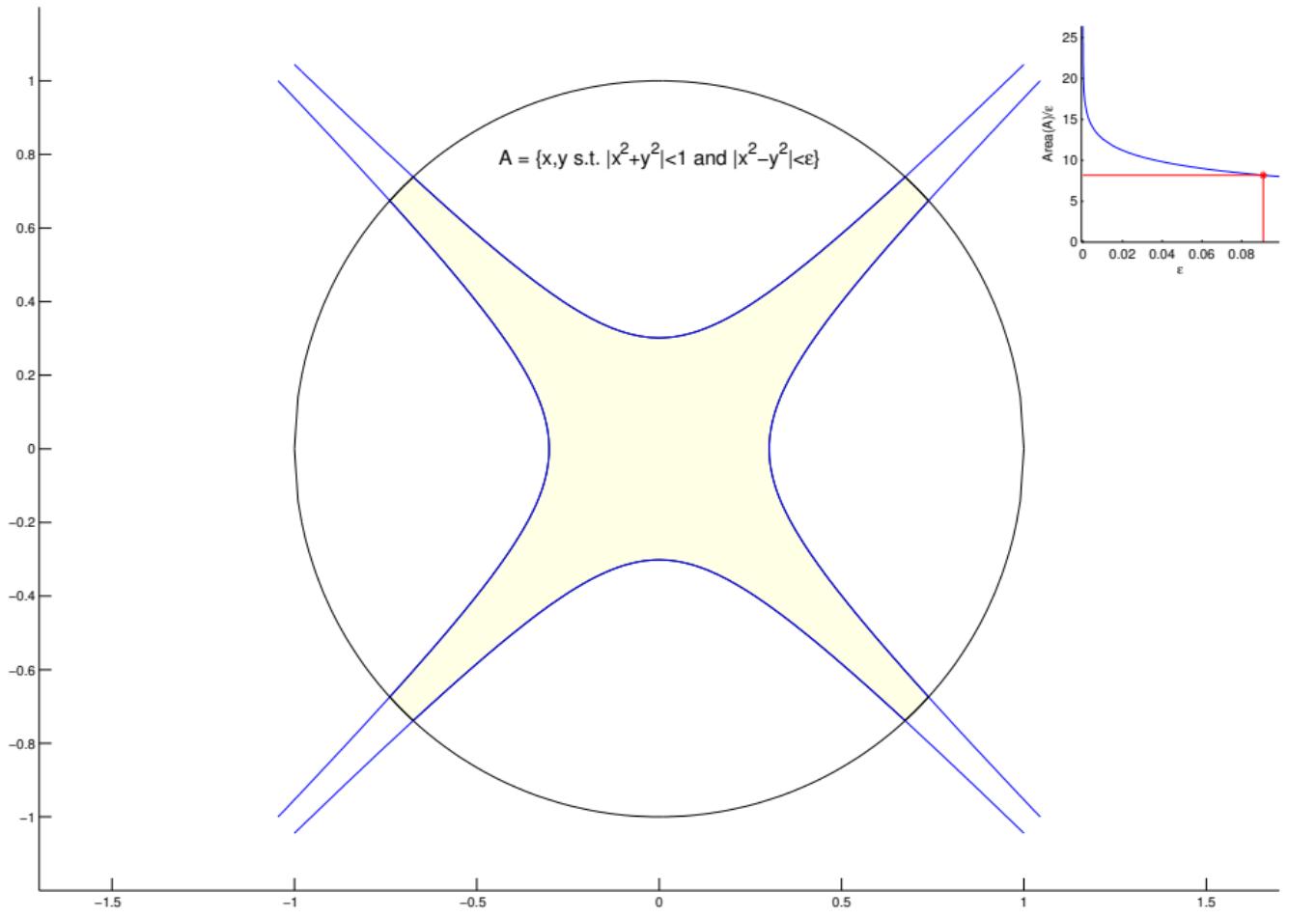
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- ϕ is submersive (a.k.a. smooth) $\Rightarrow \phi_*(m)$ is smooth
- ϕ is (locally) dominant $\Rightarrow \phi_*(m)$ has L^1 density (Radon–Nikodym)

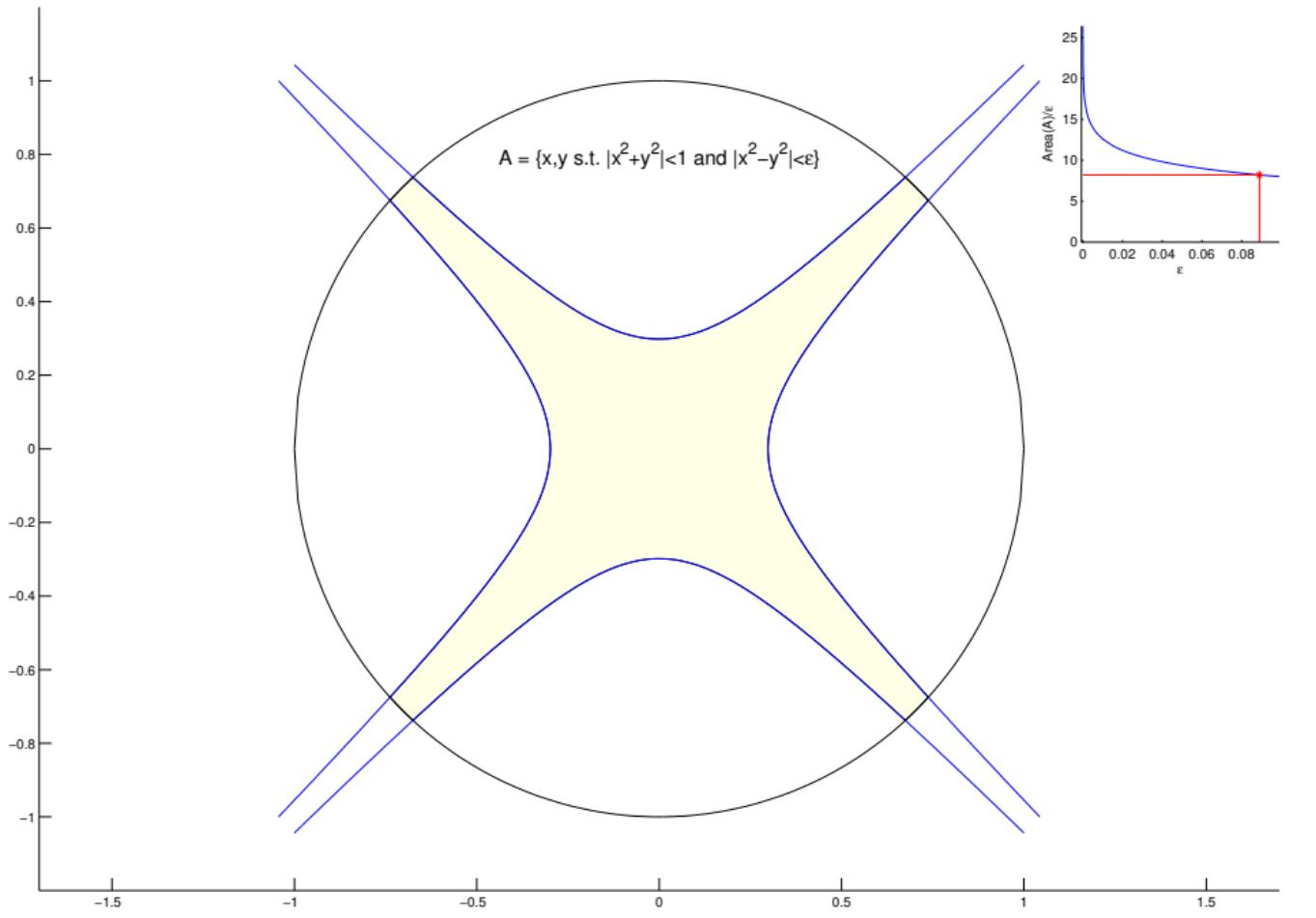


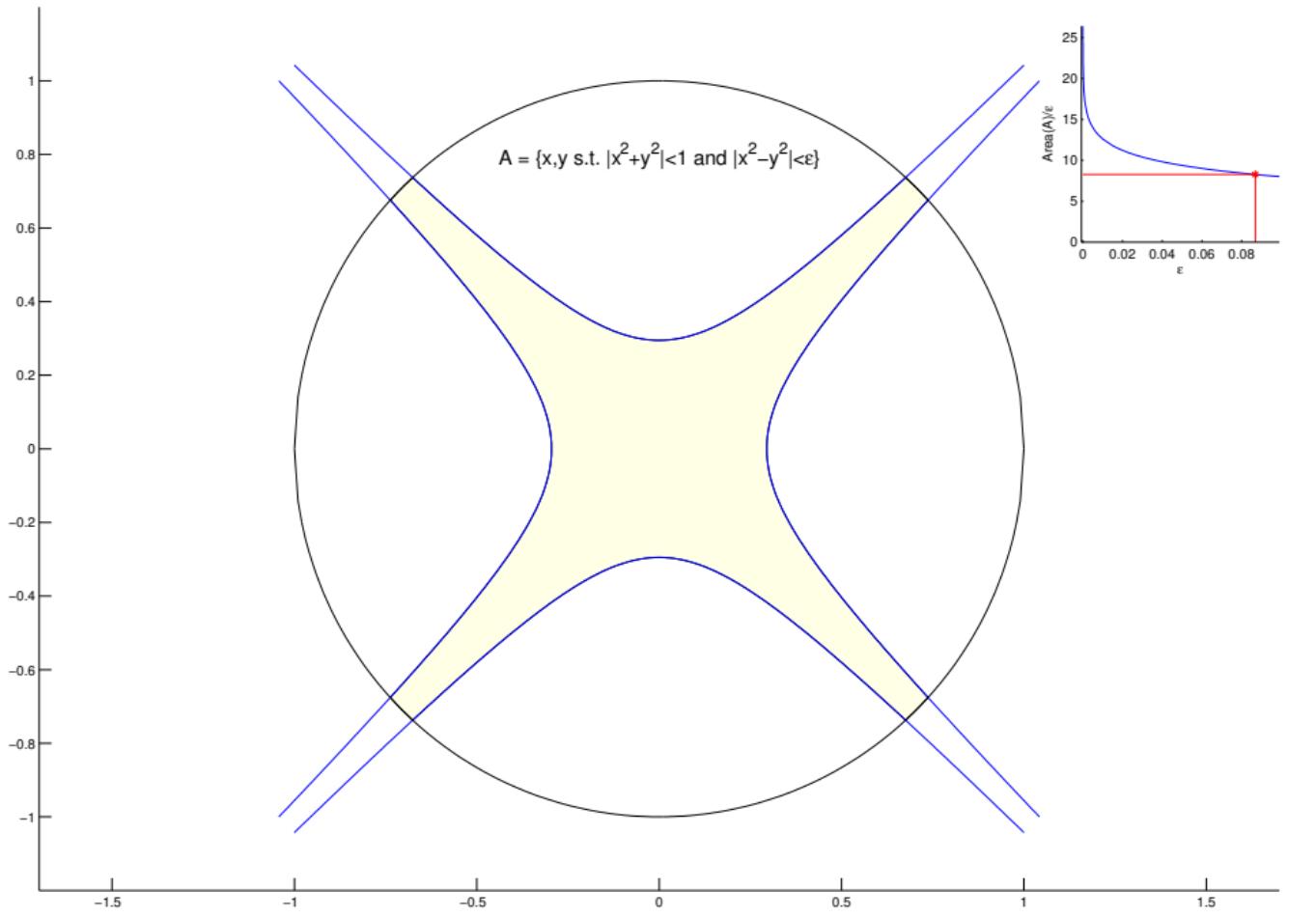


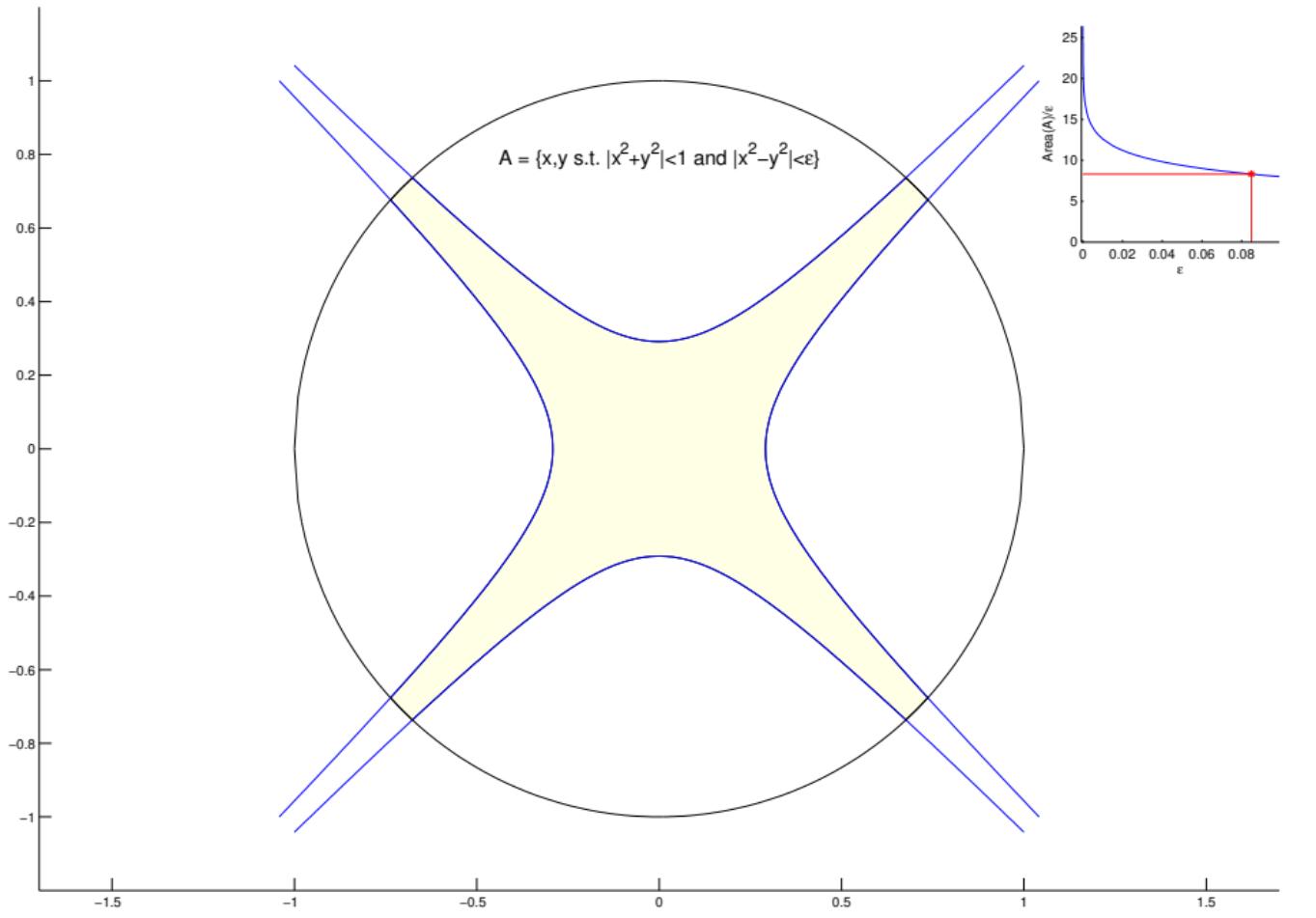


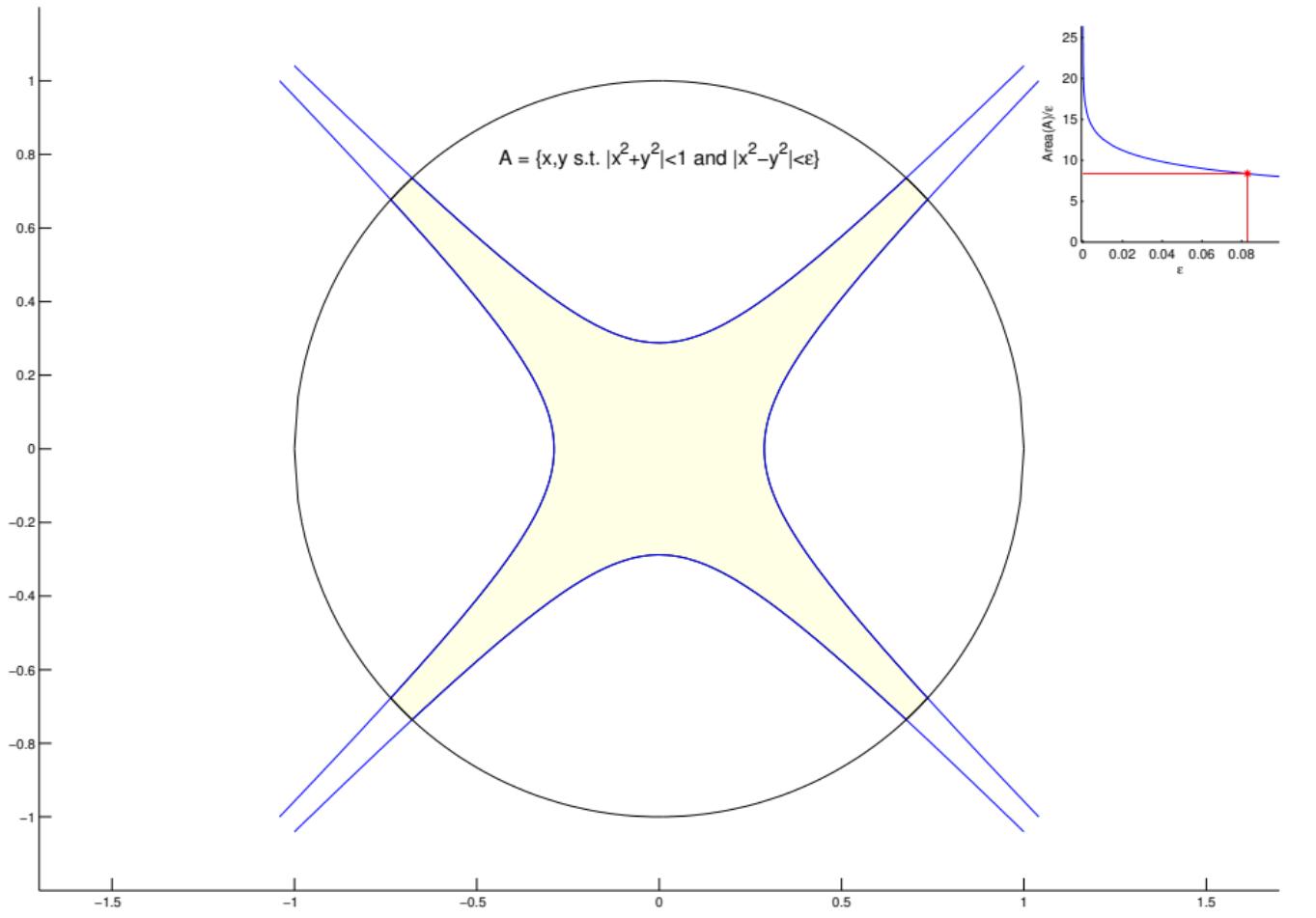


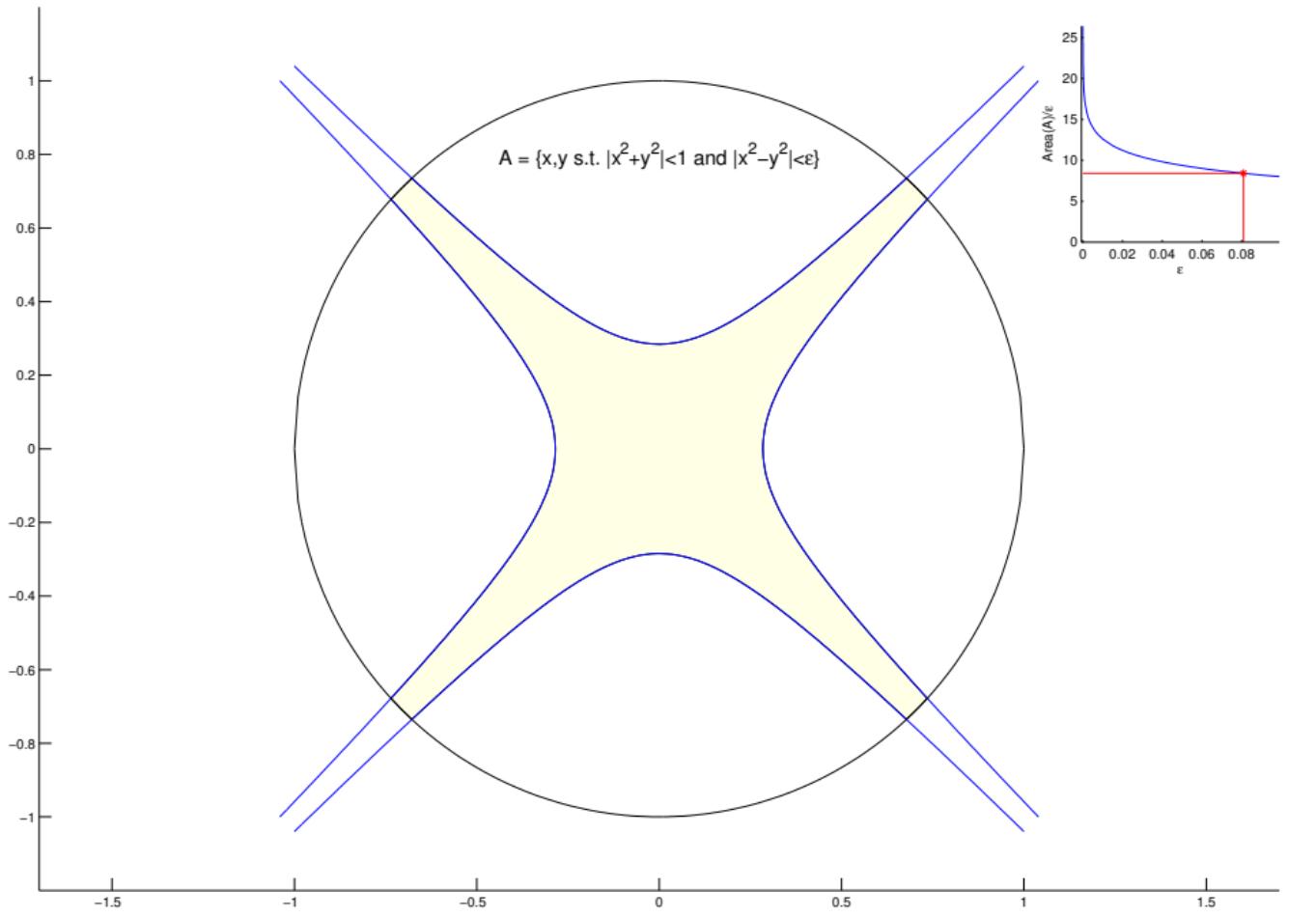


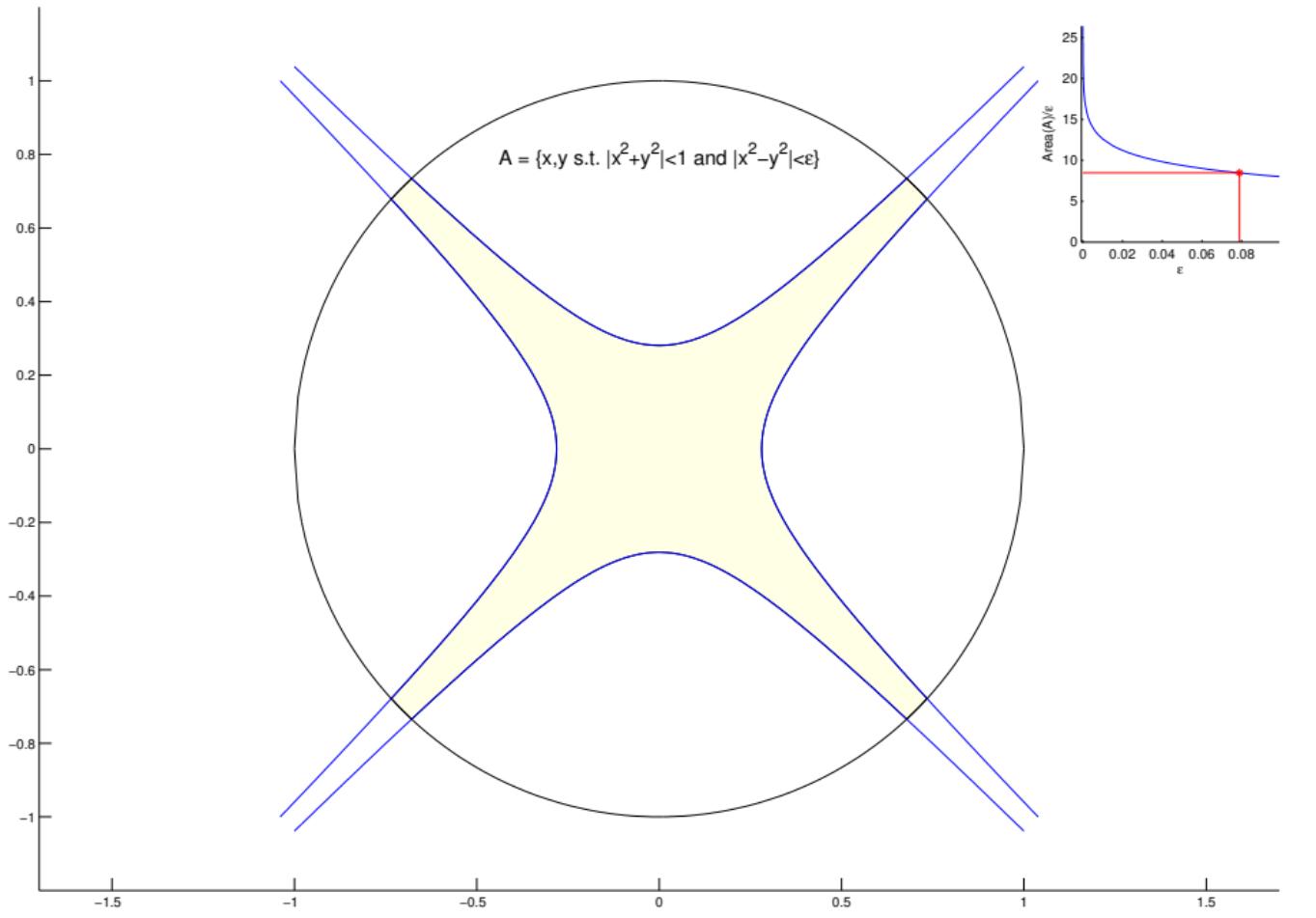


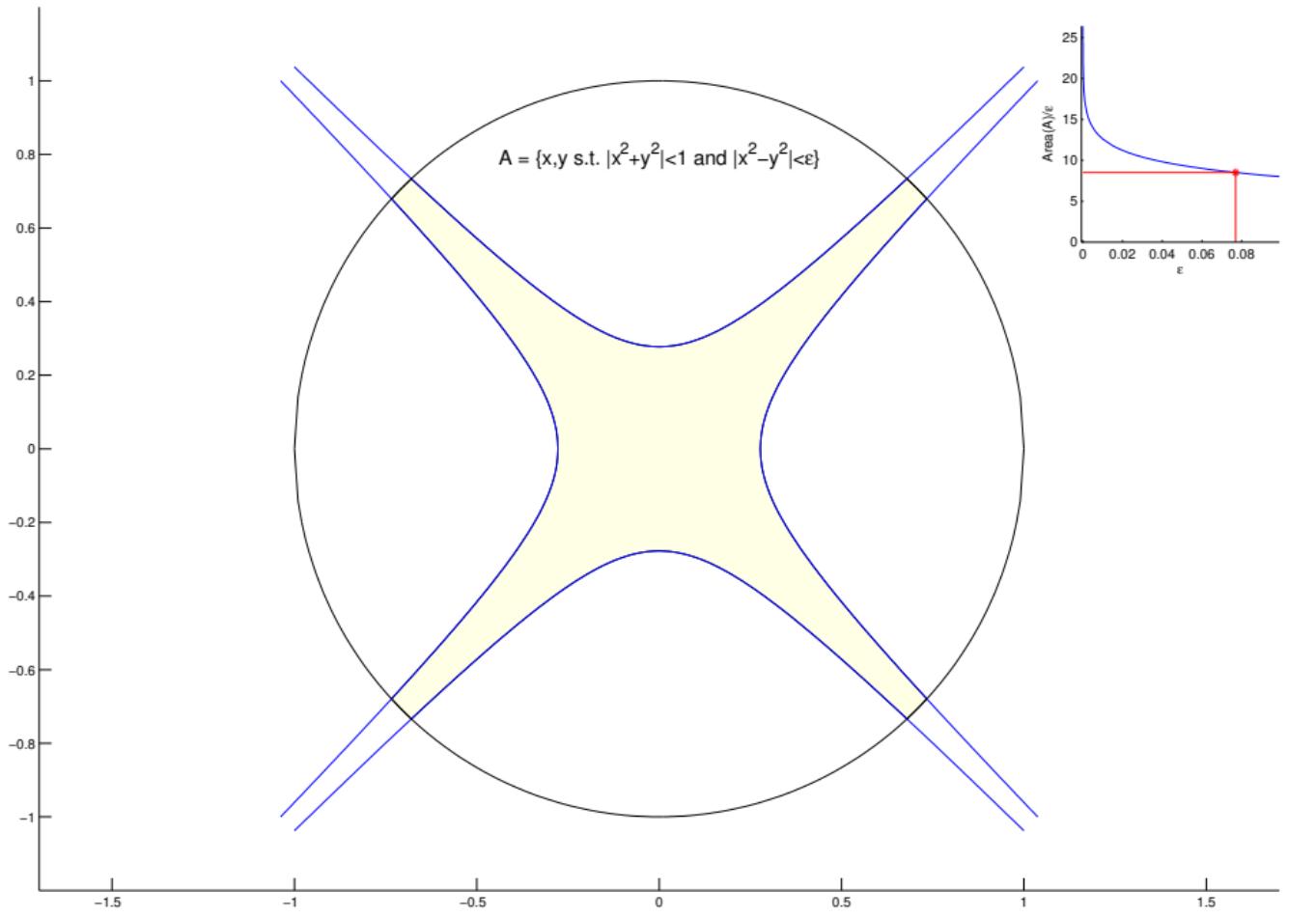


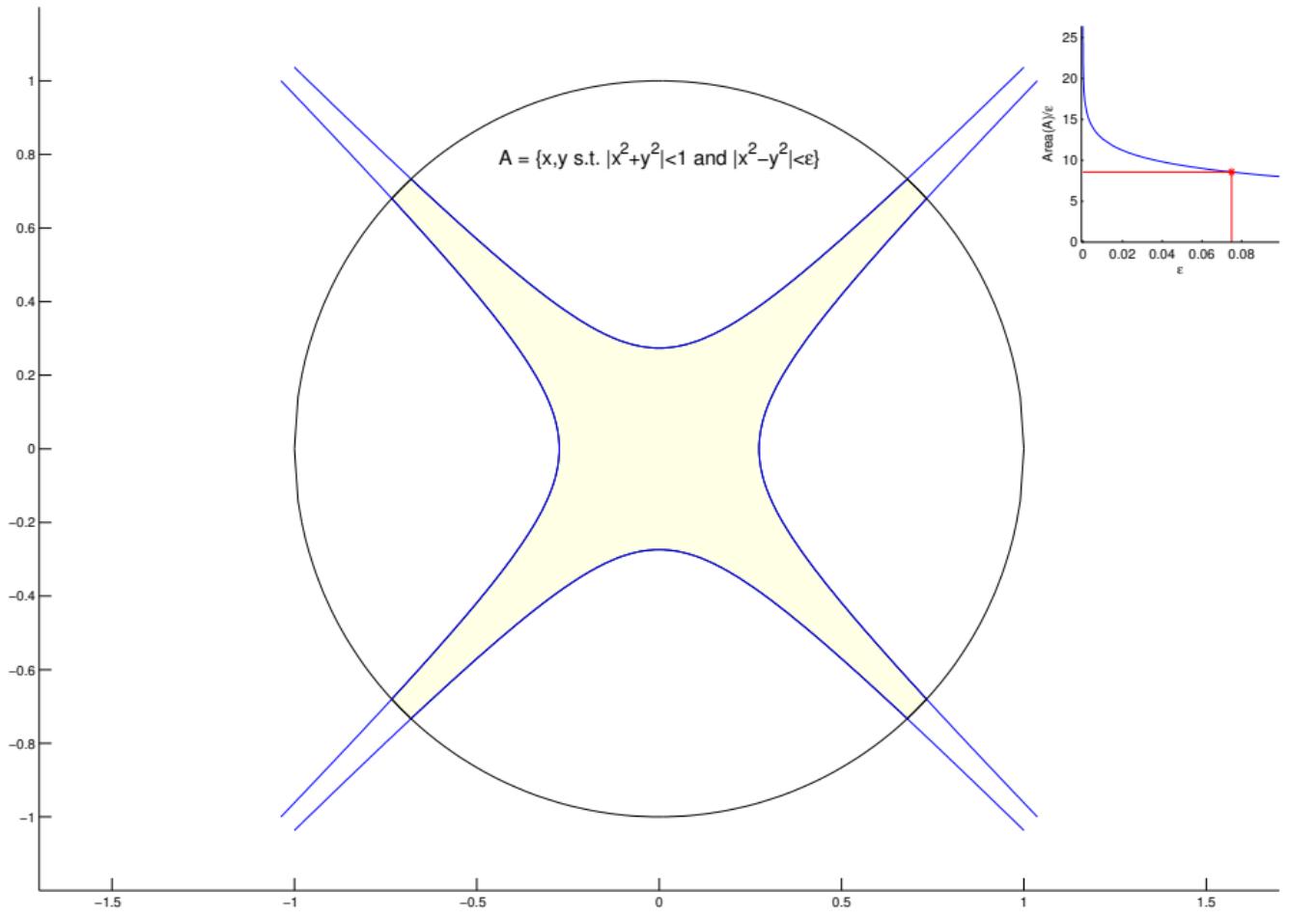


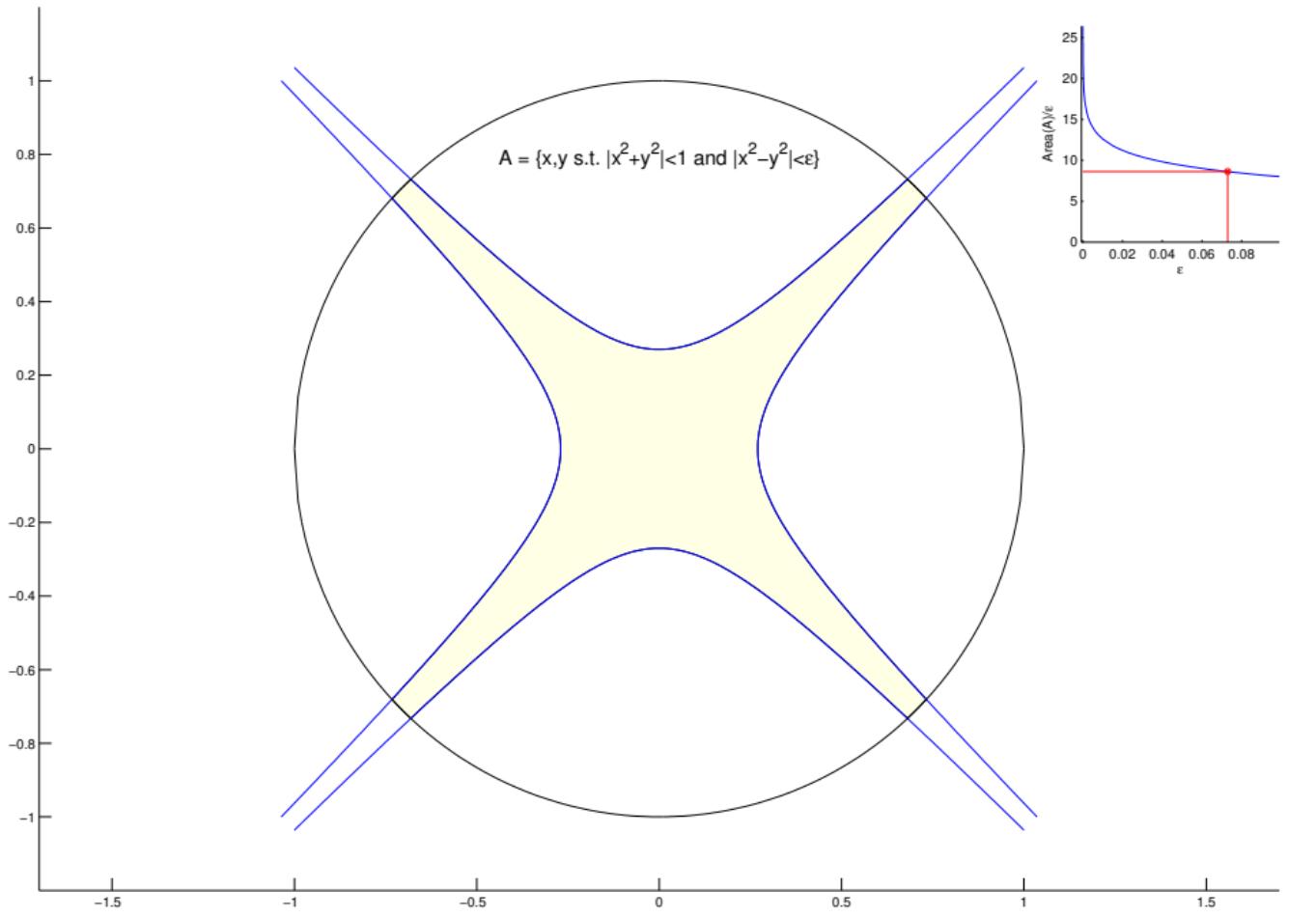


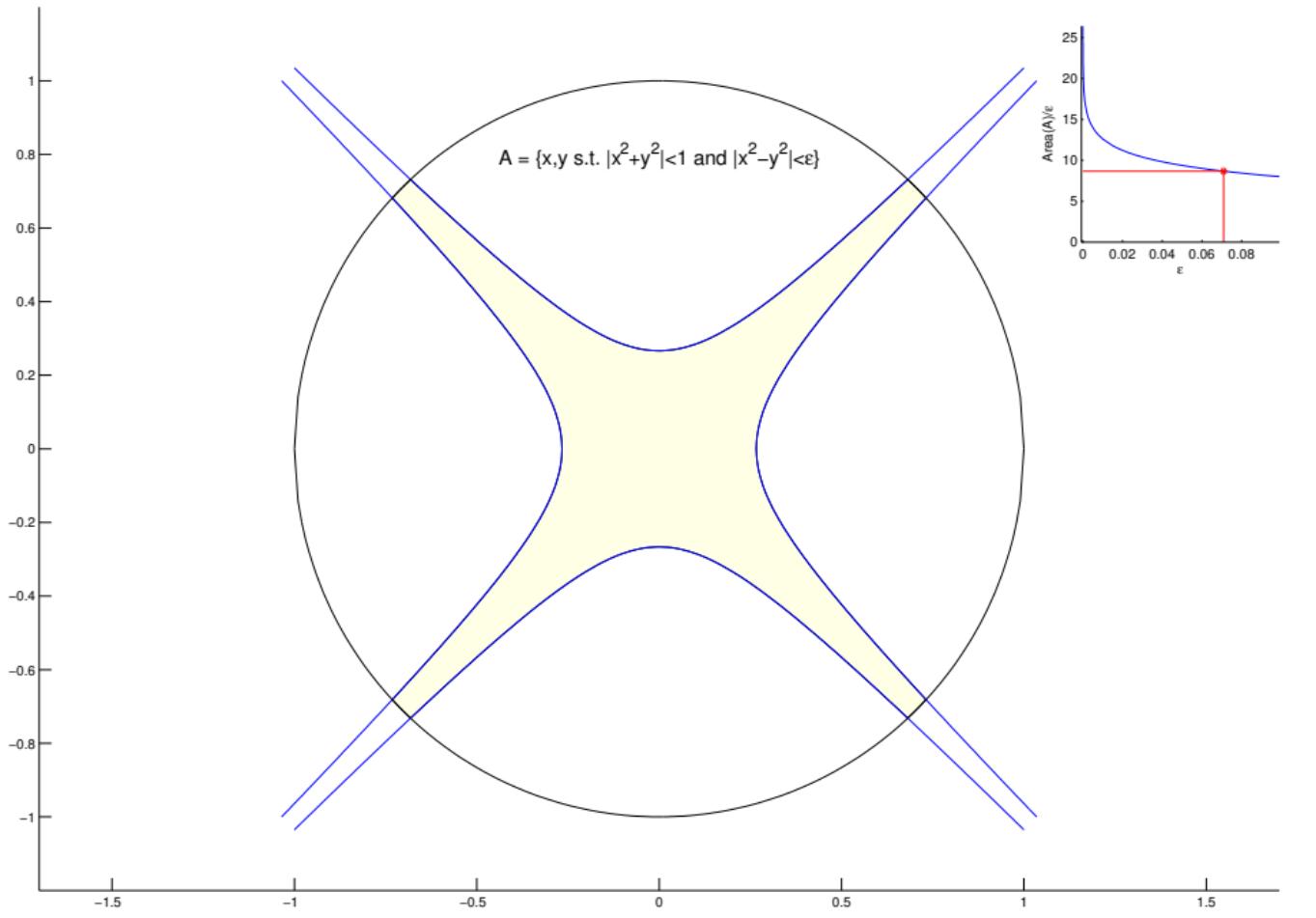


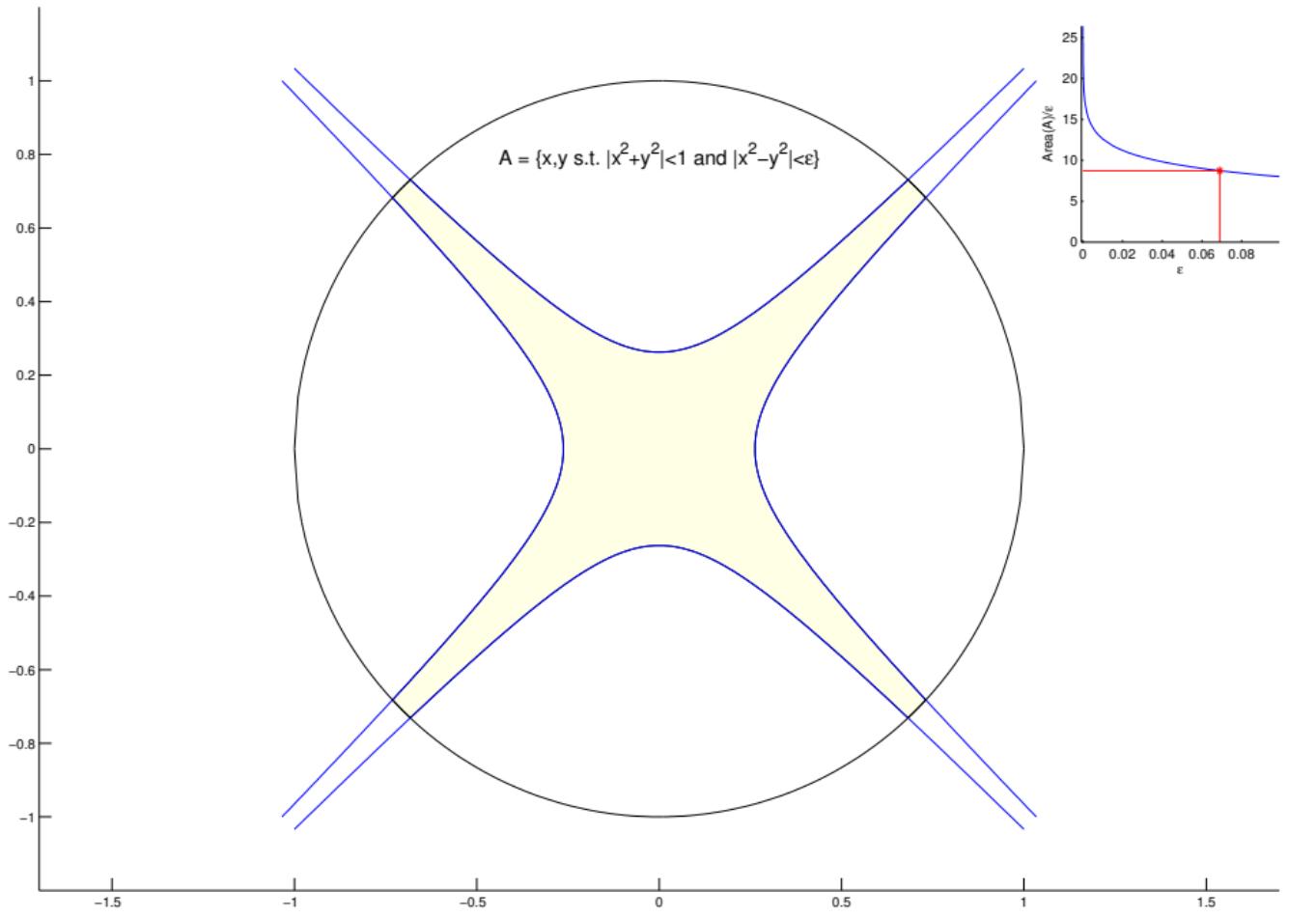


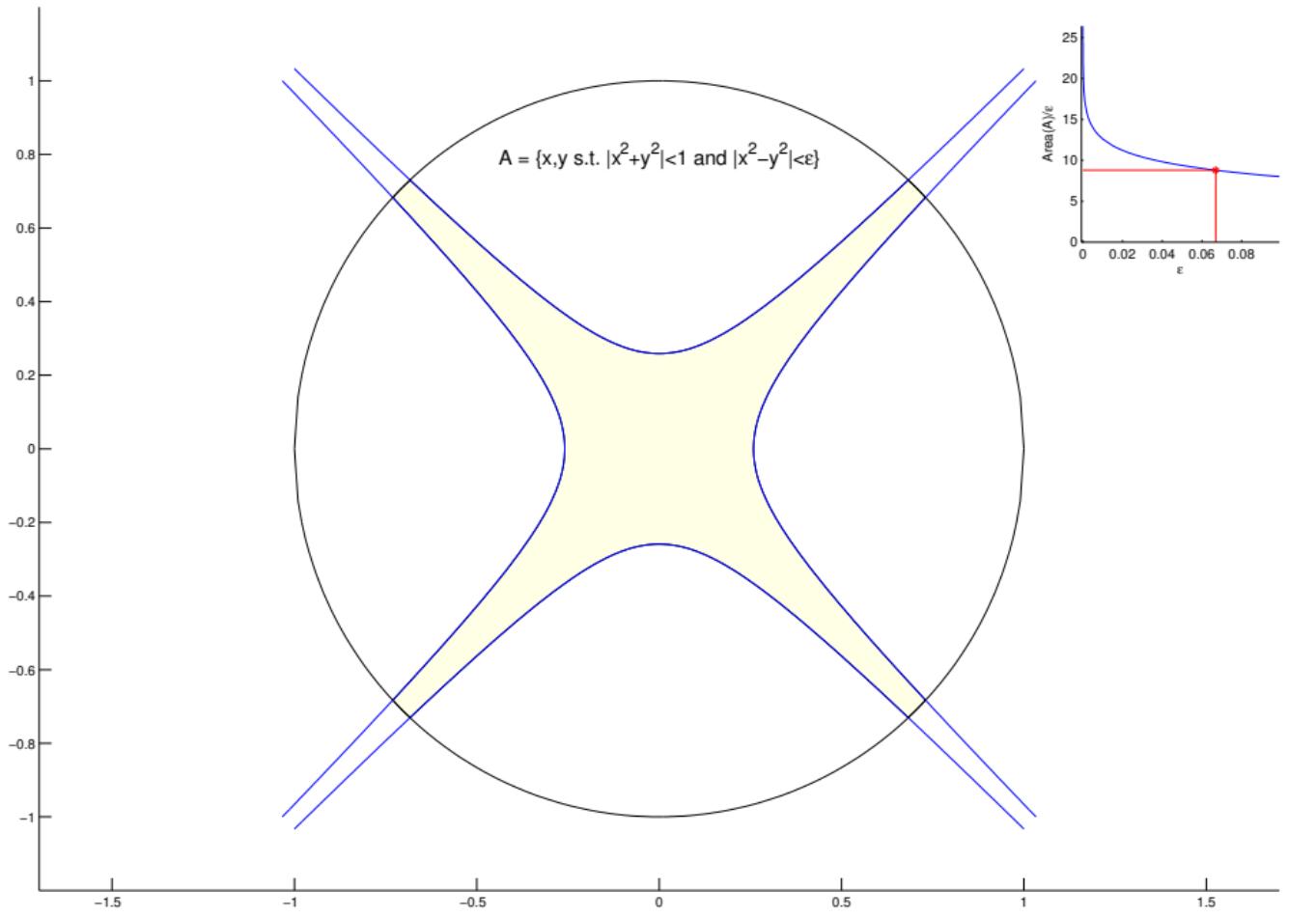


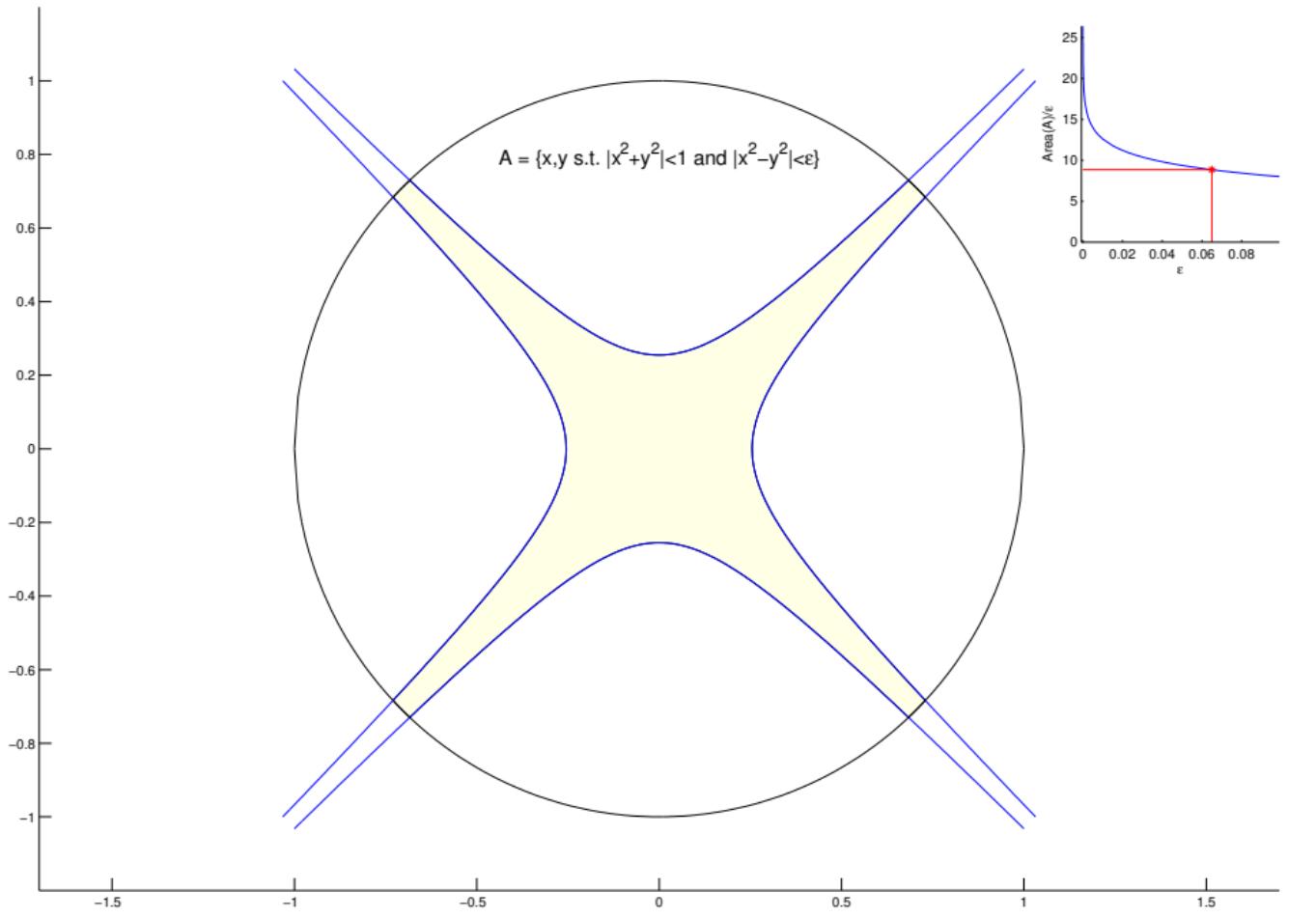


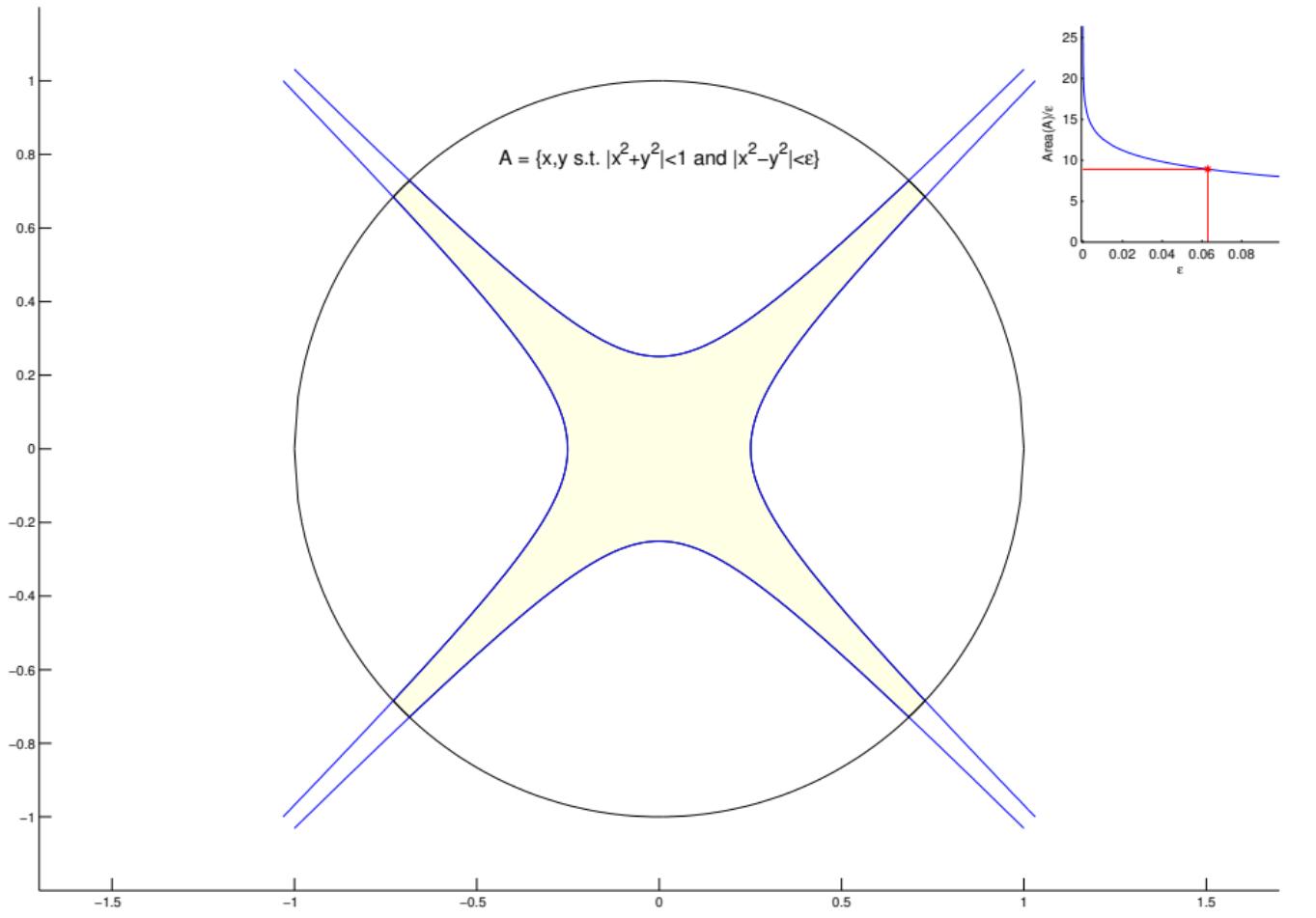


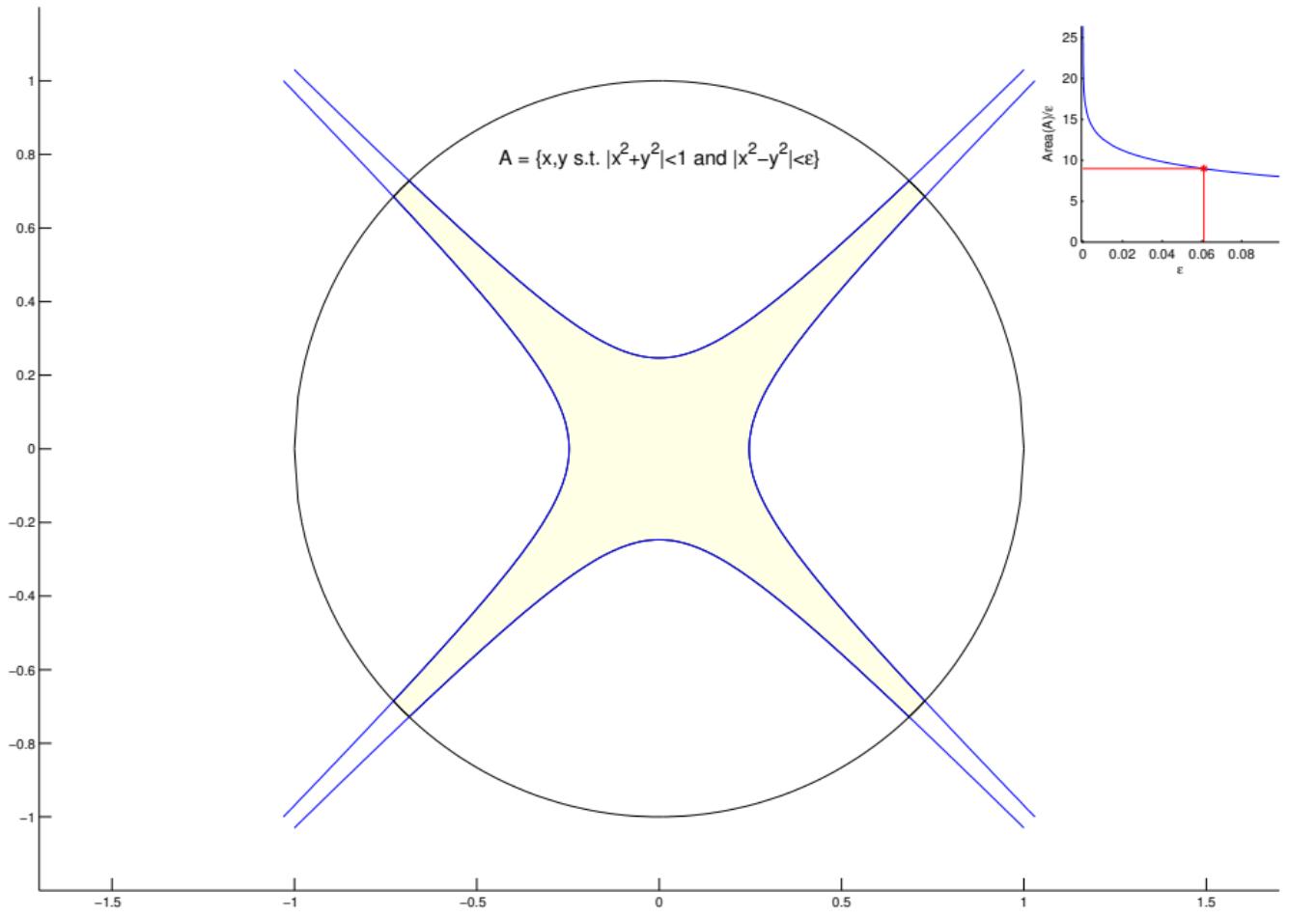


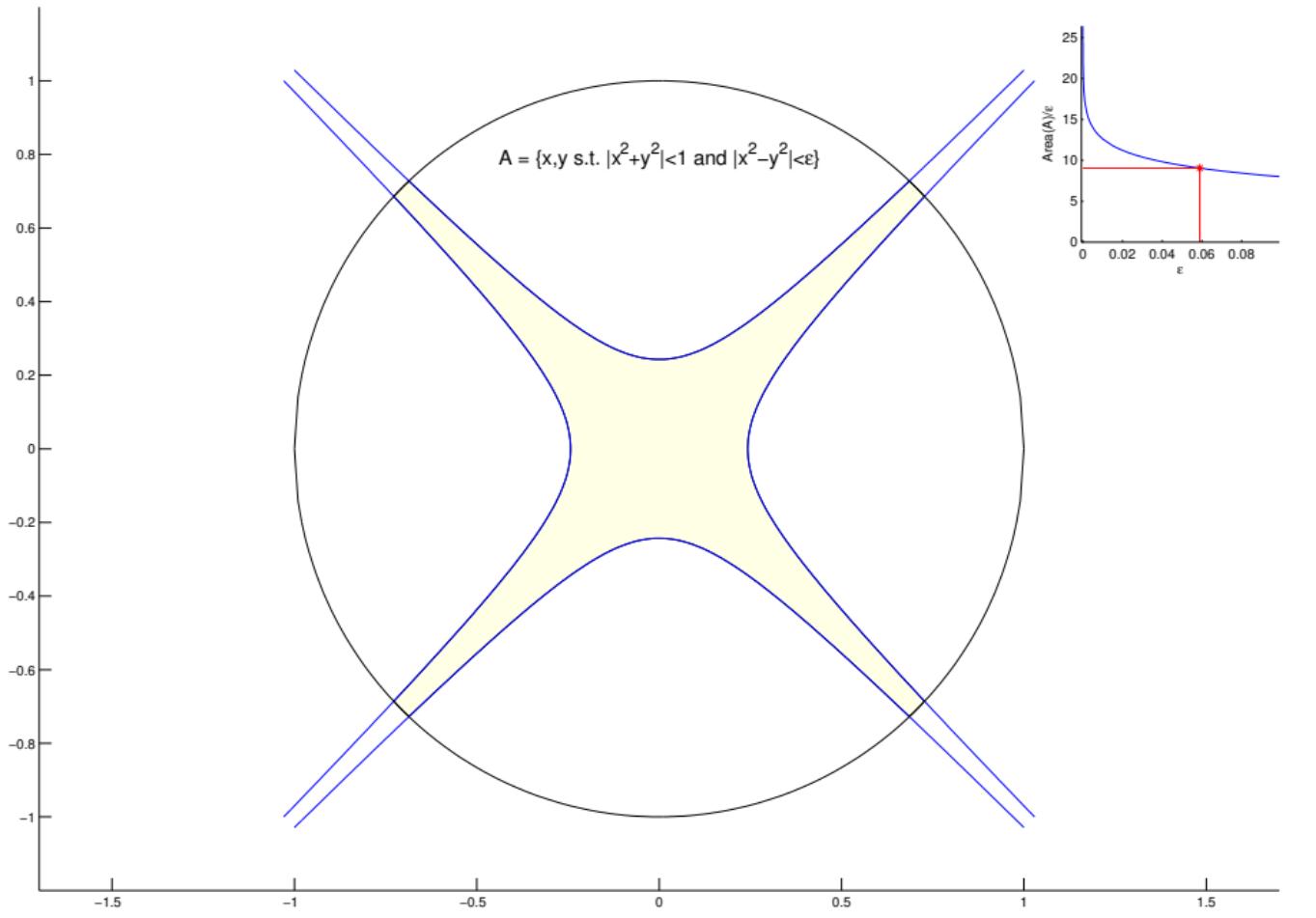


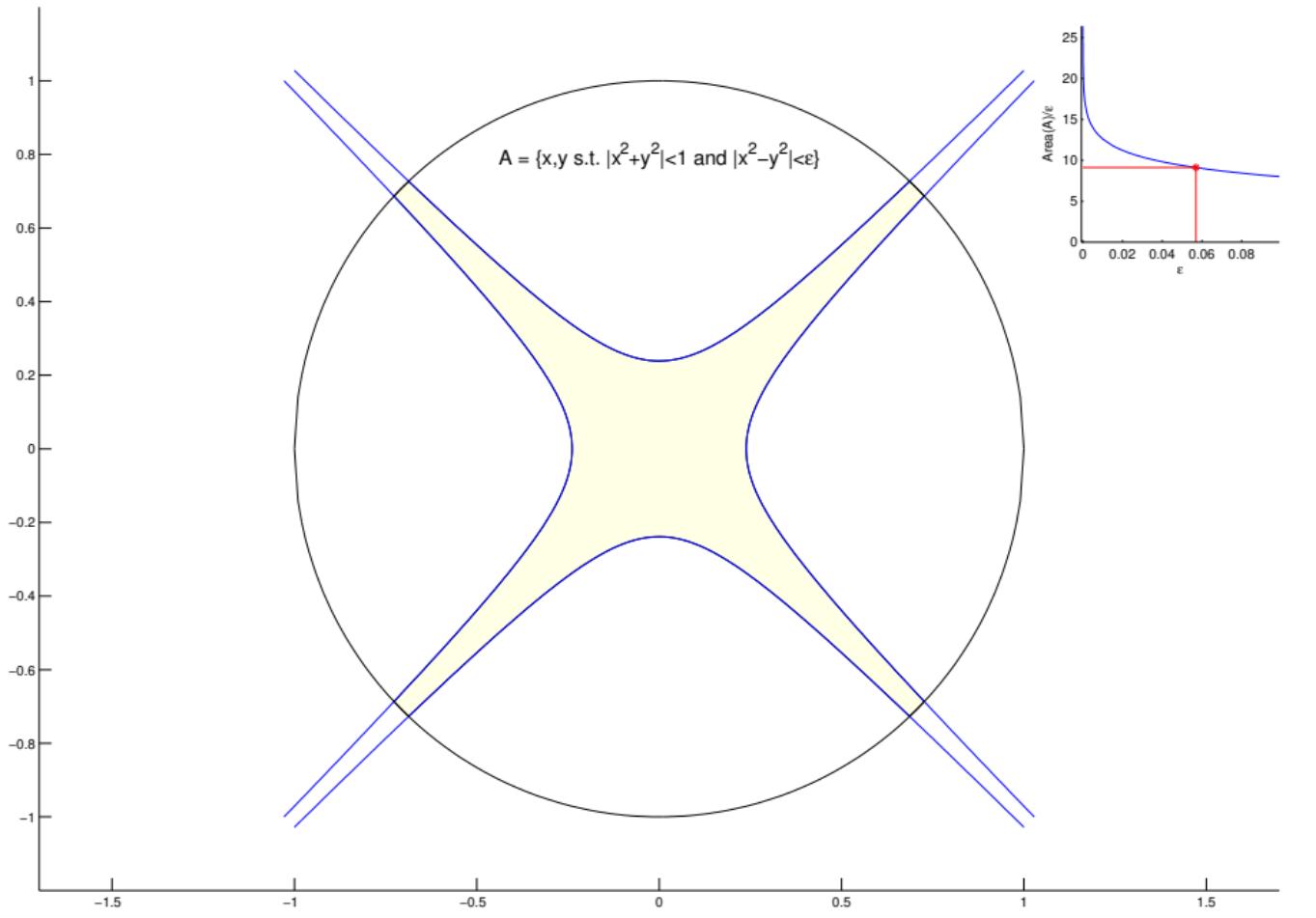


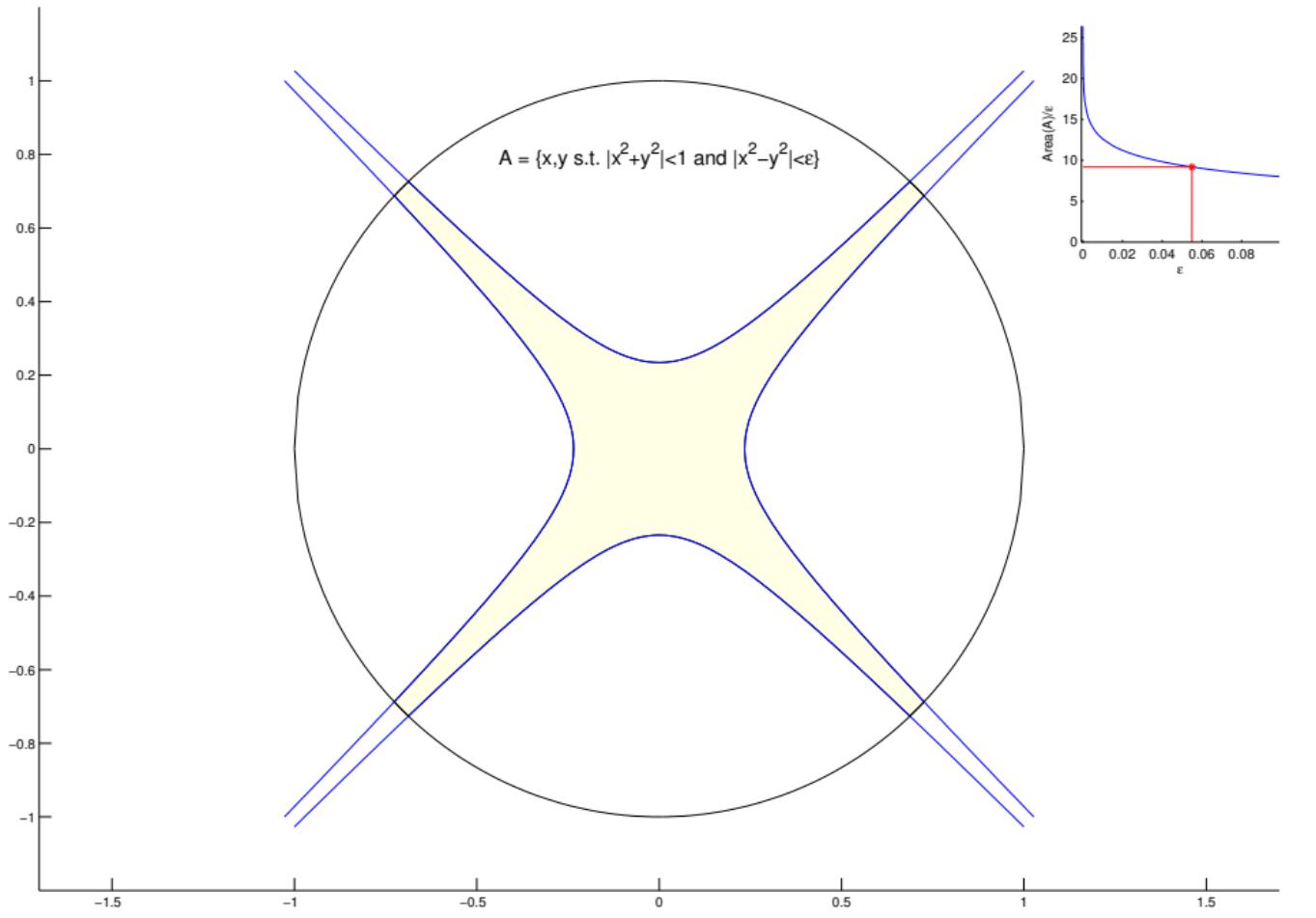


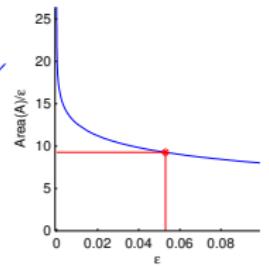
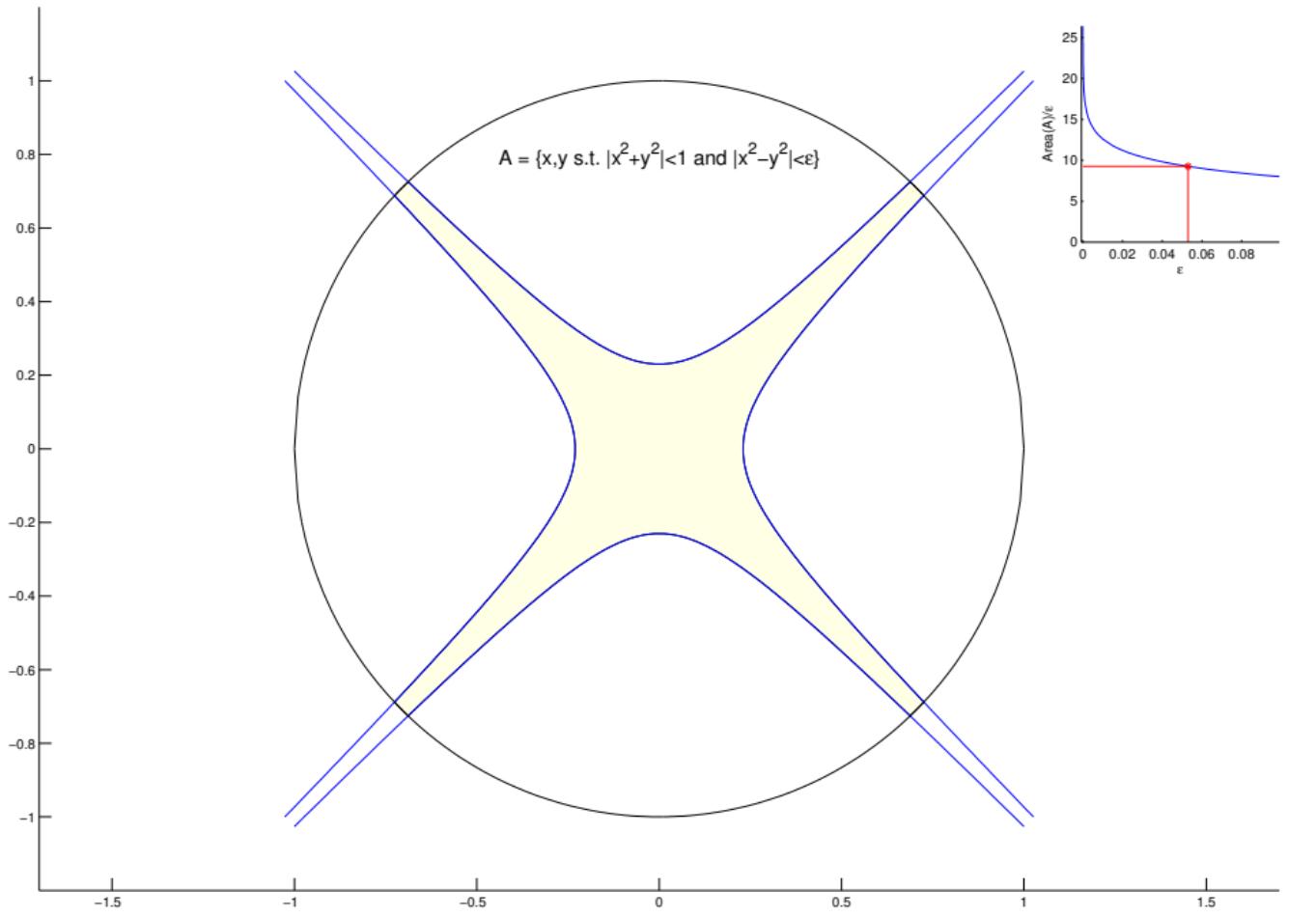


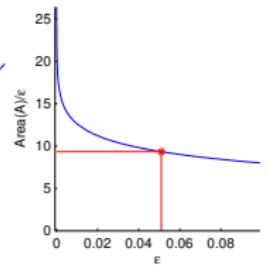
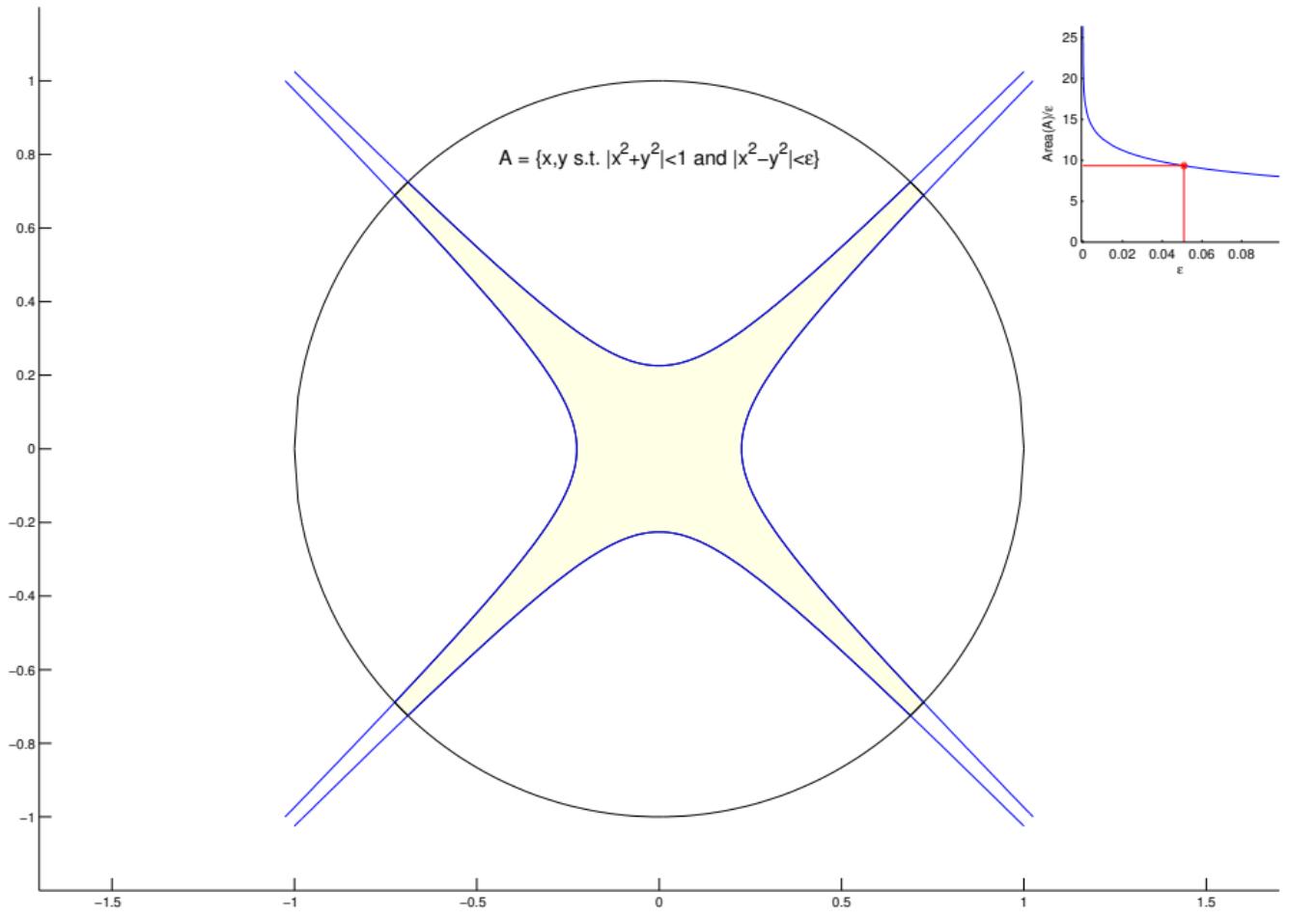


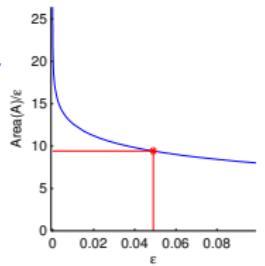
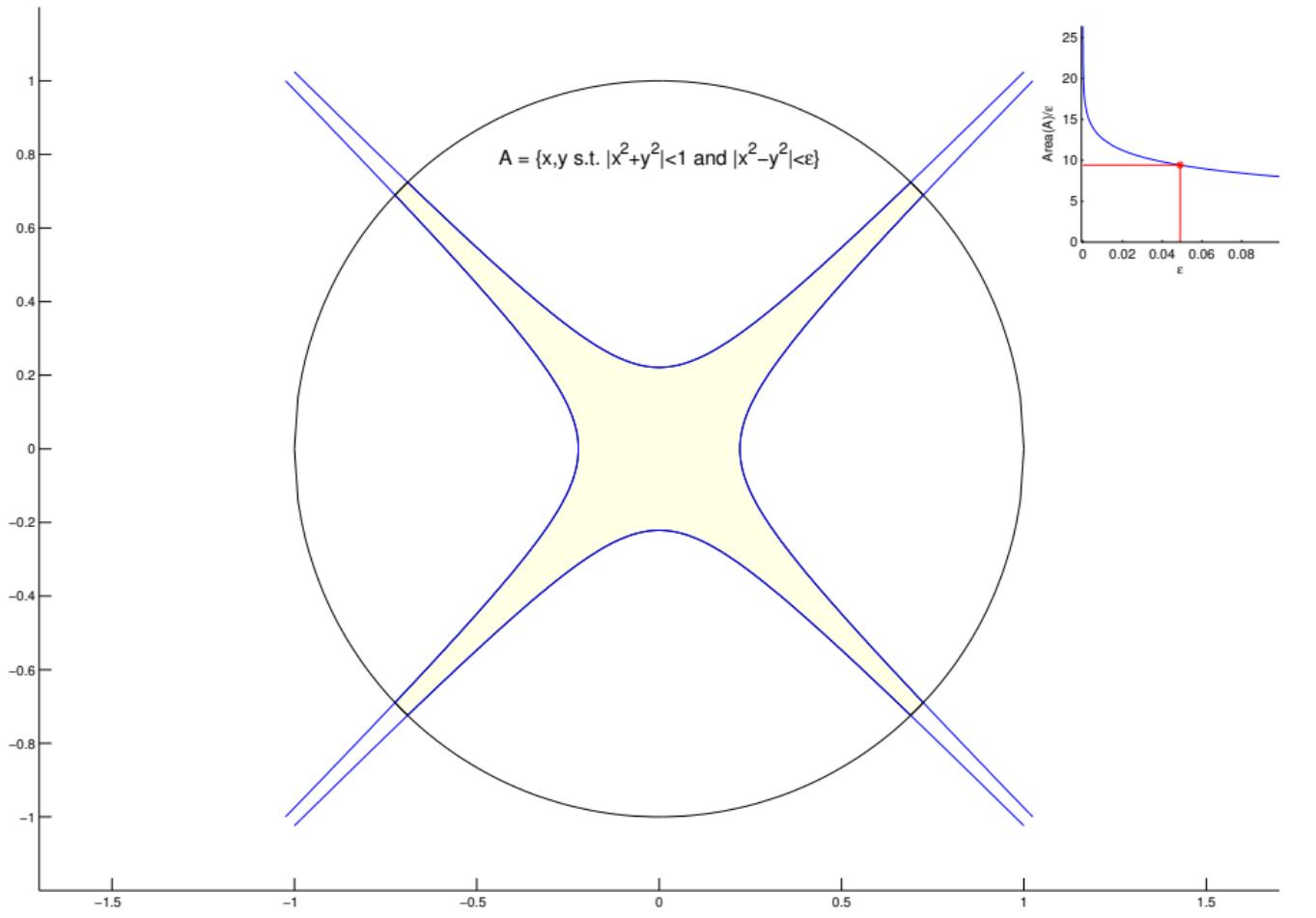


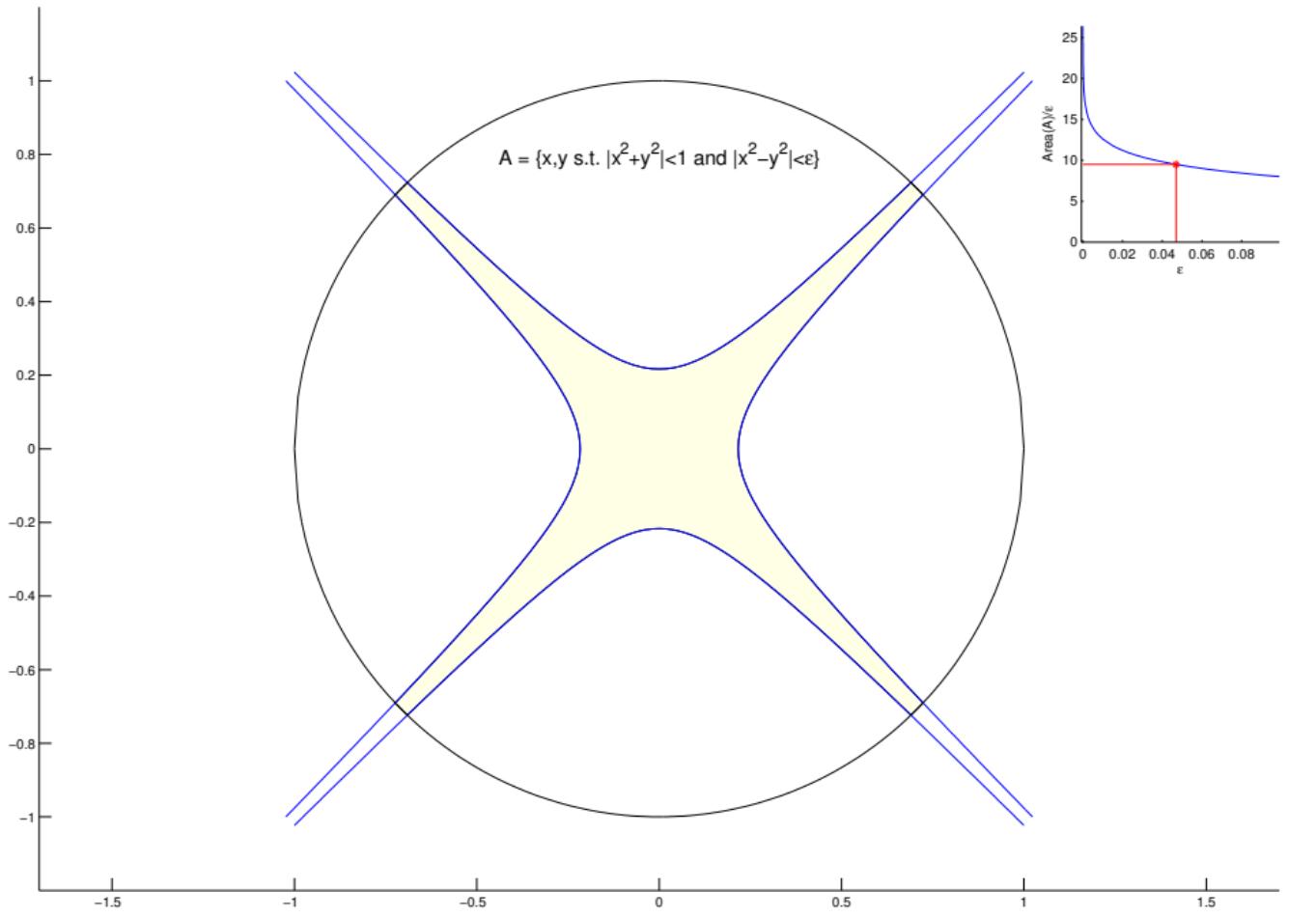


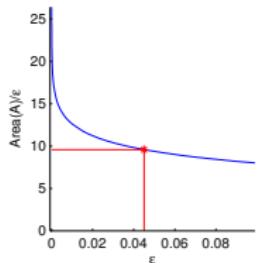
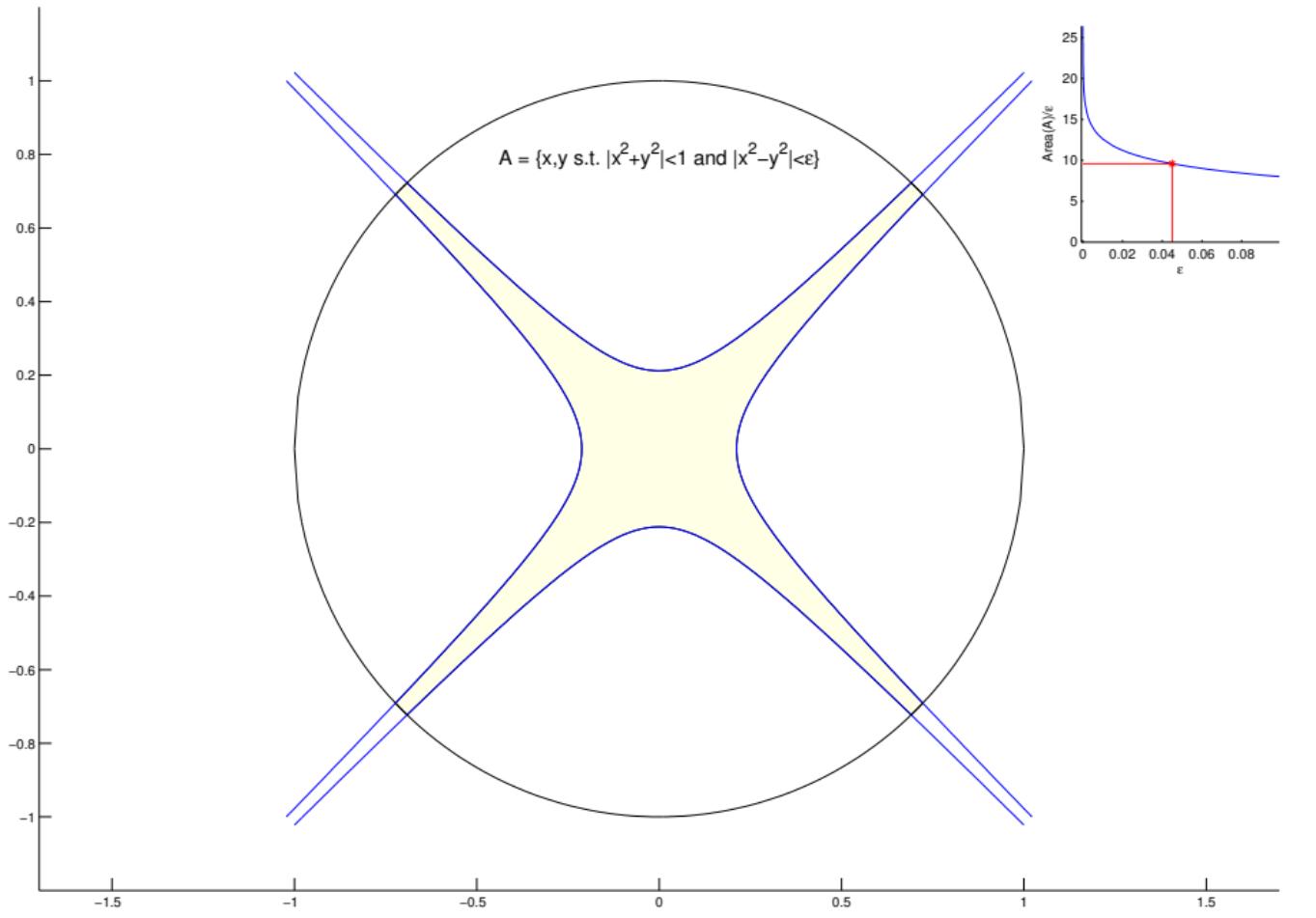


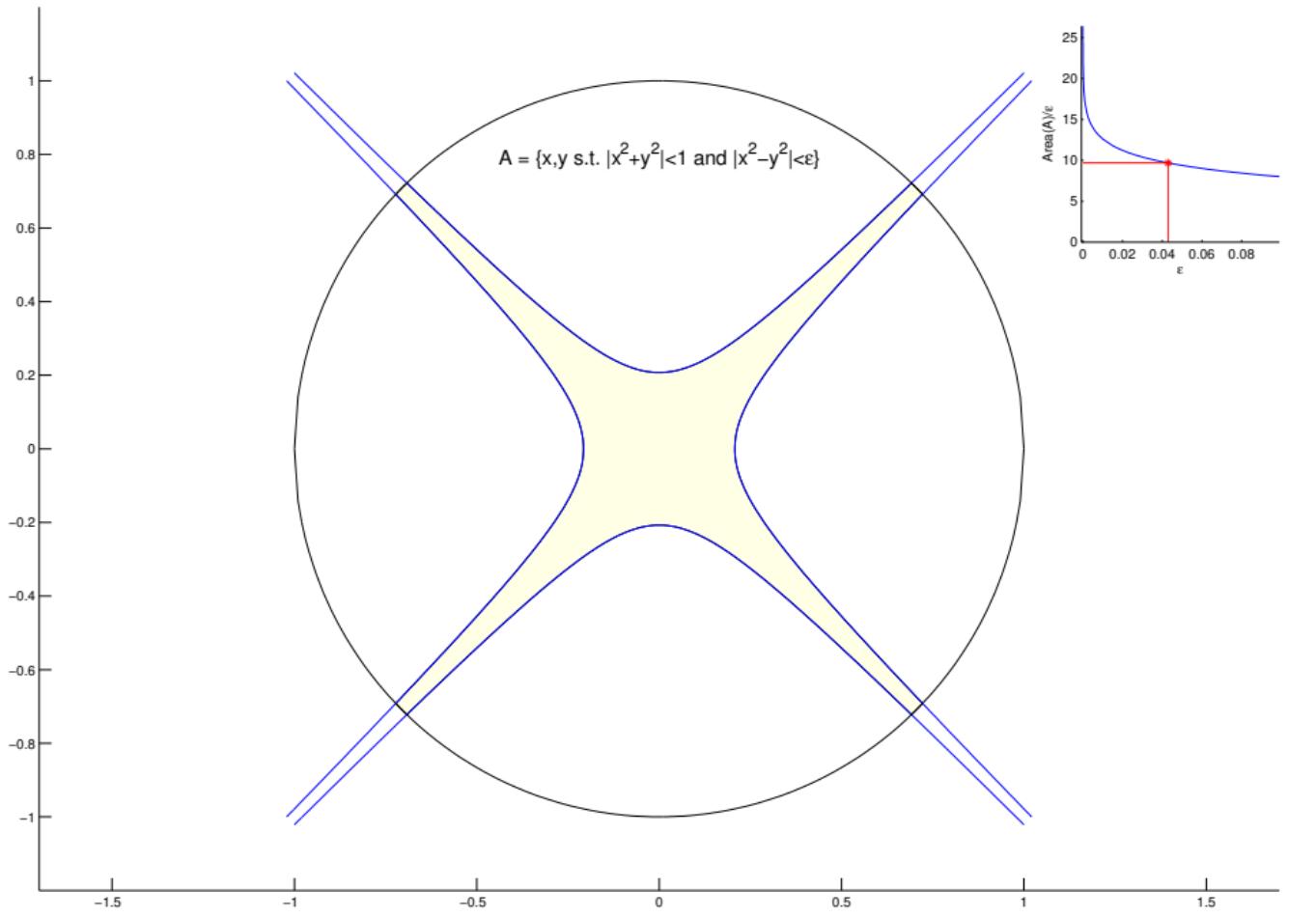


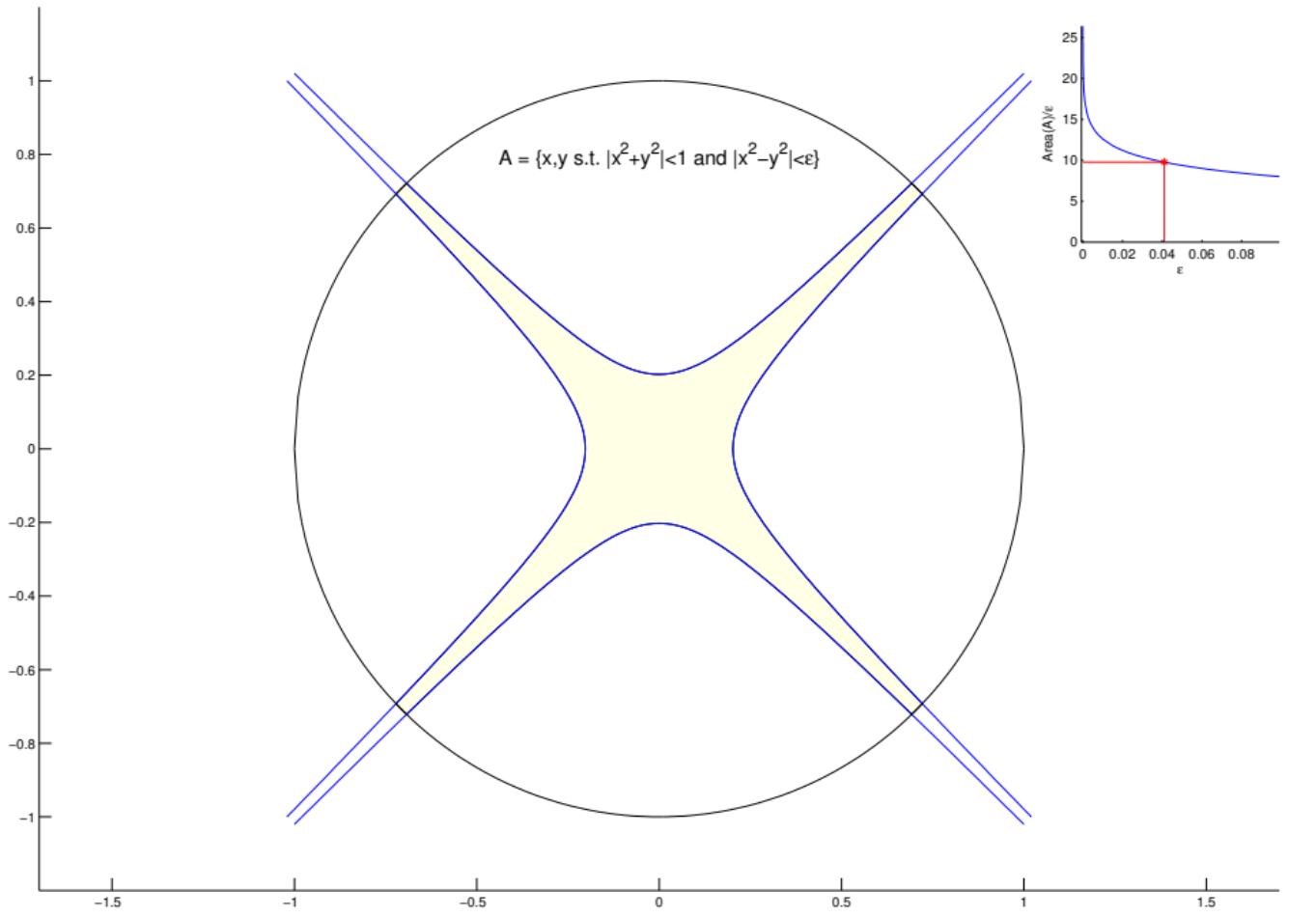


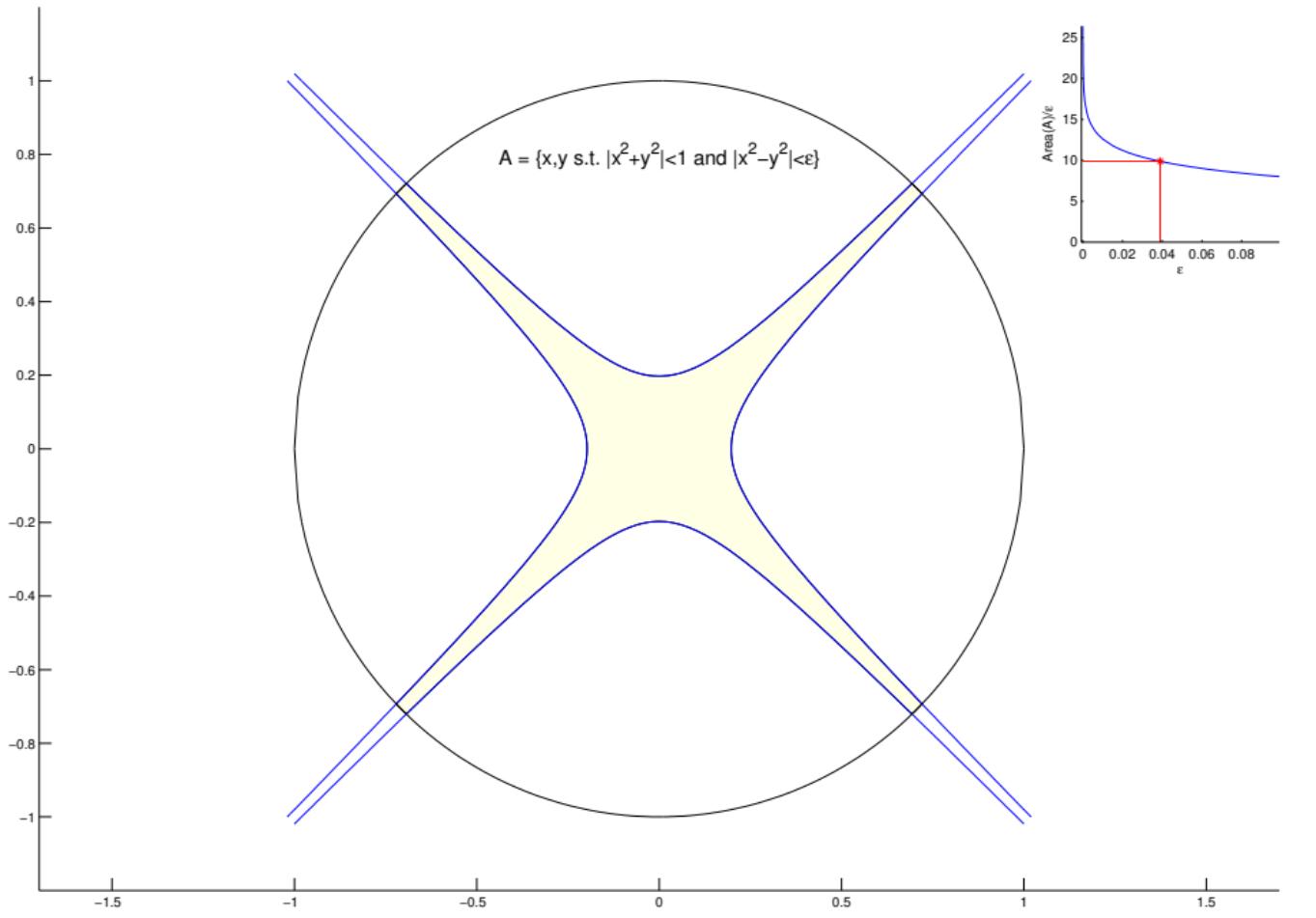


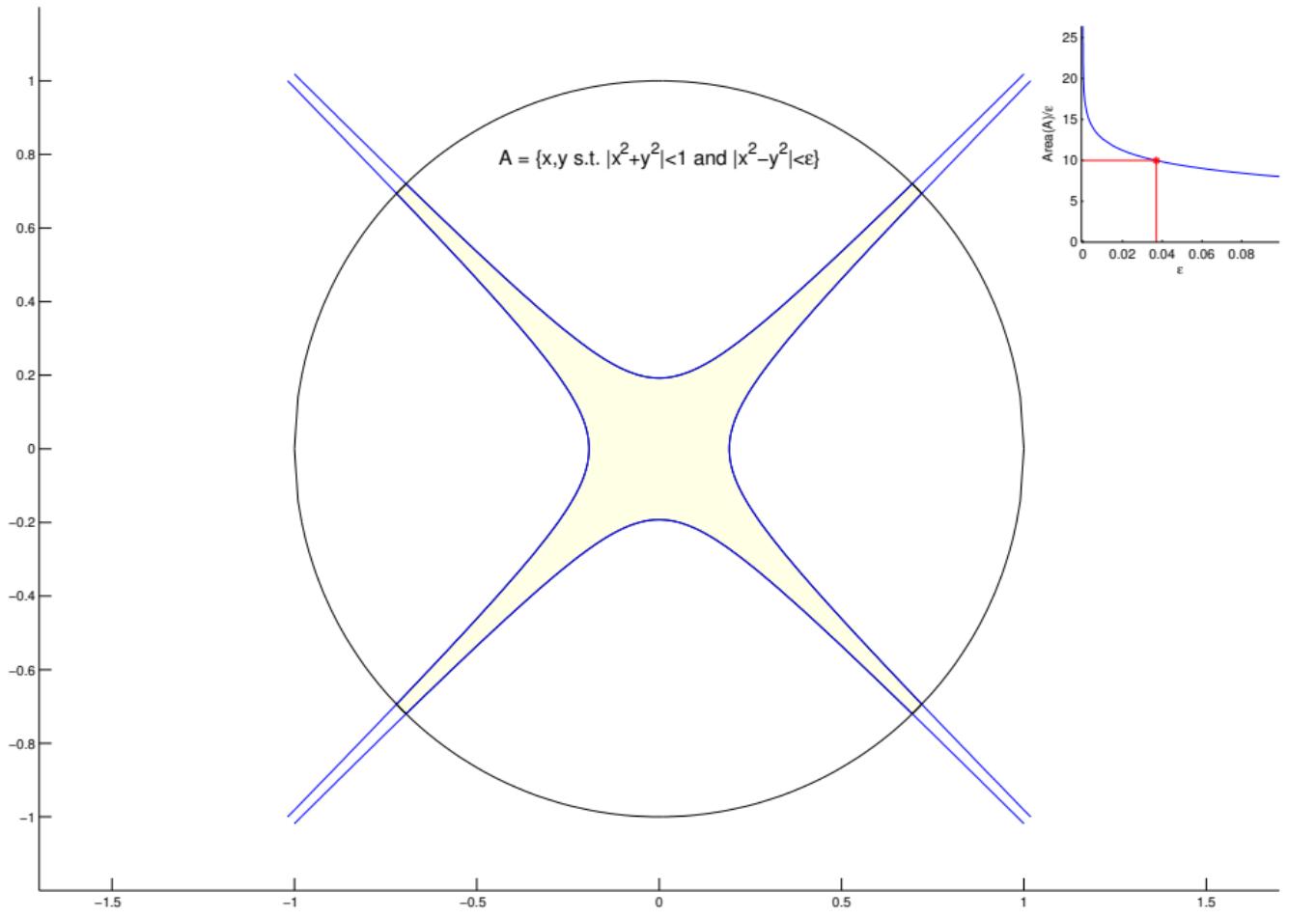


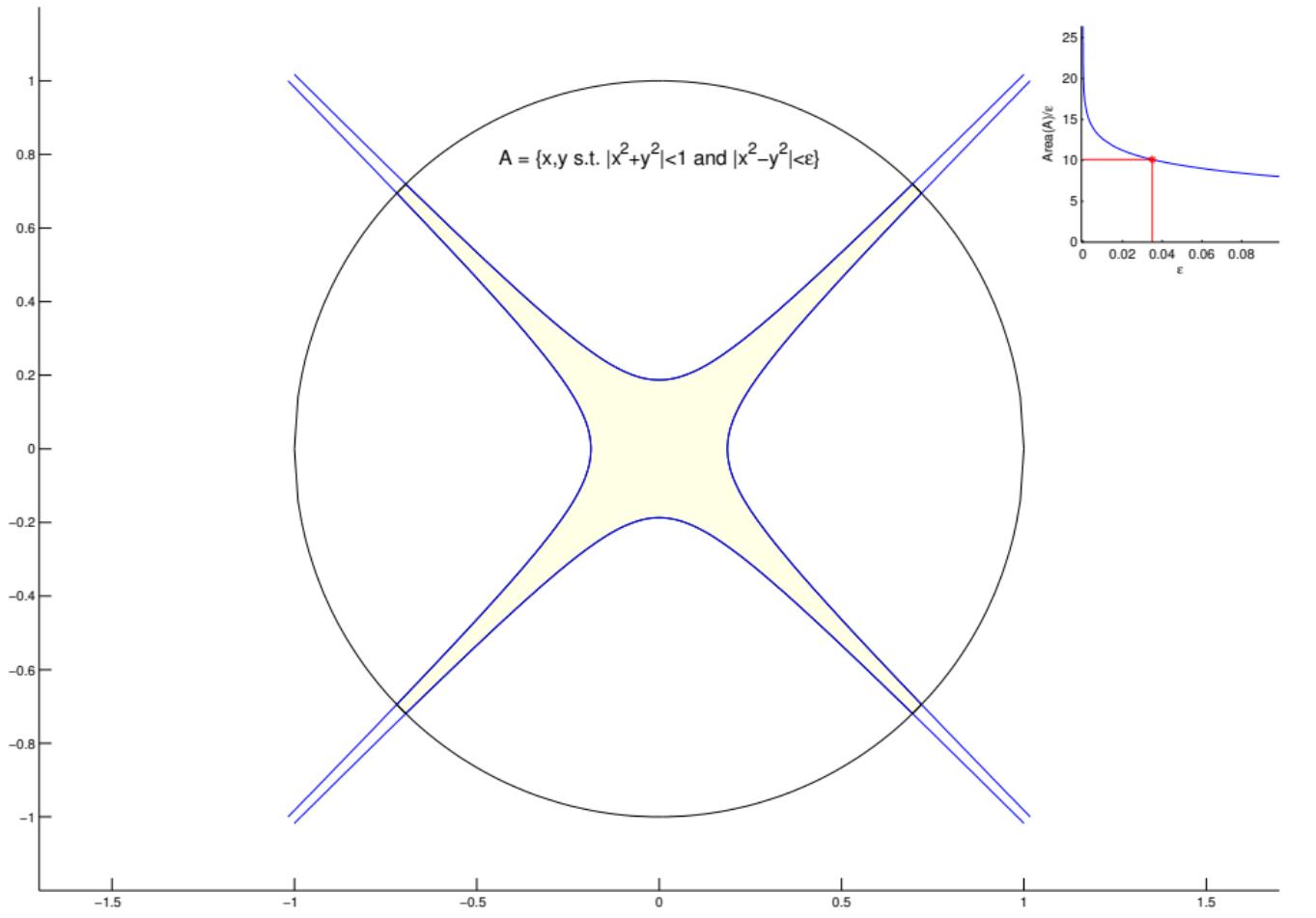


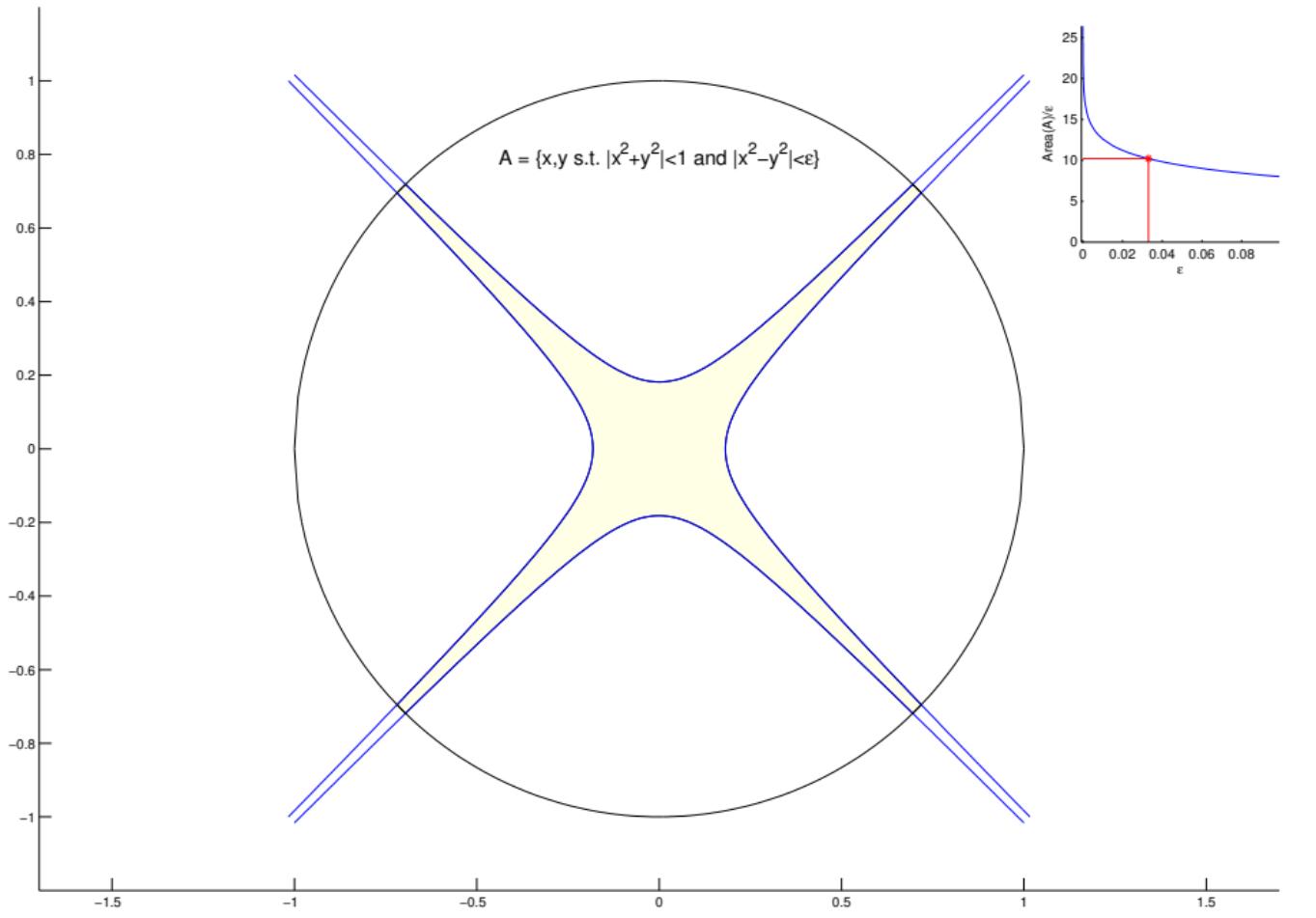


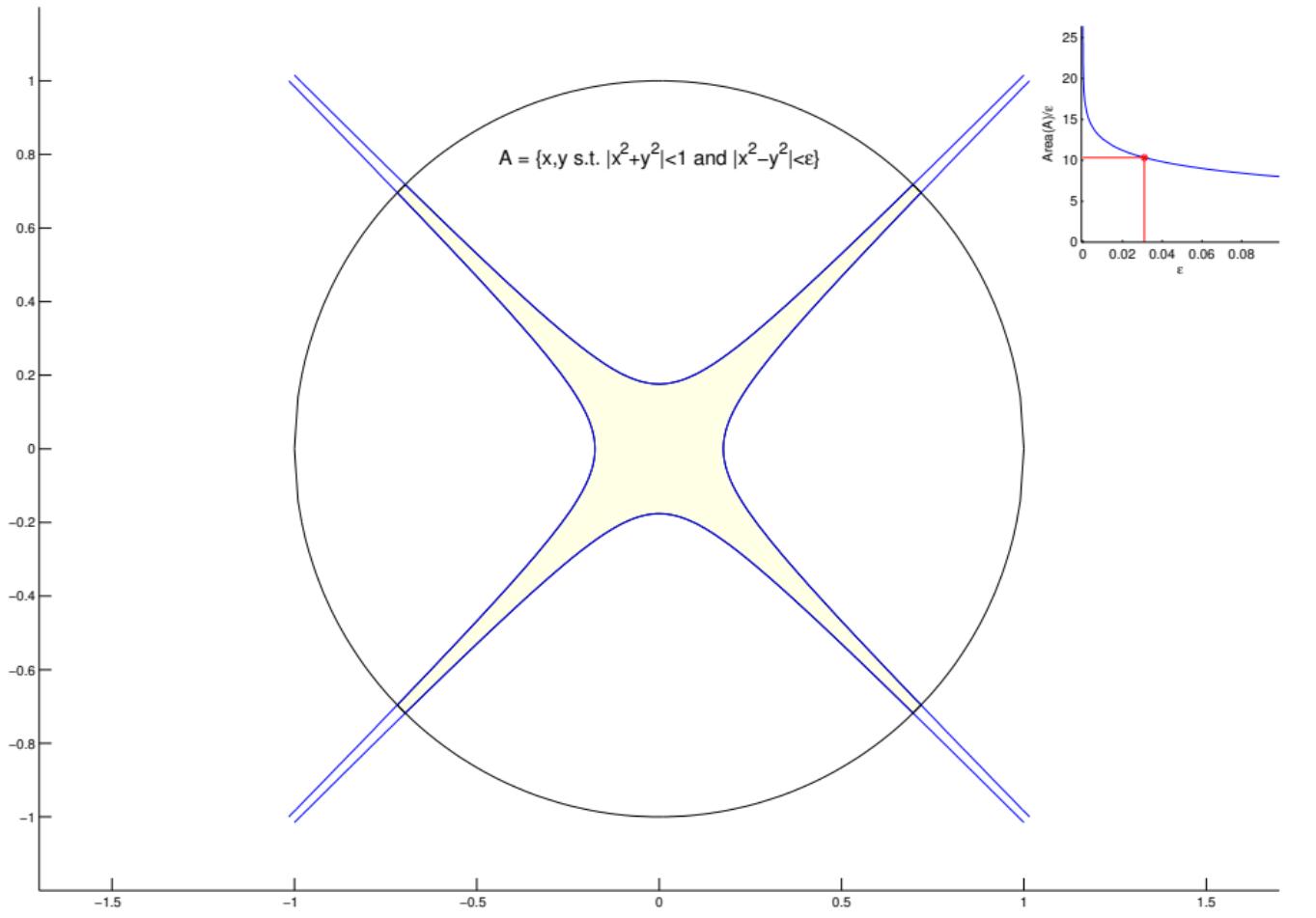


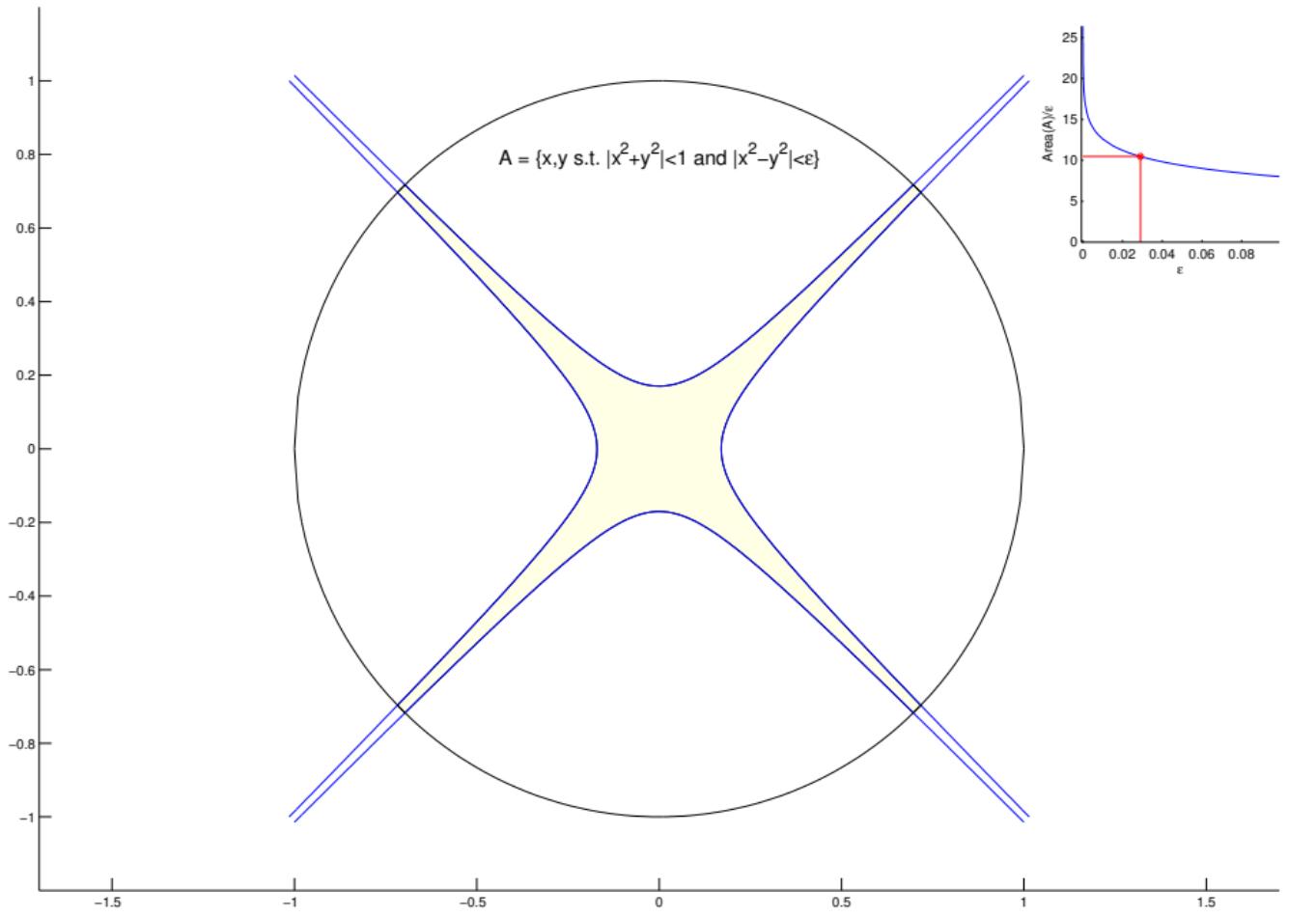


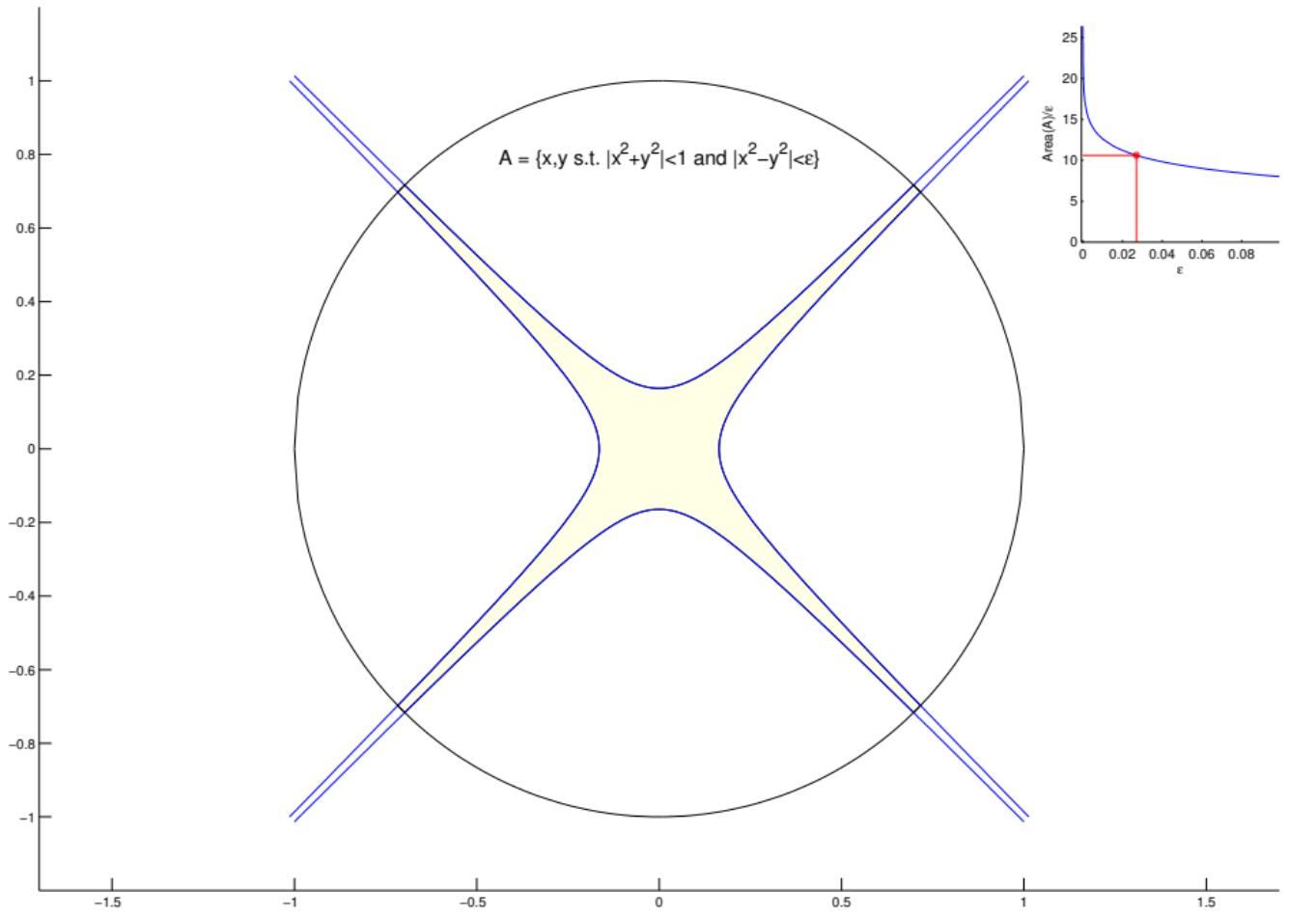


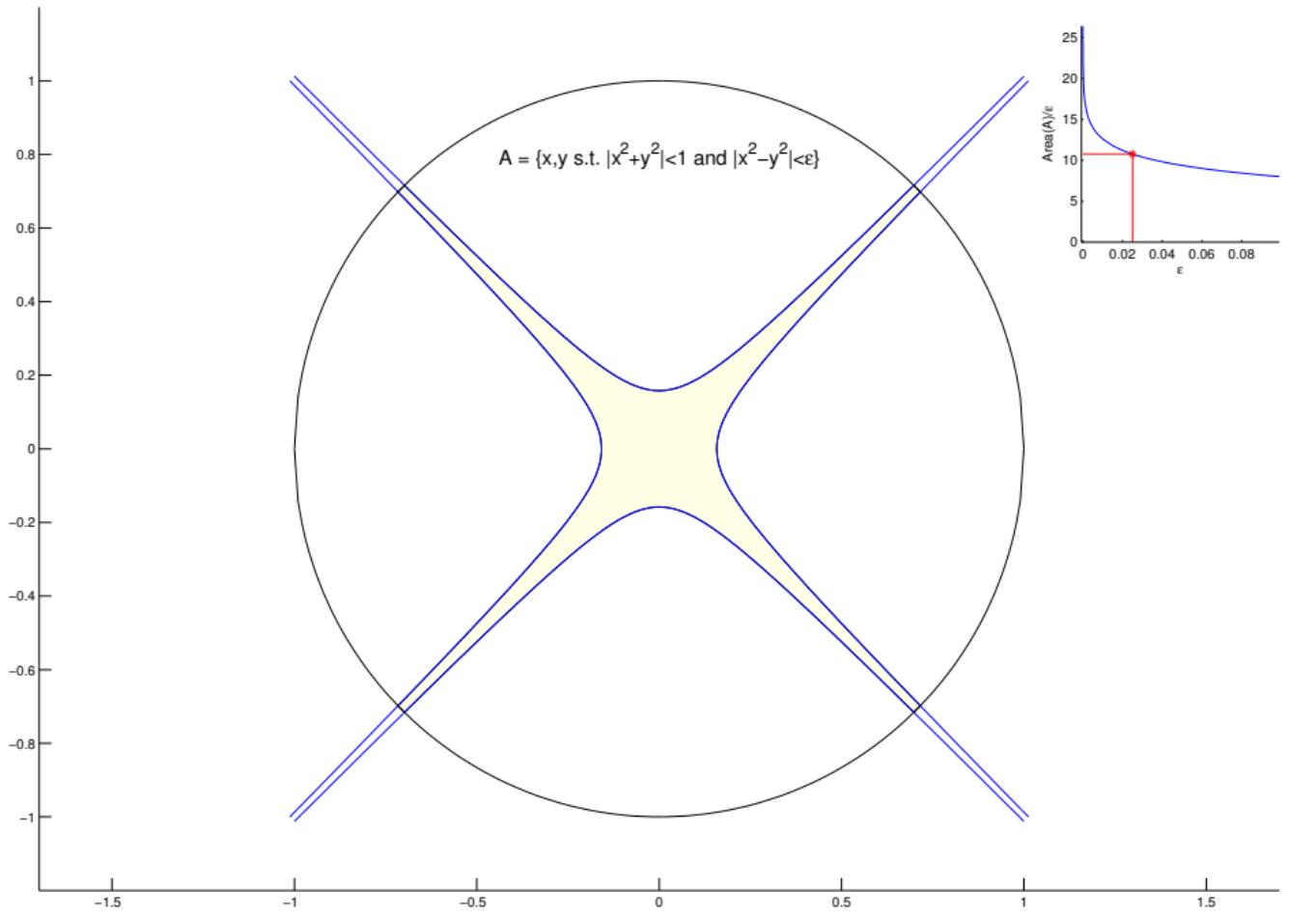


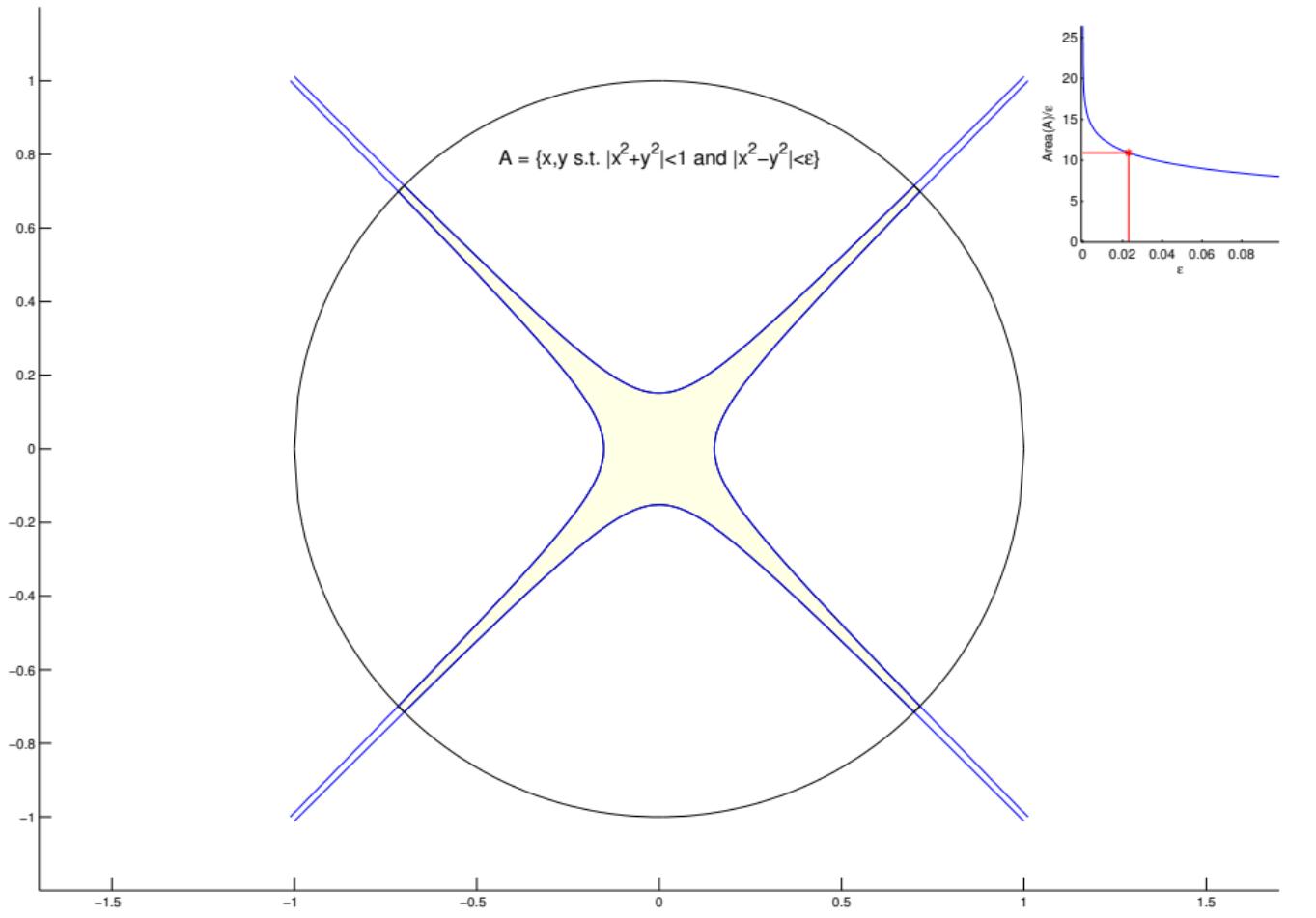


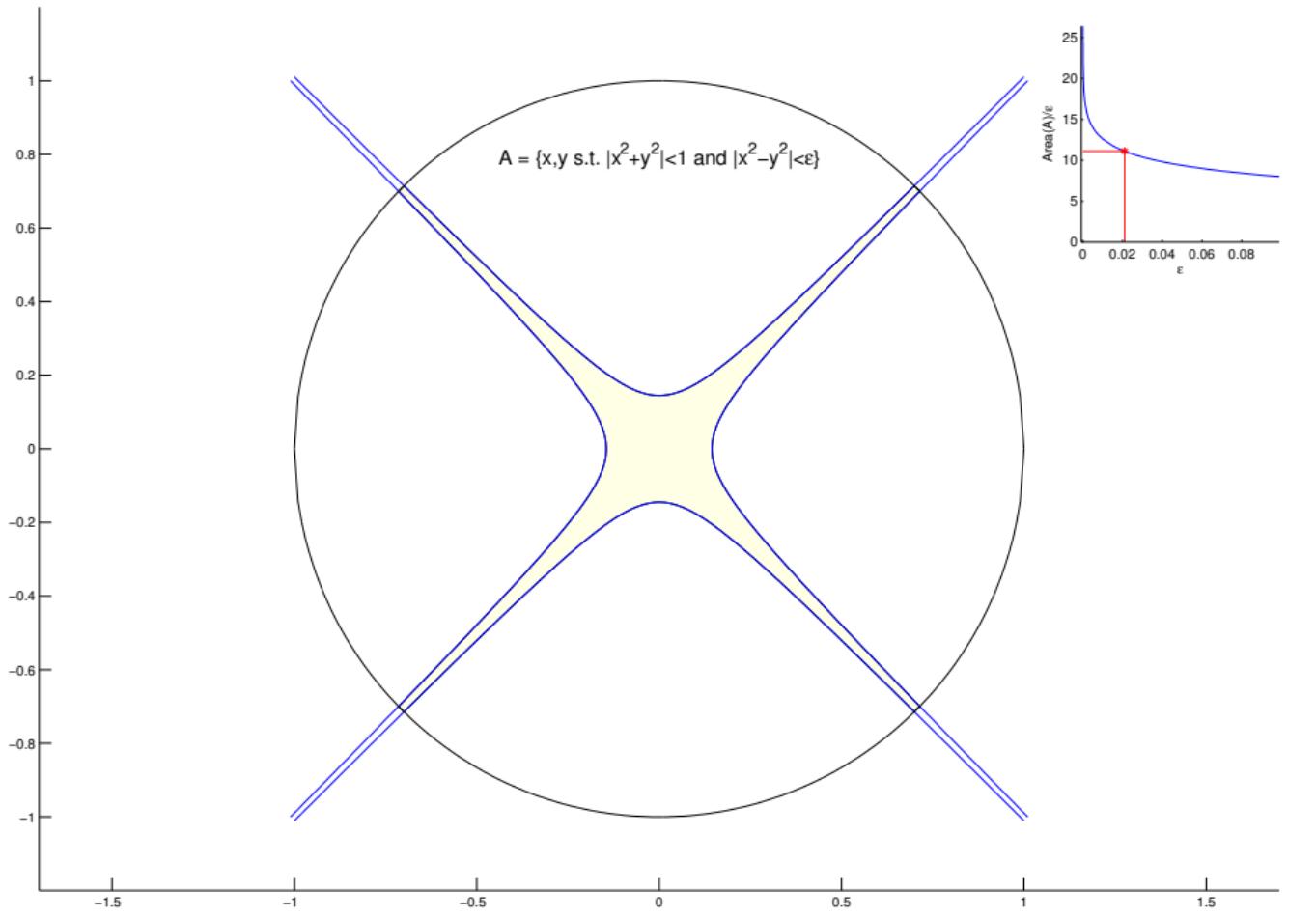


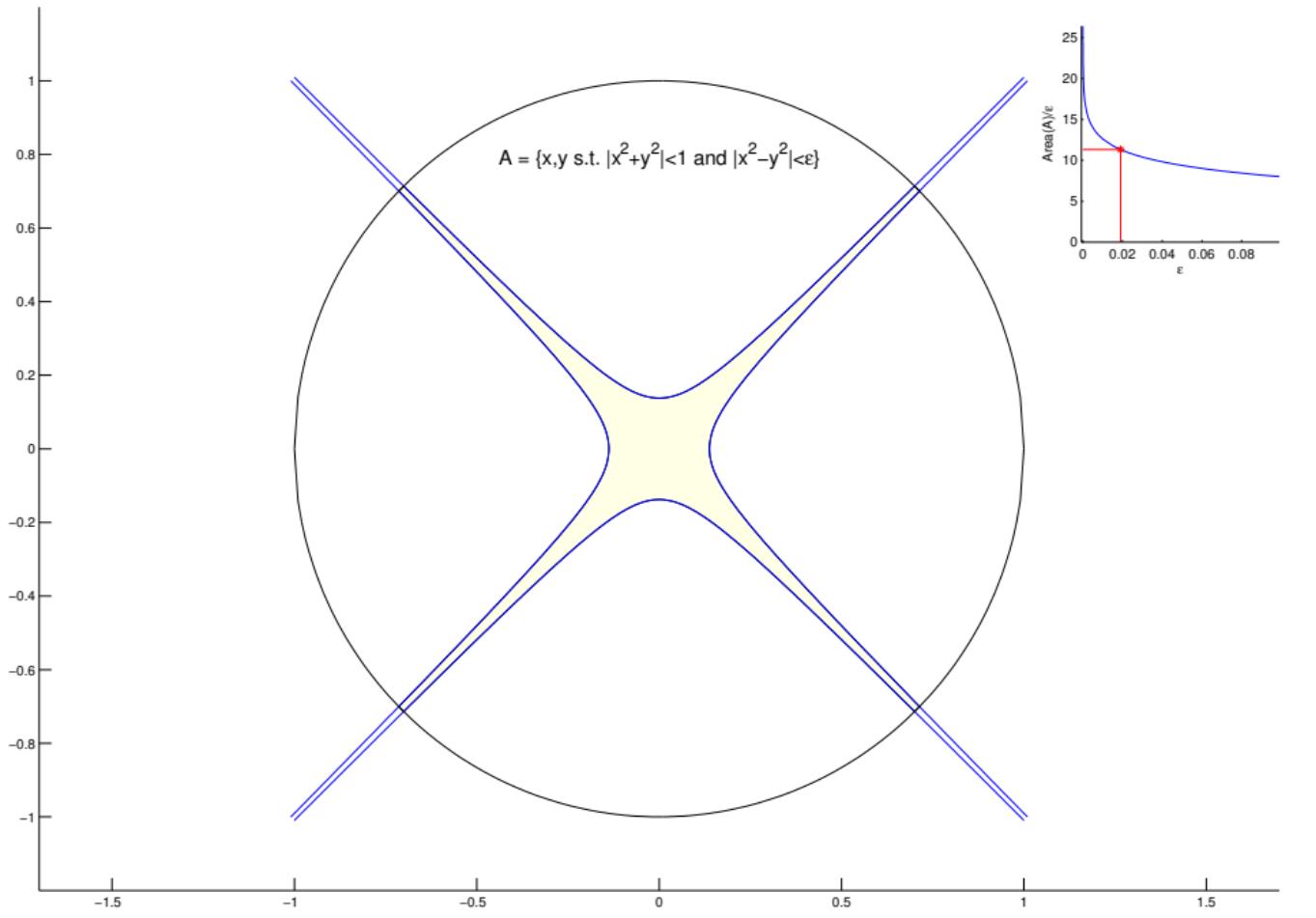


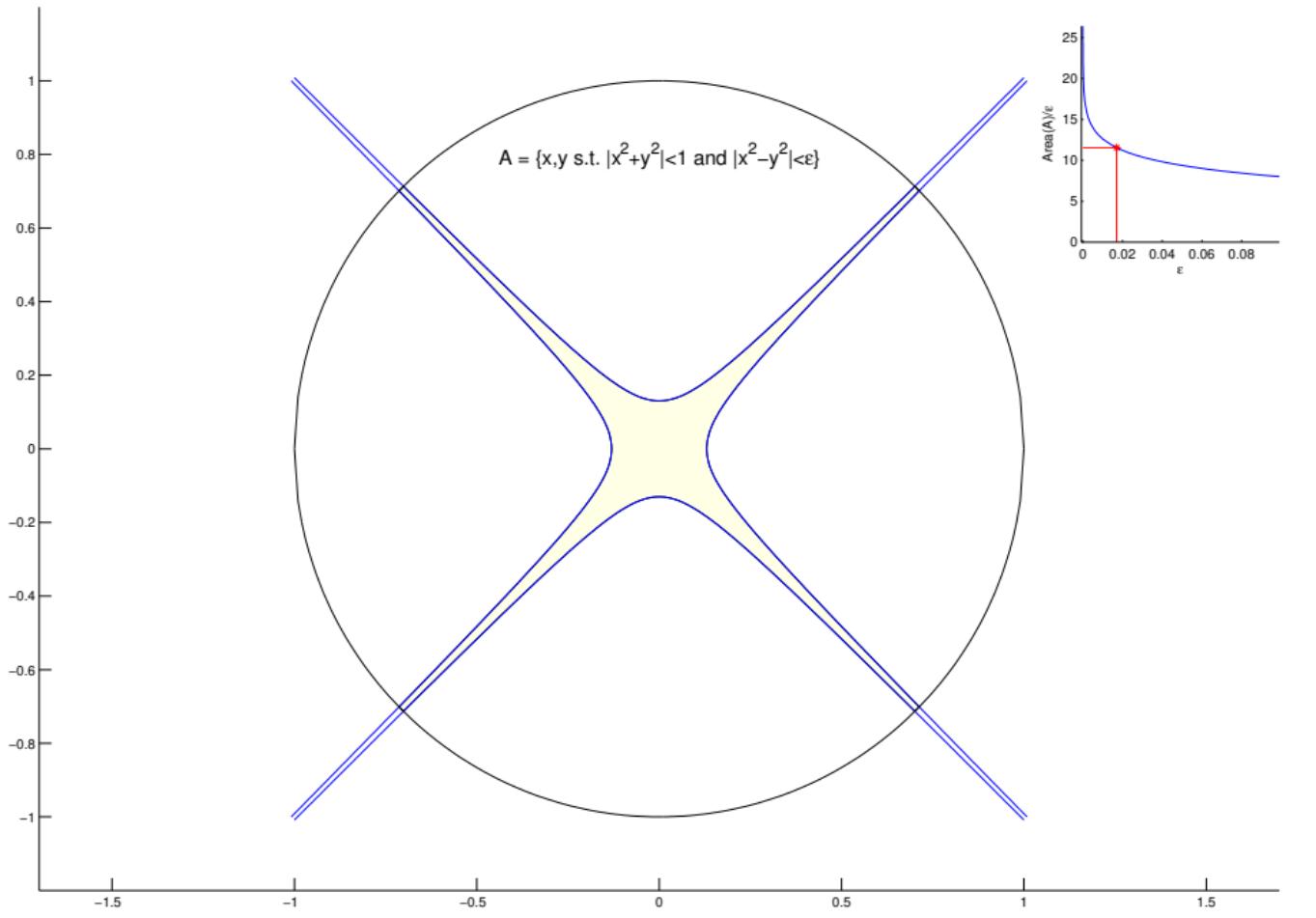


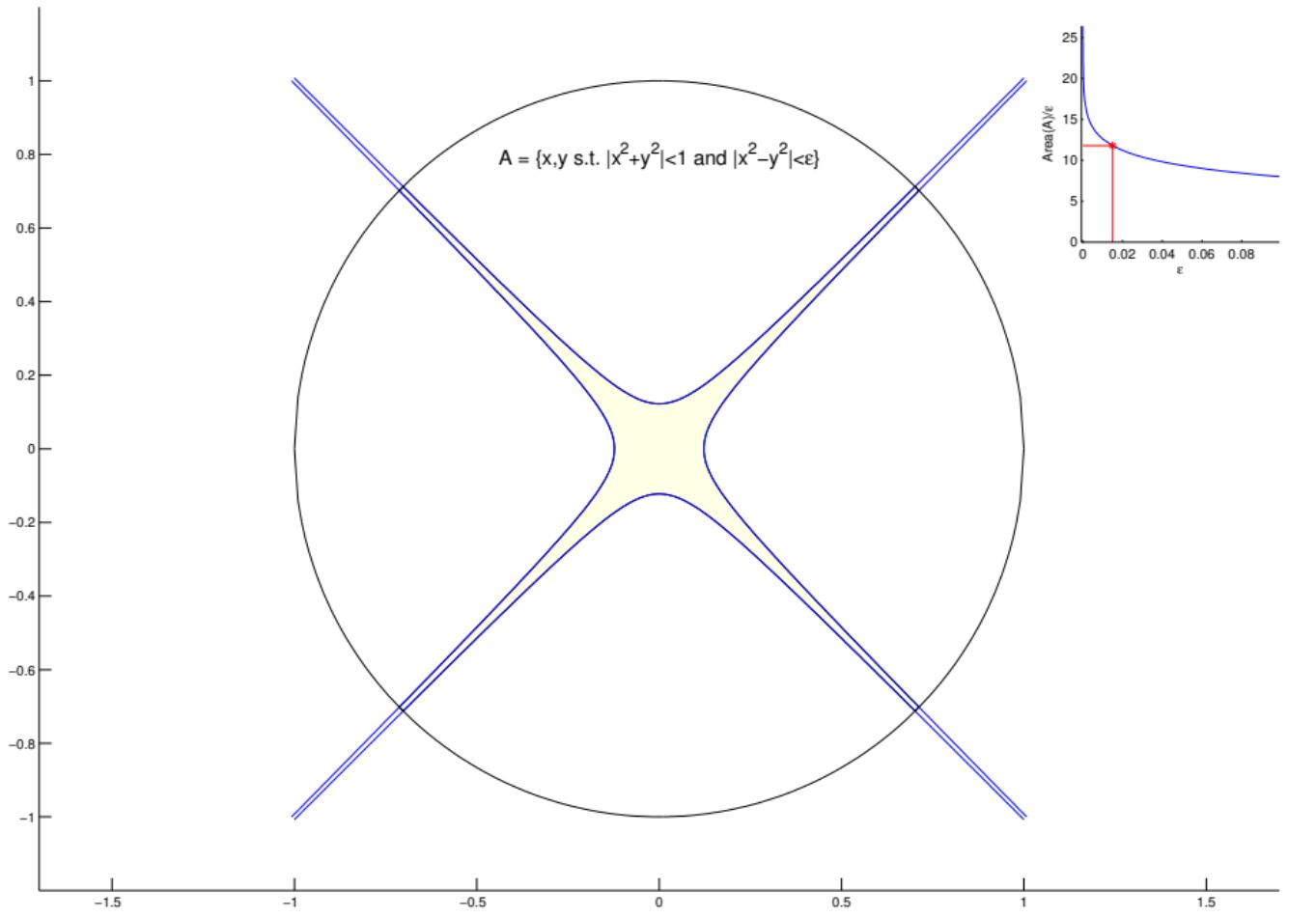


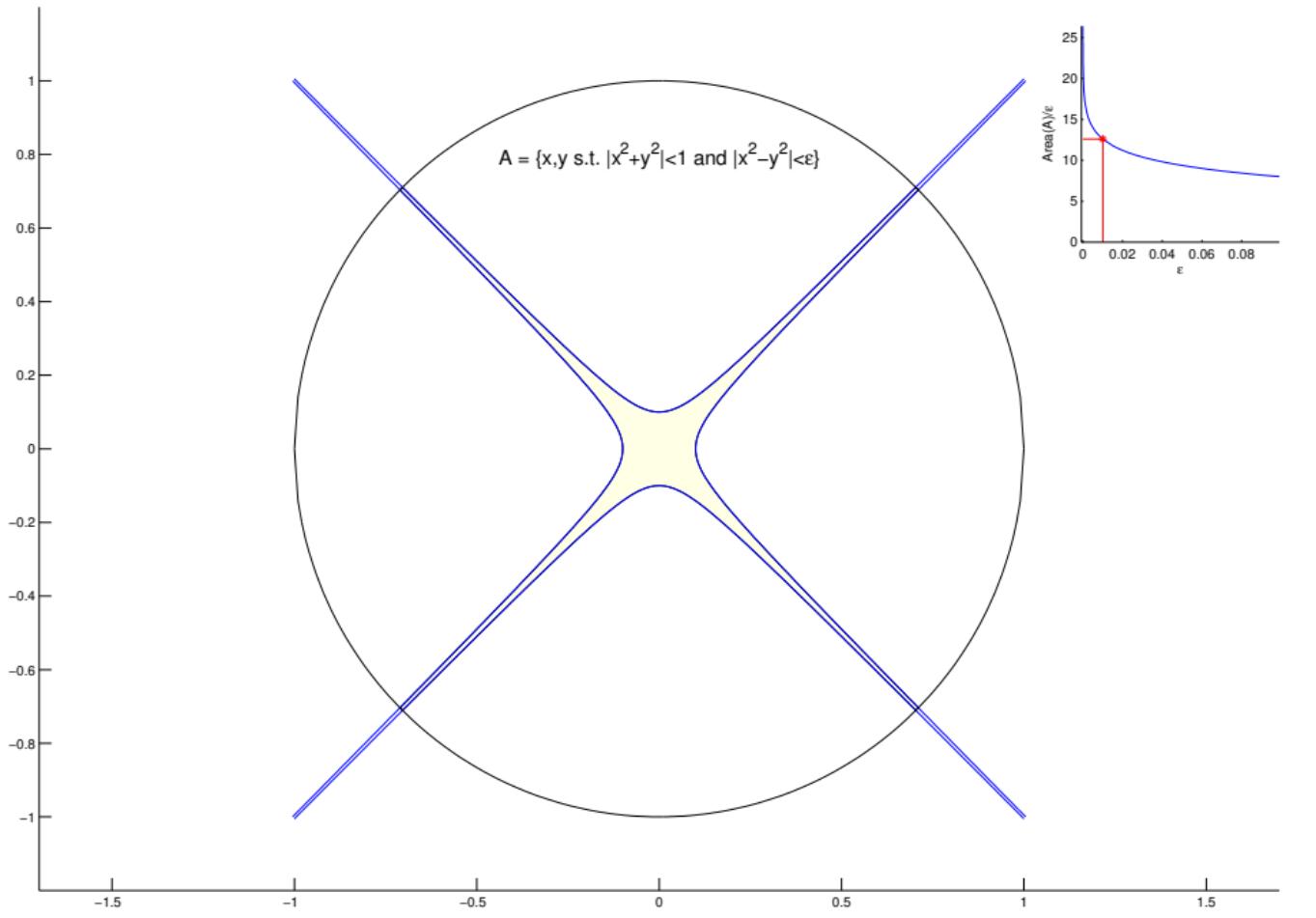


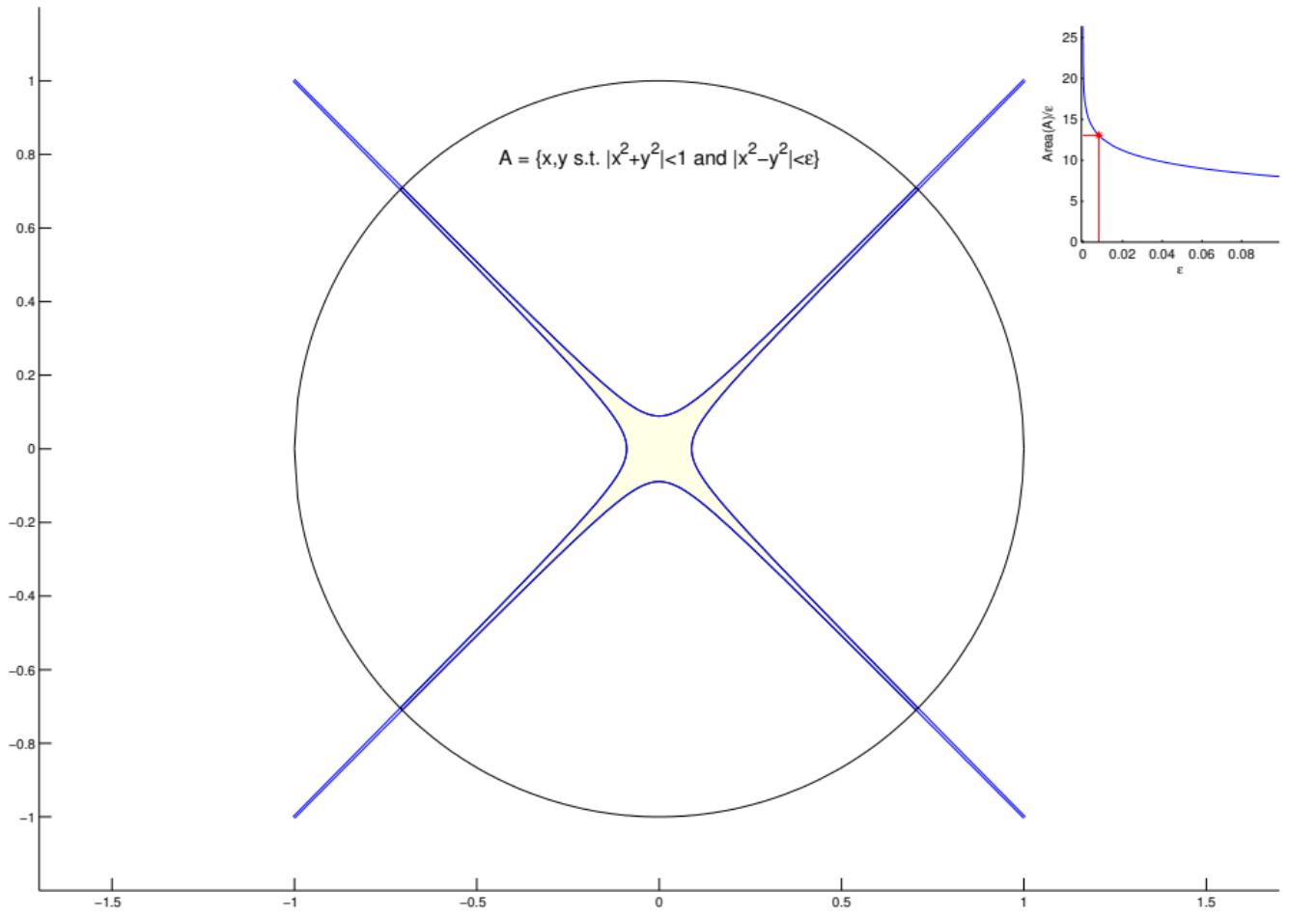


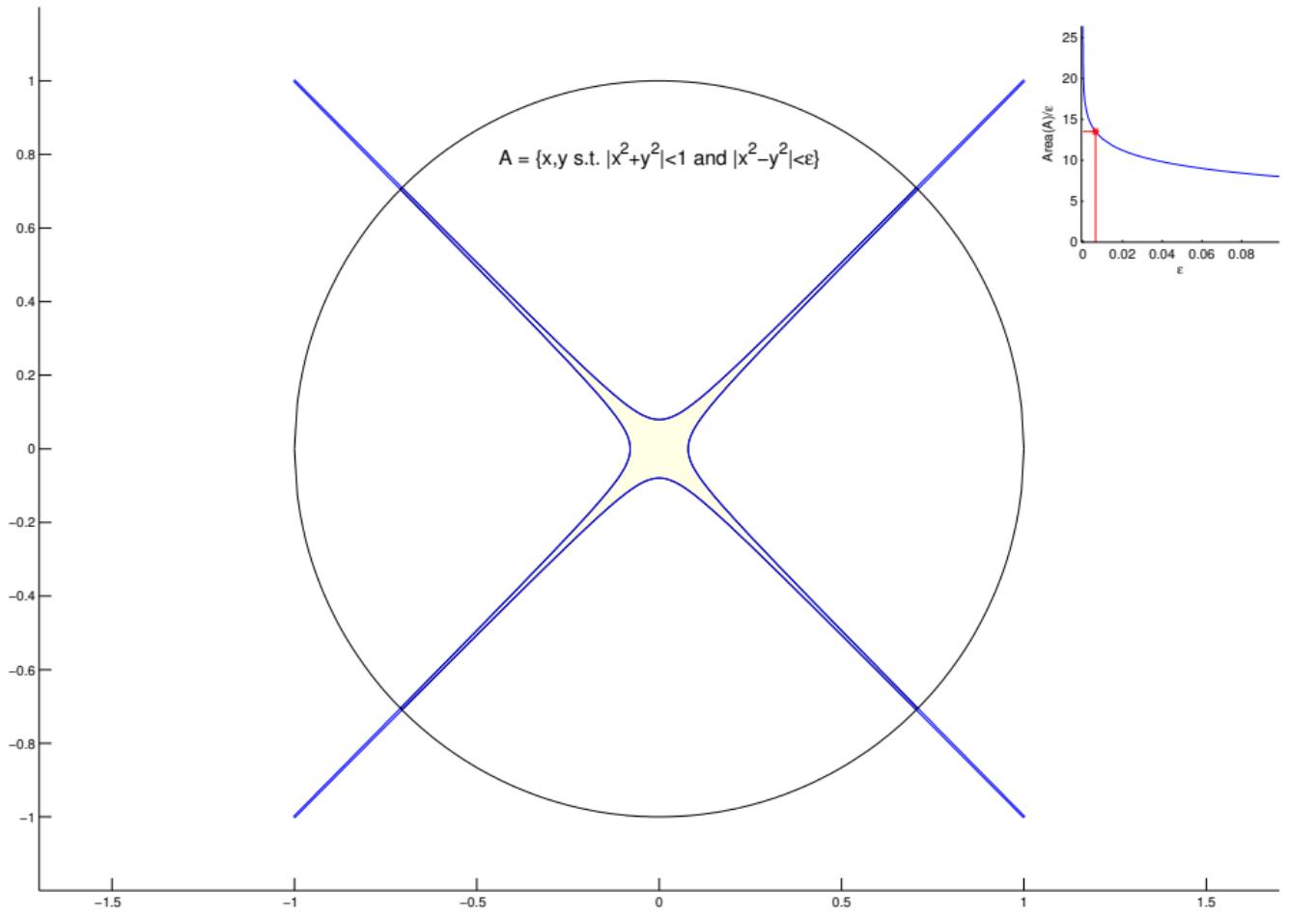


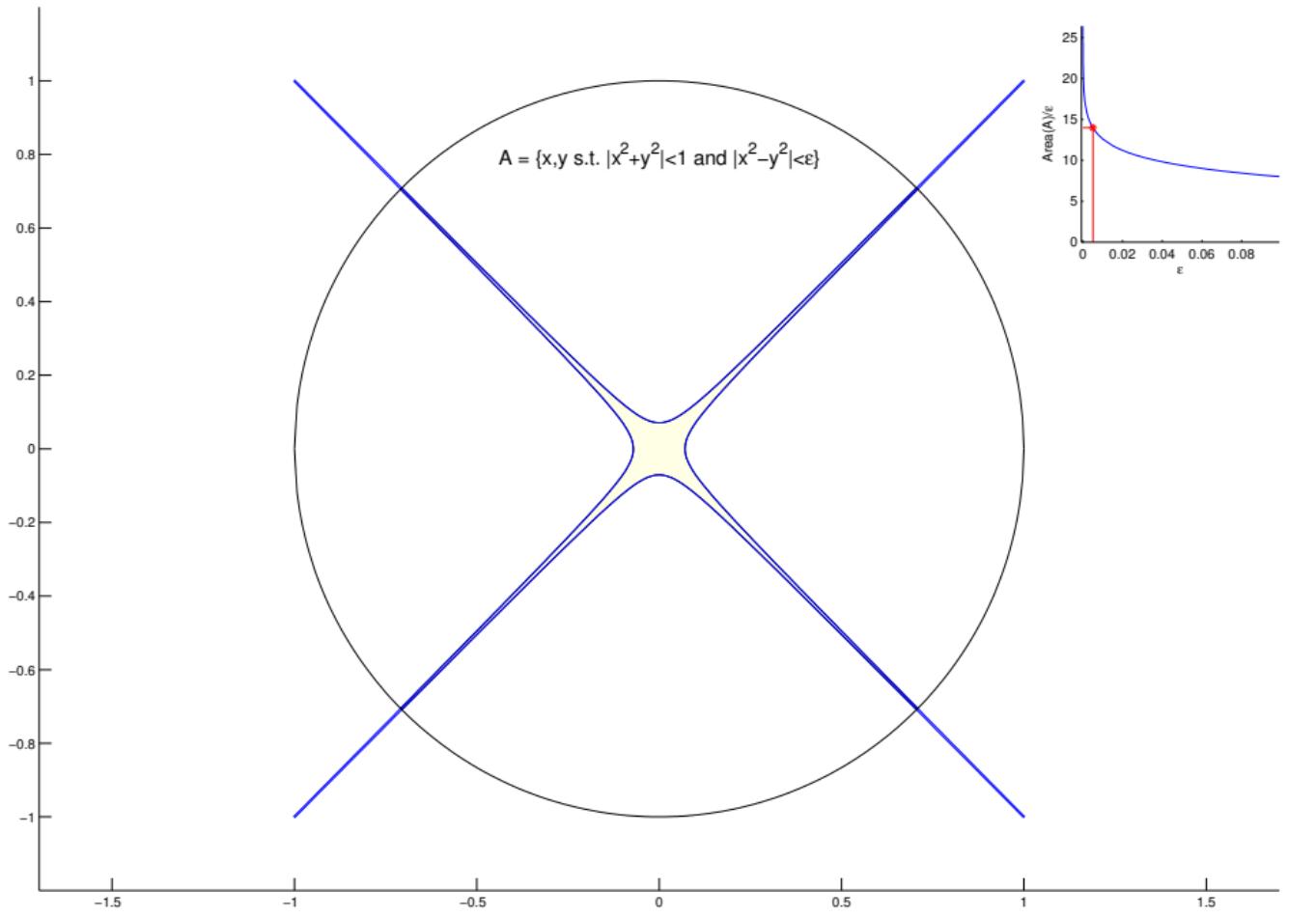


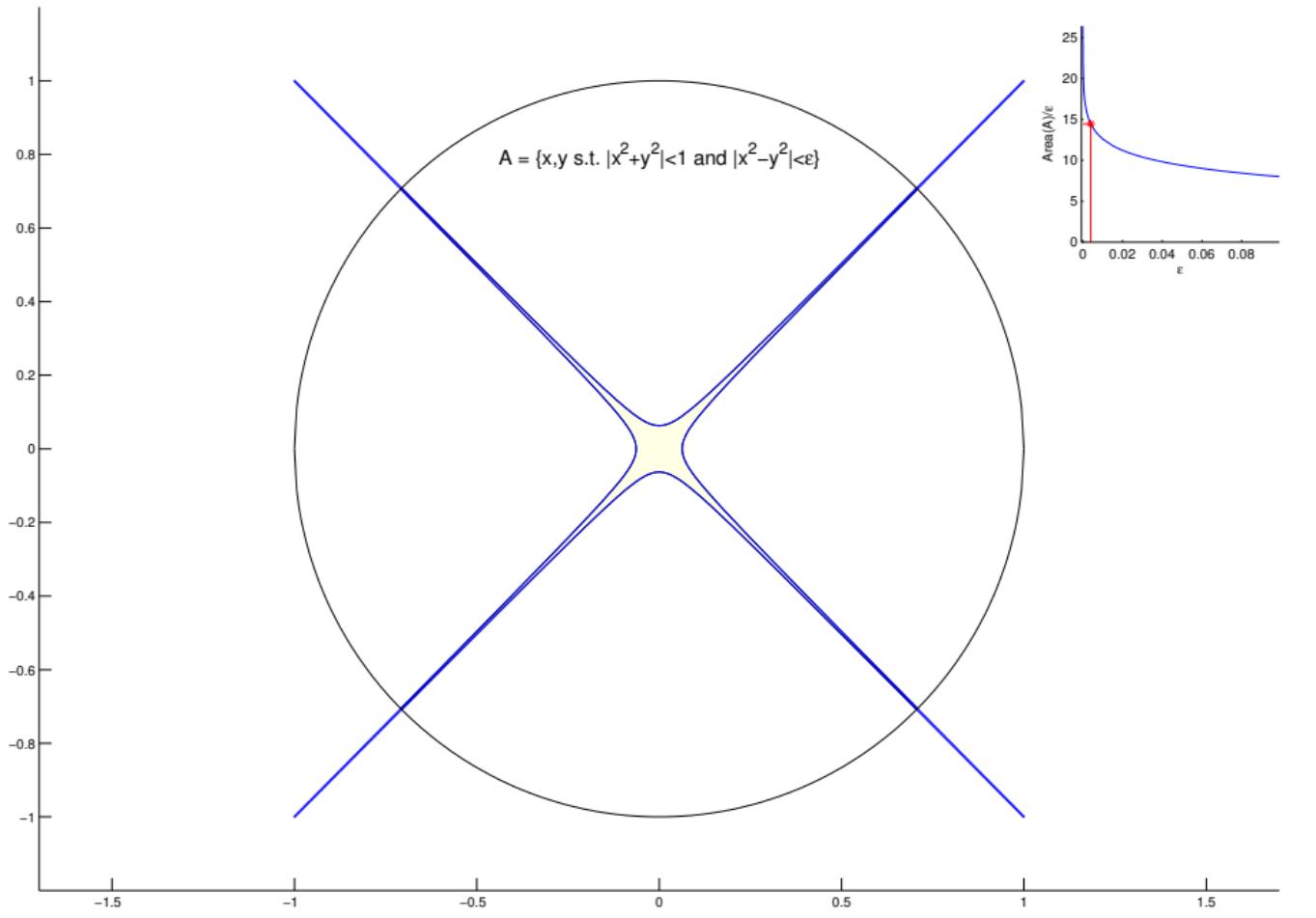


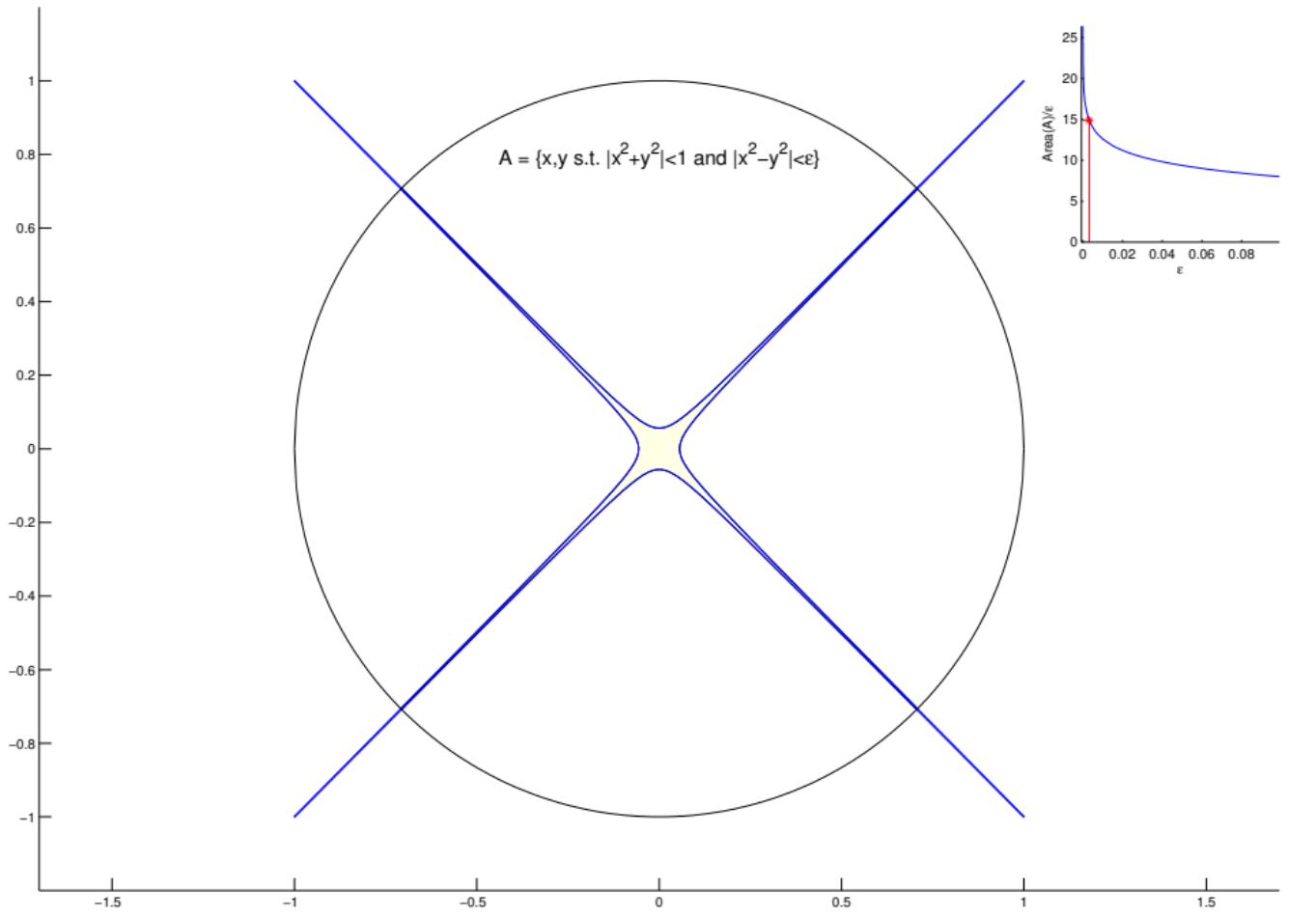


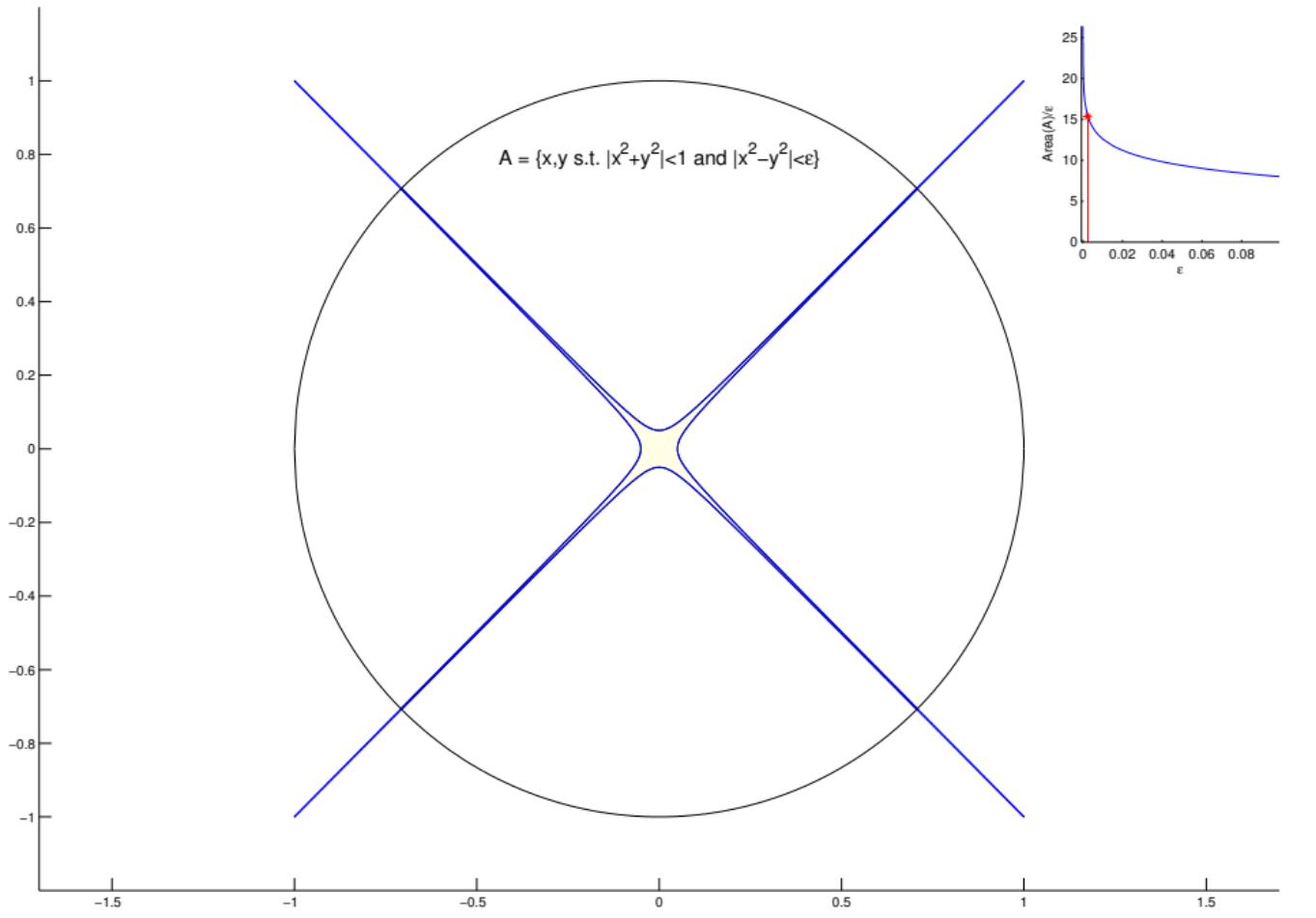


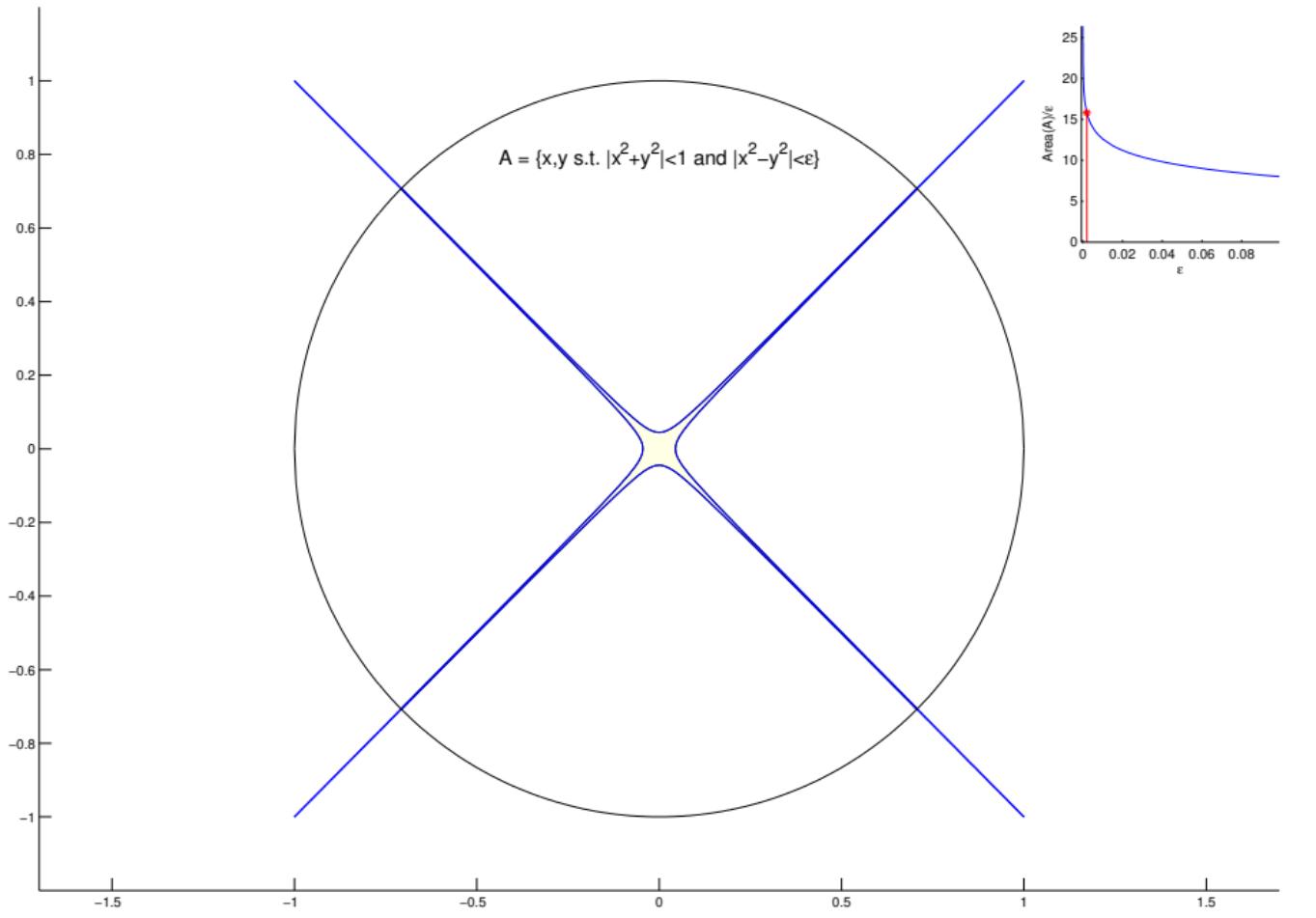


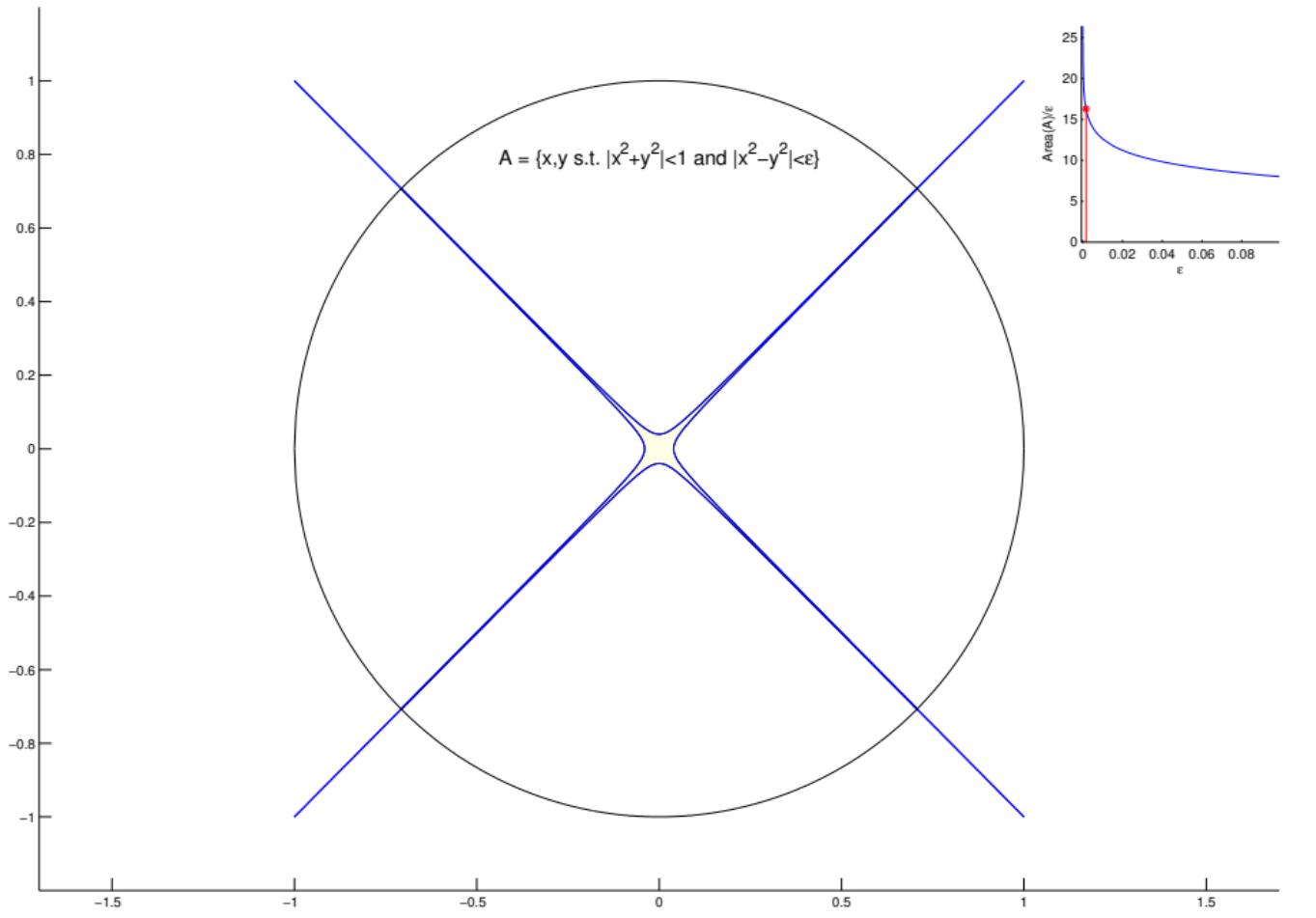


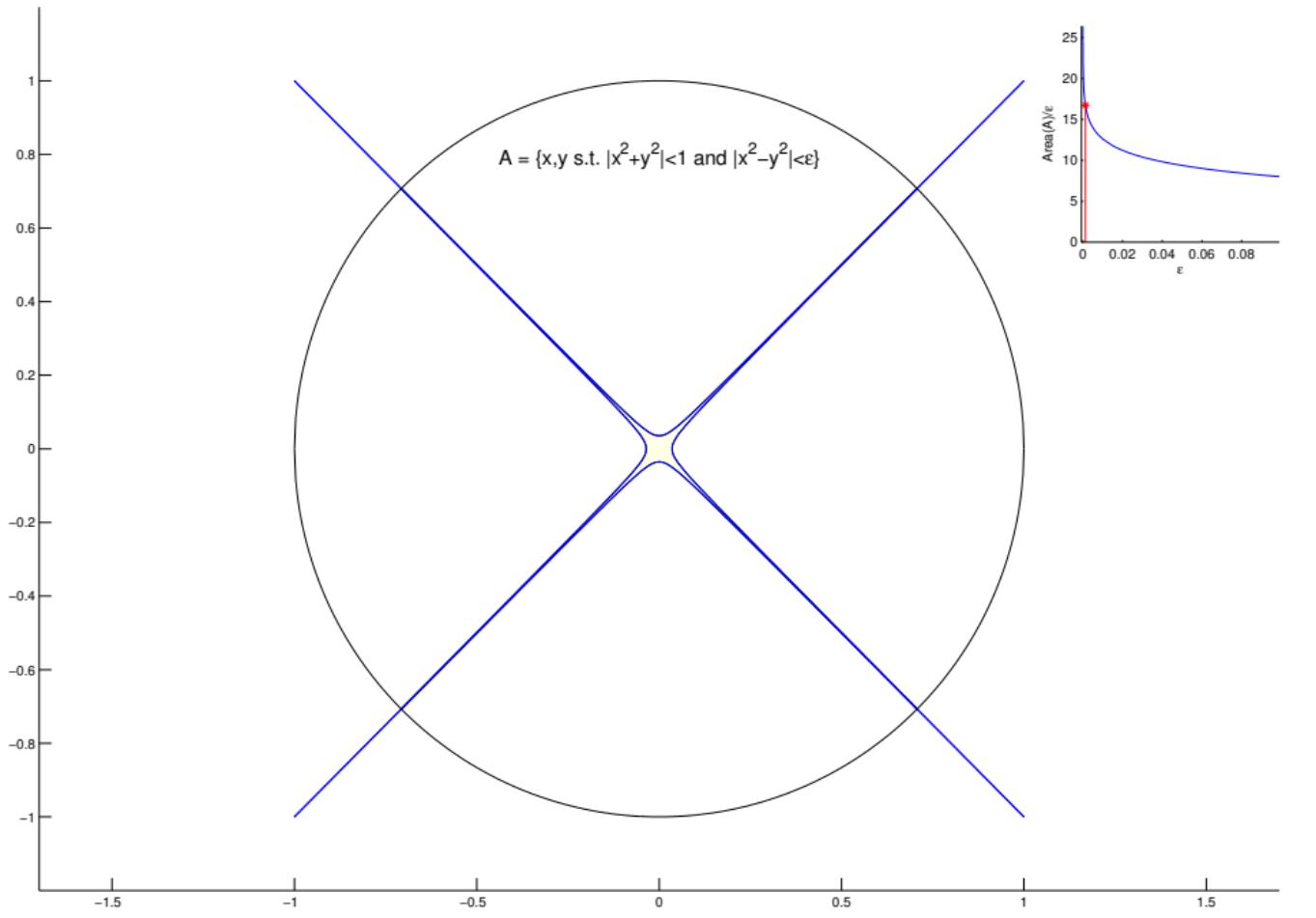


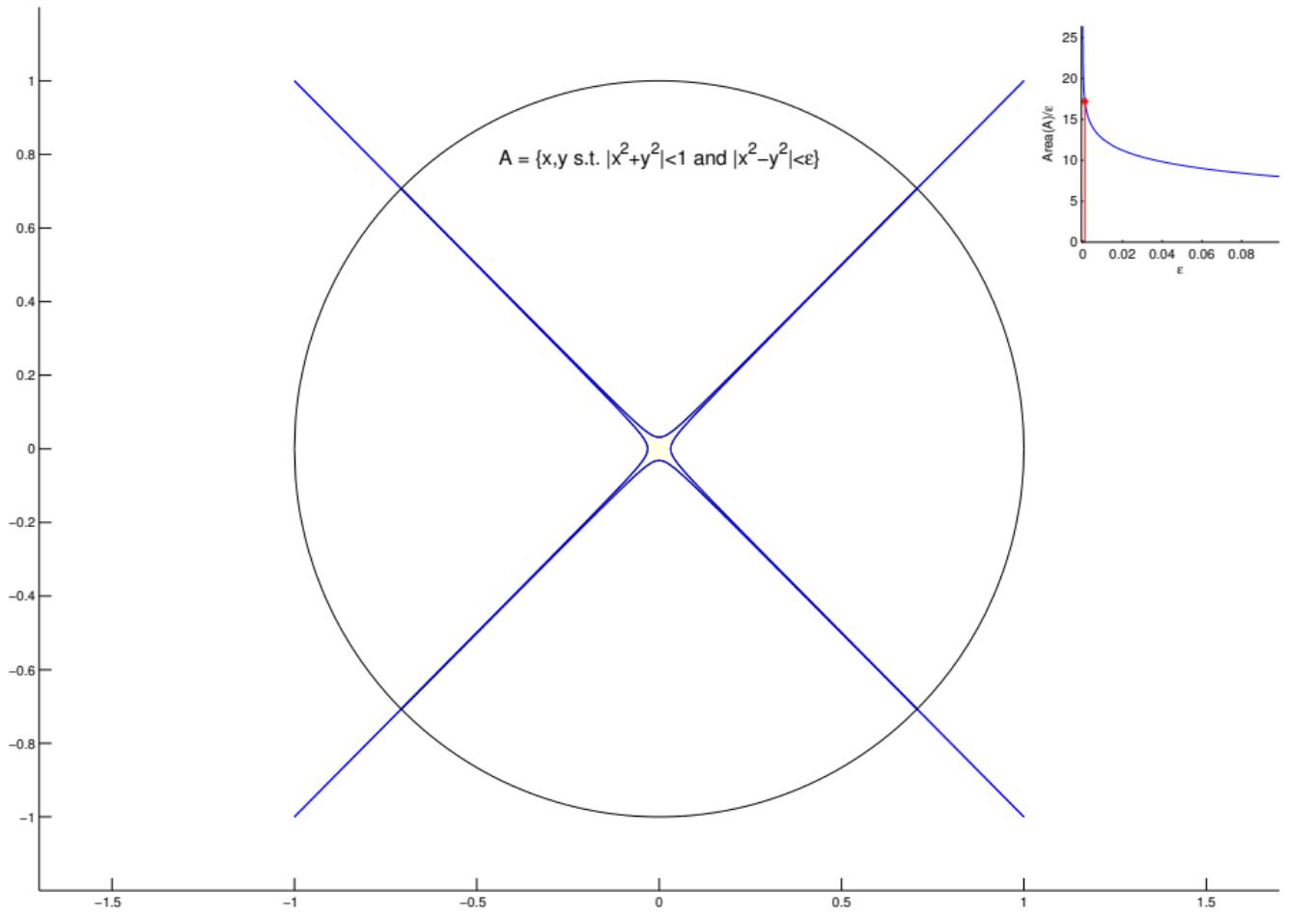


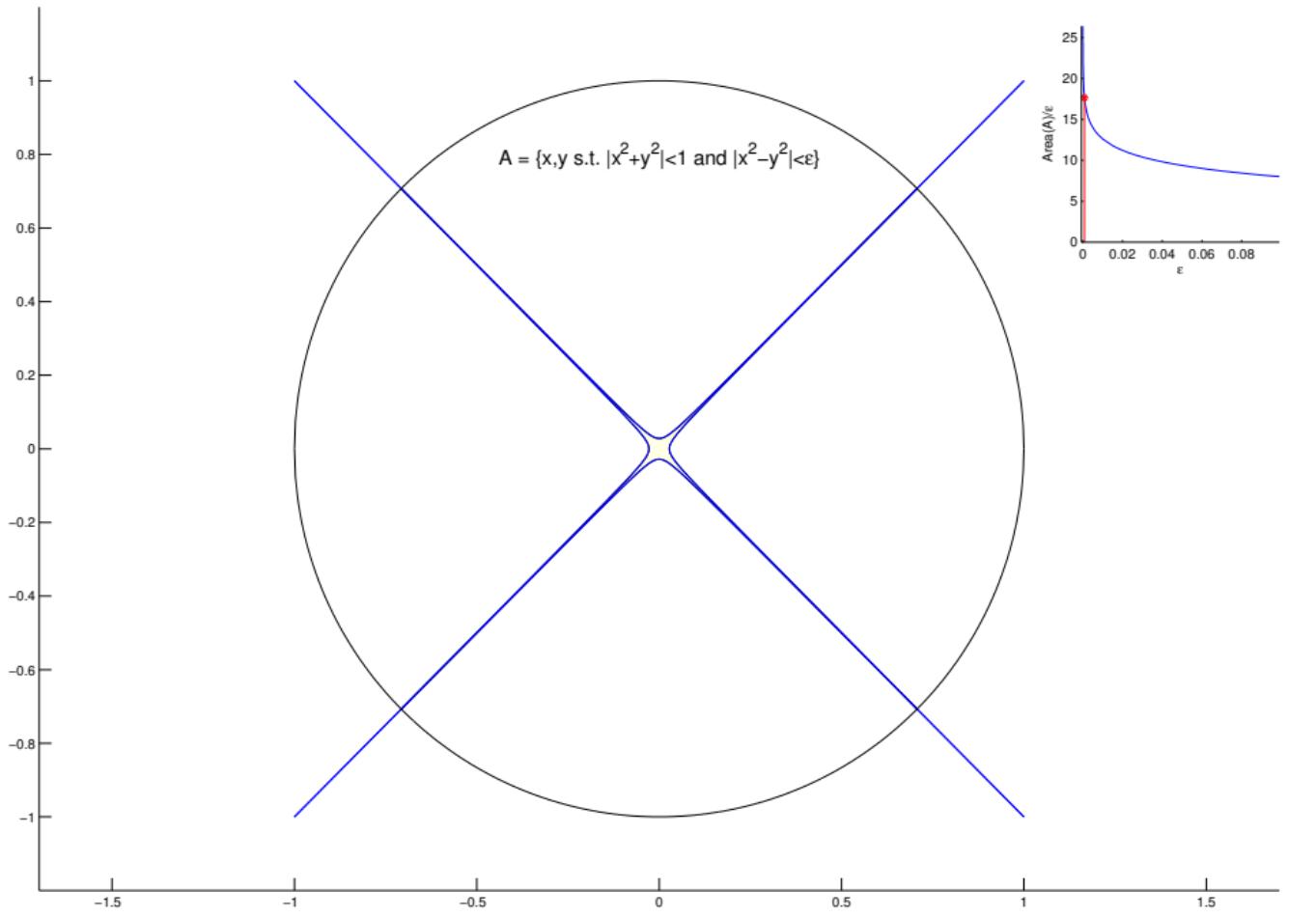


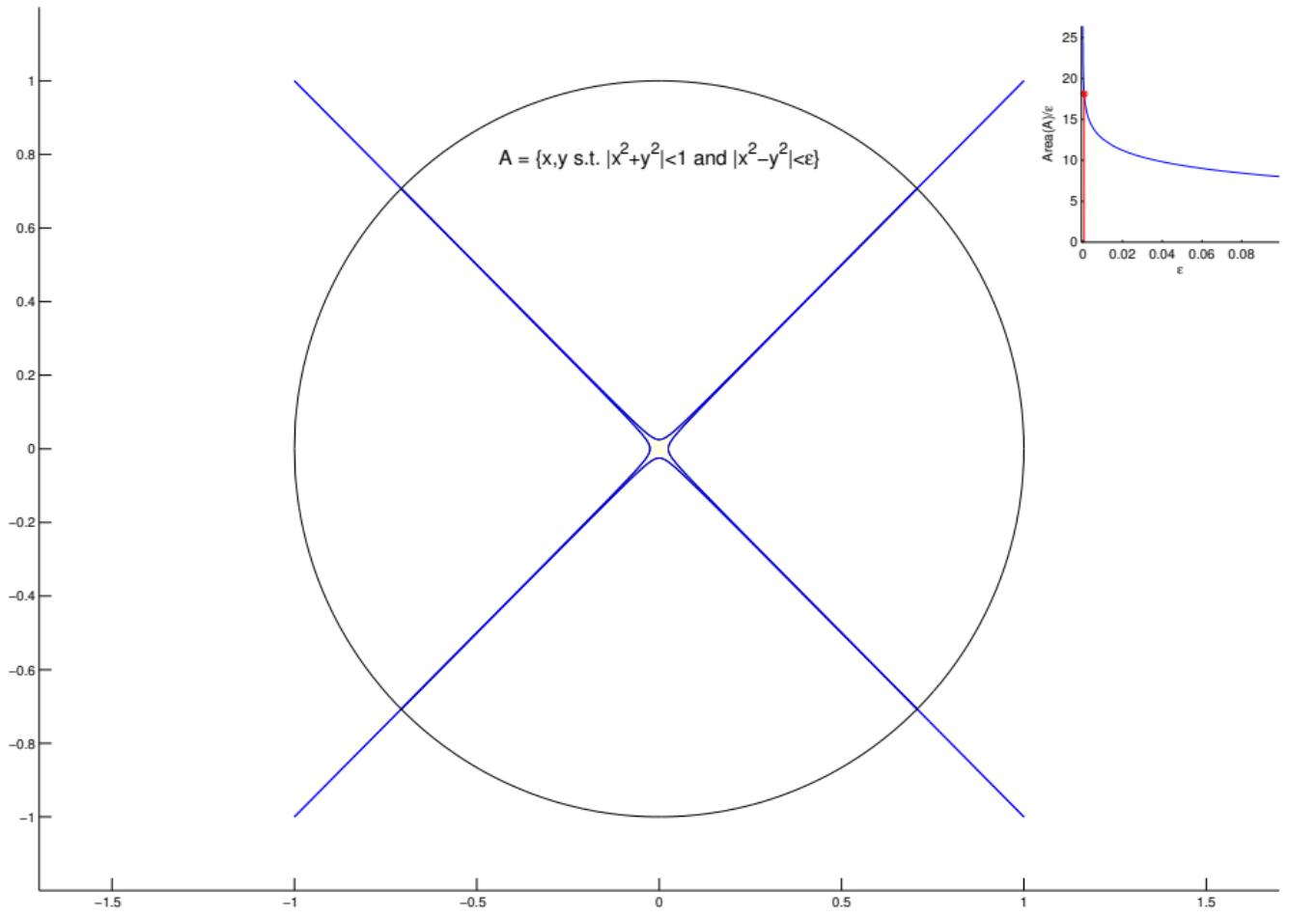


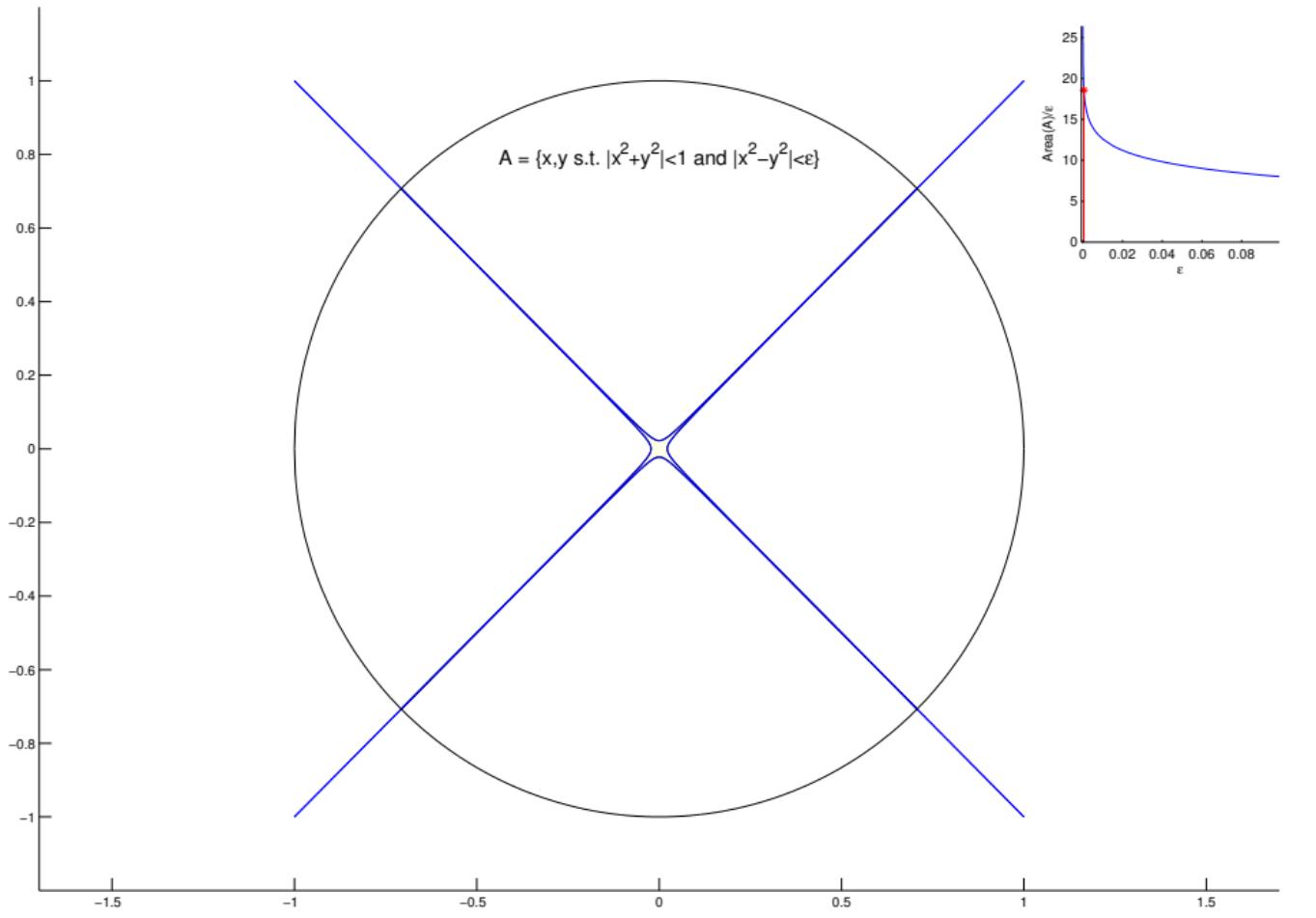


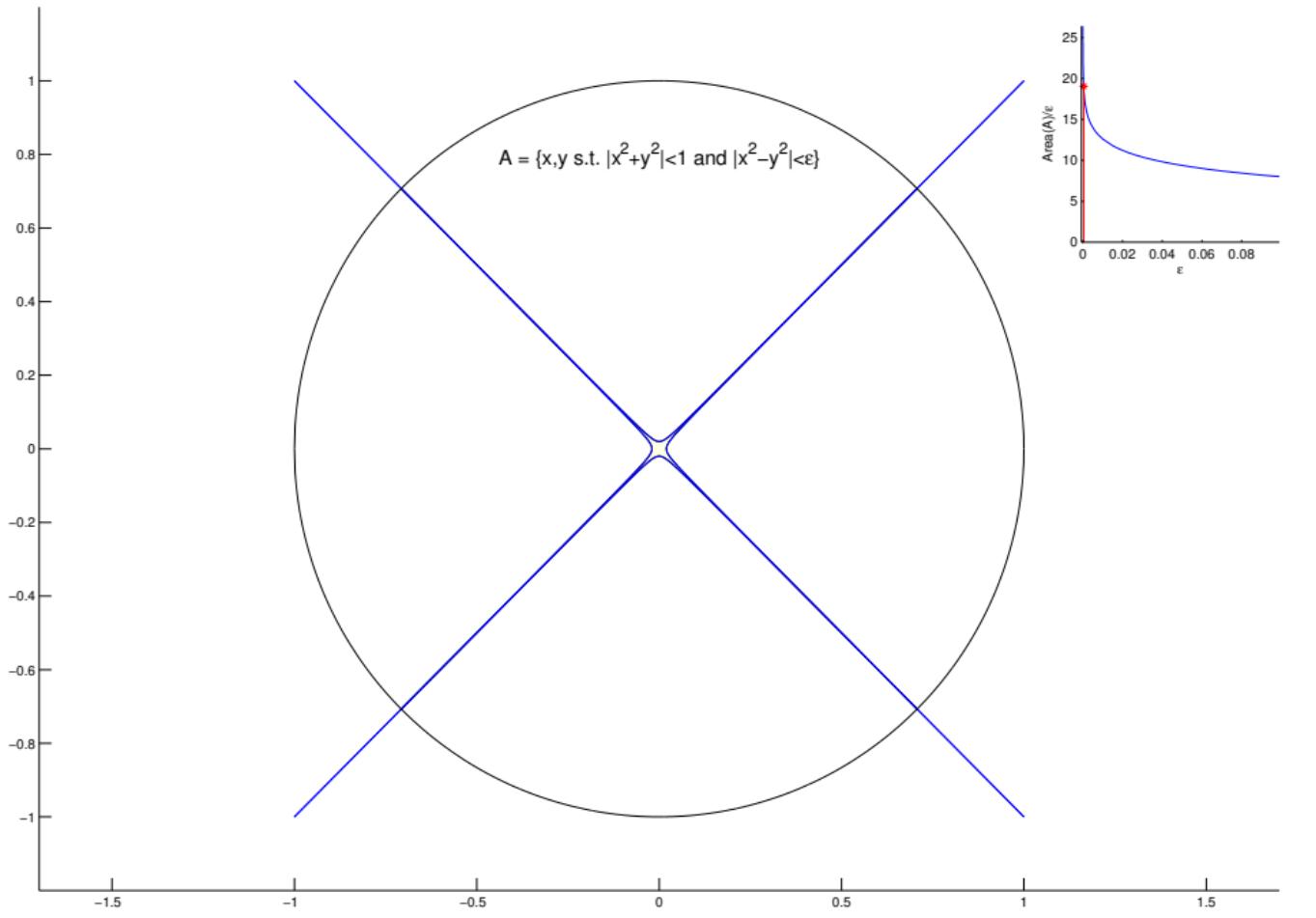


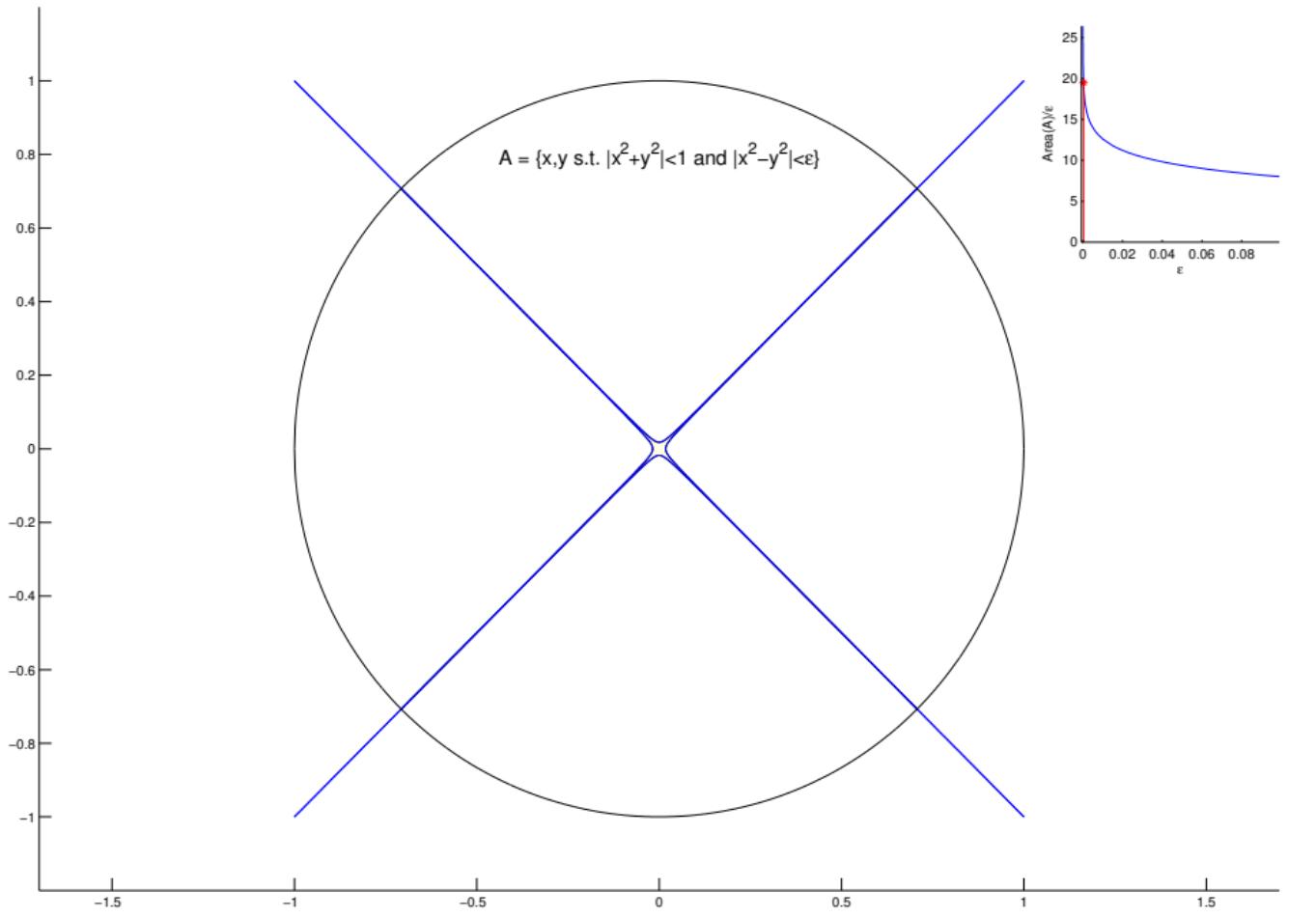


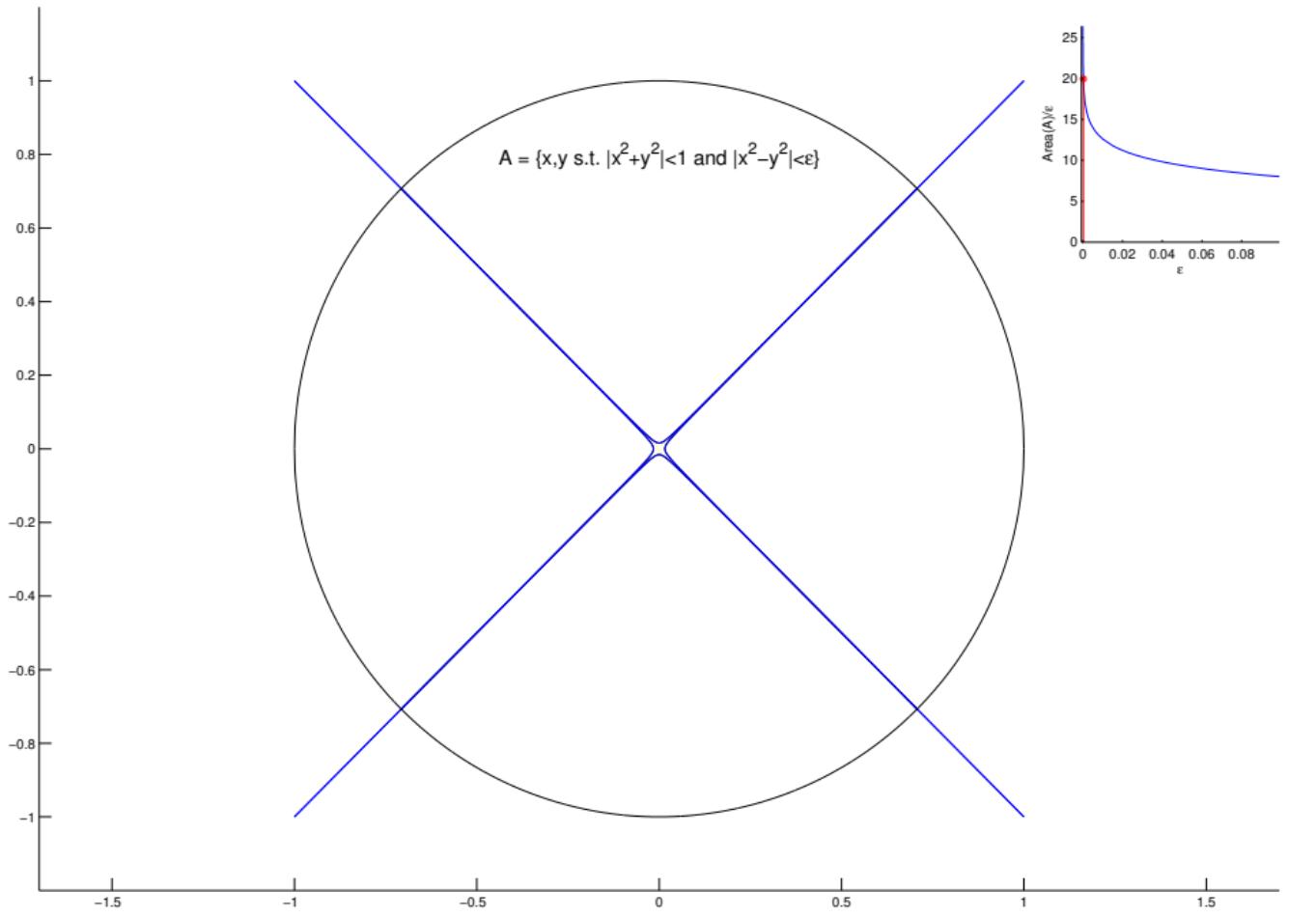


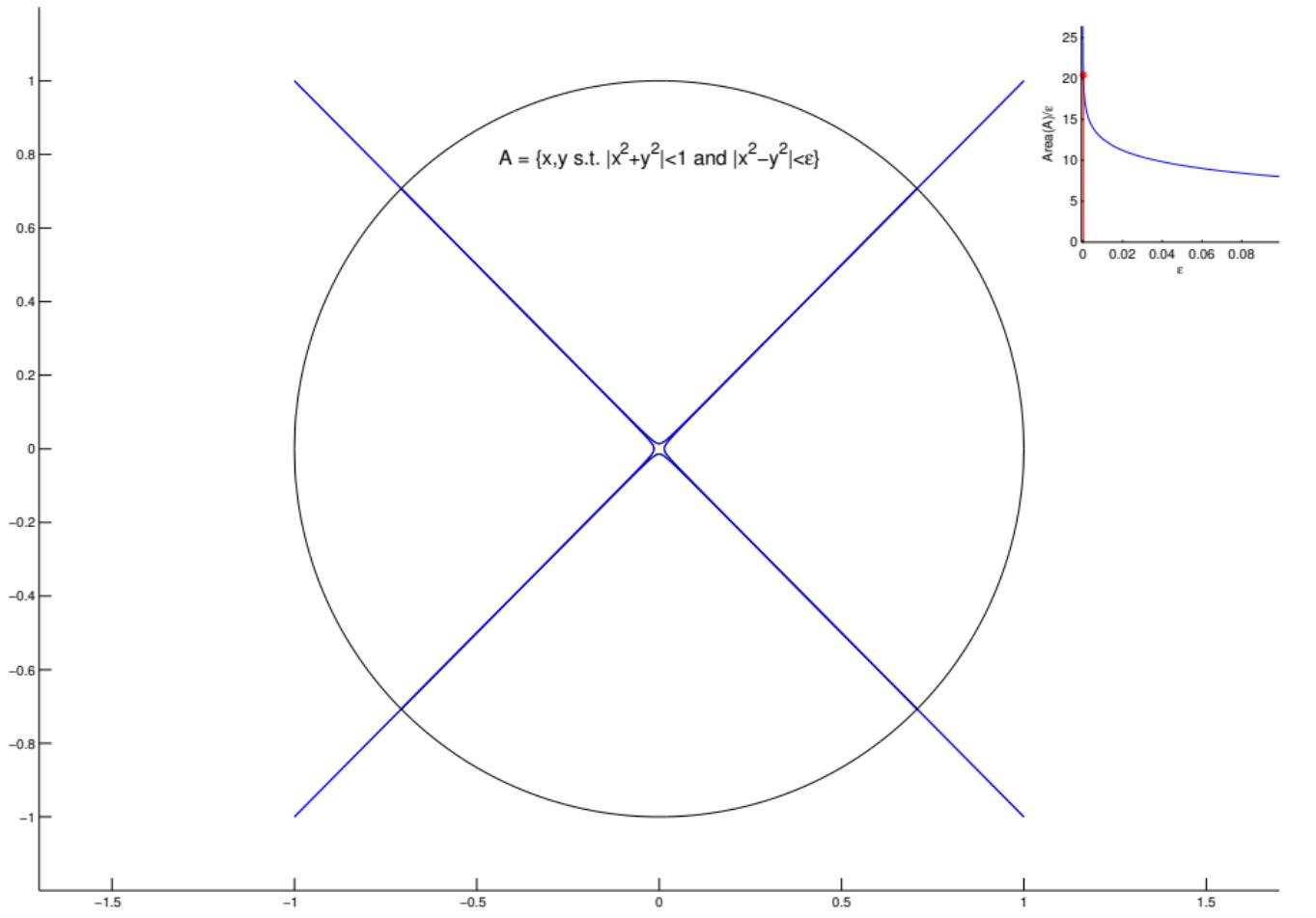


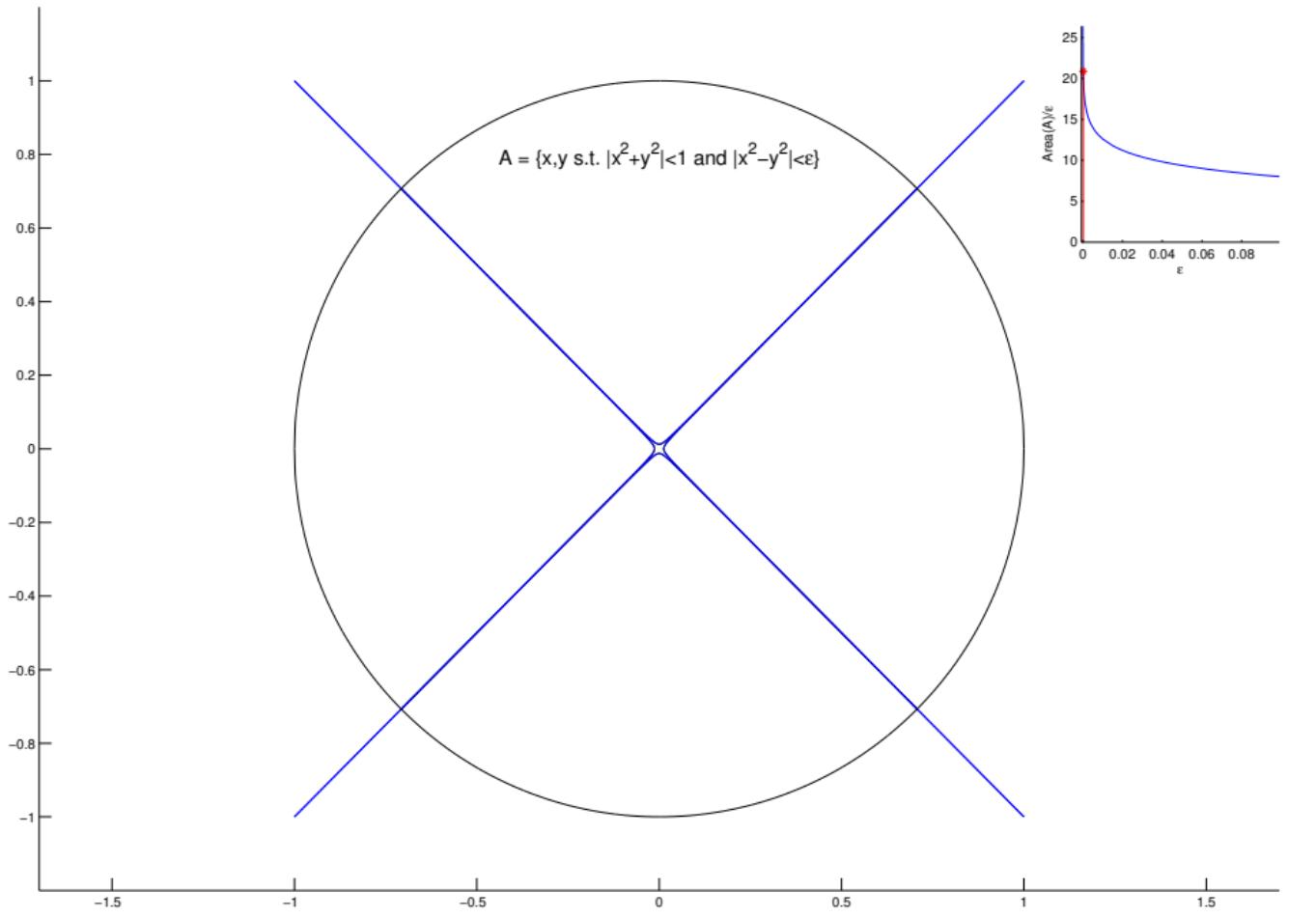


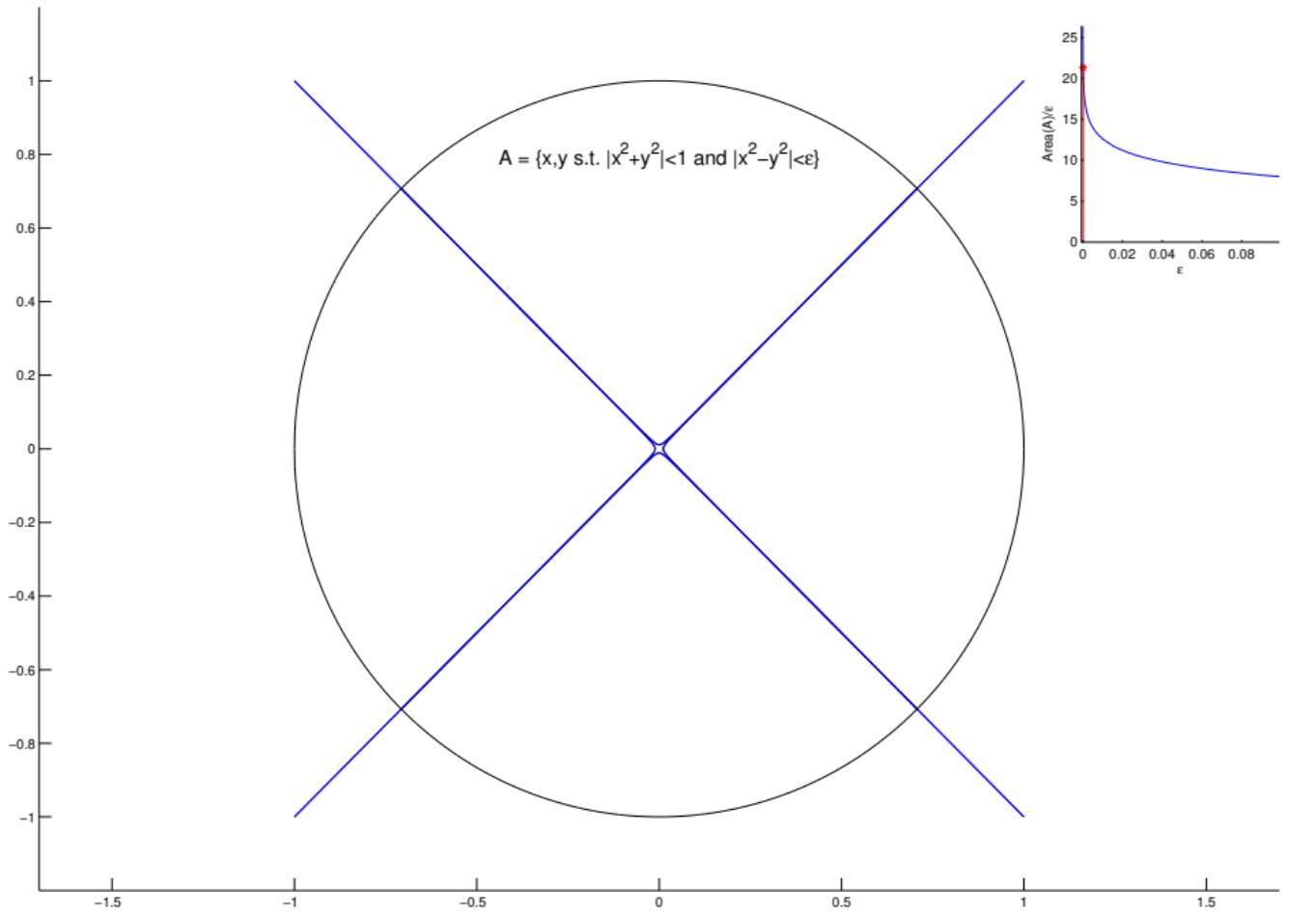


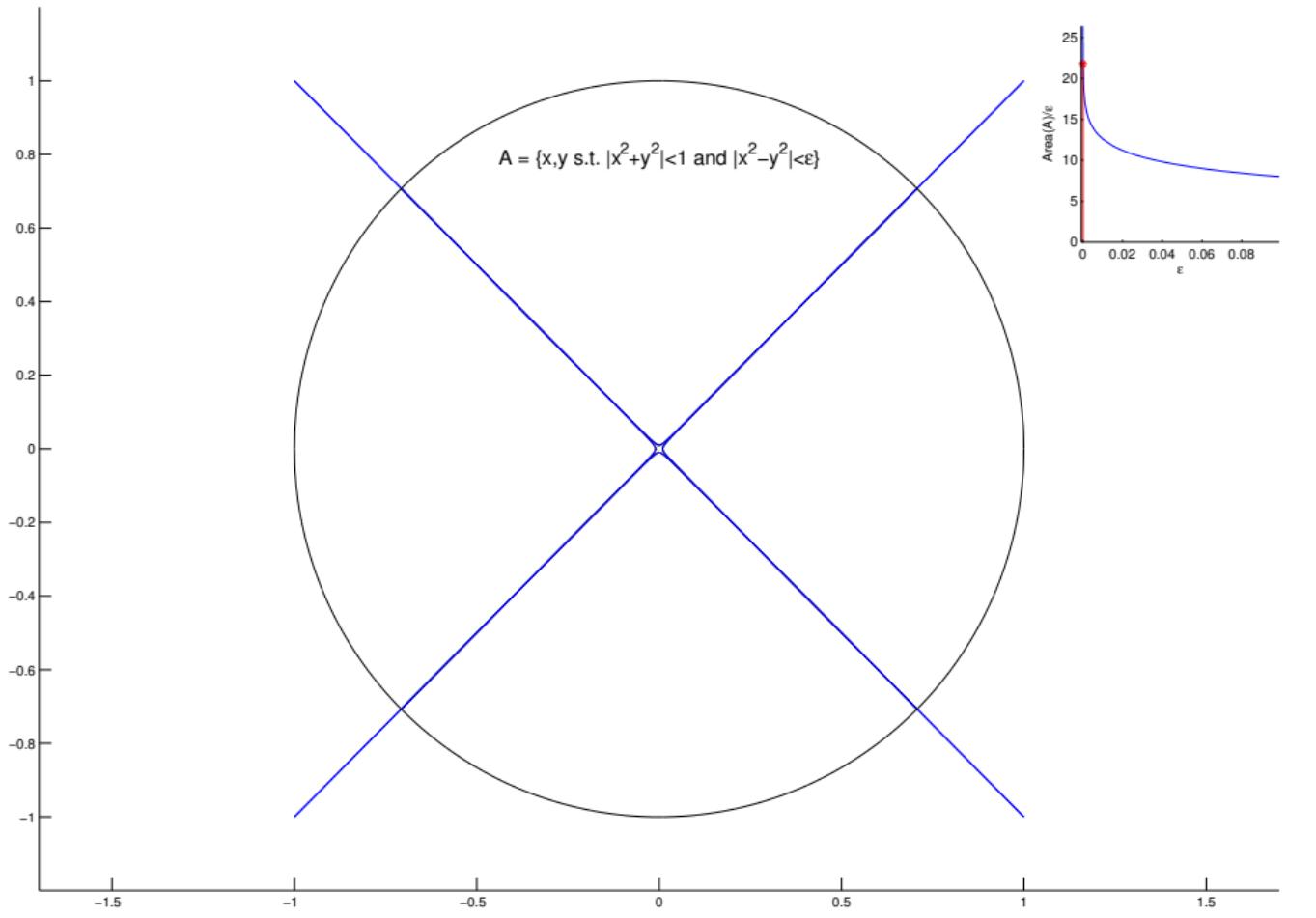


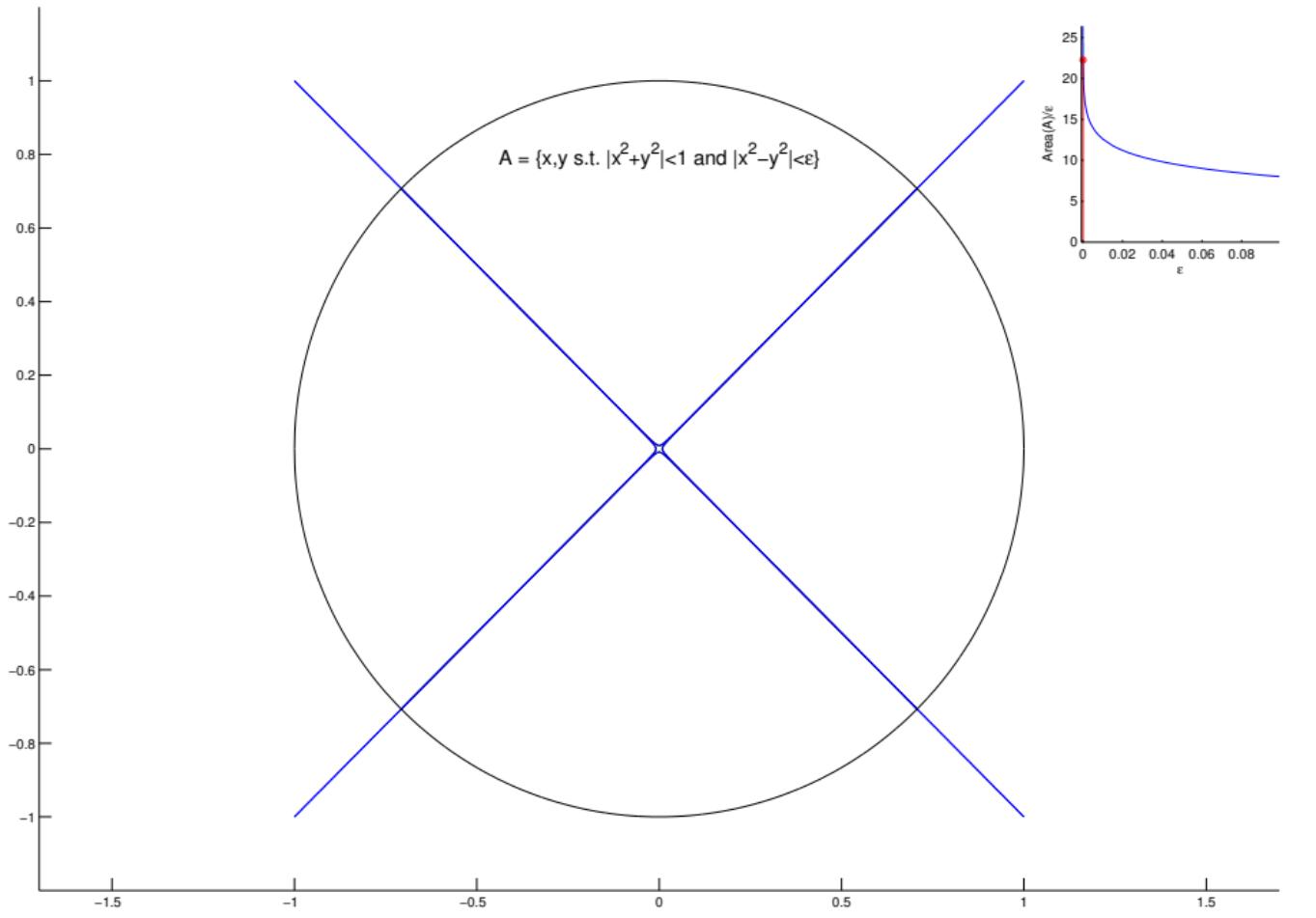


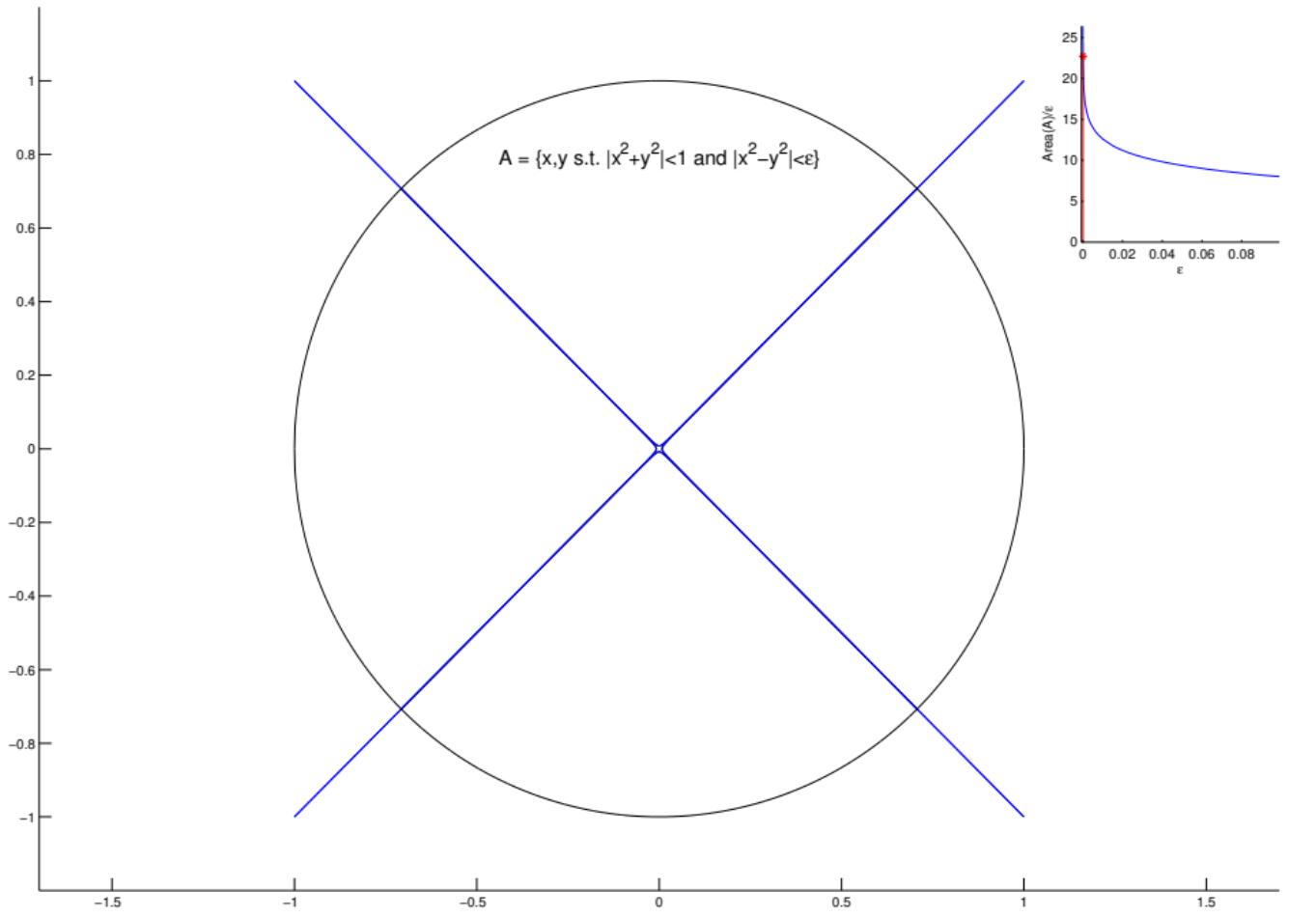


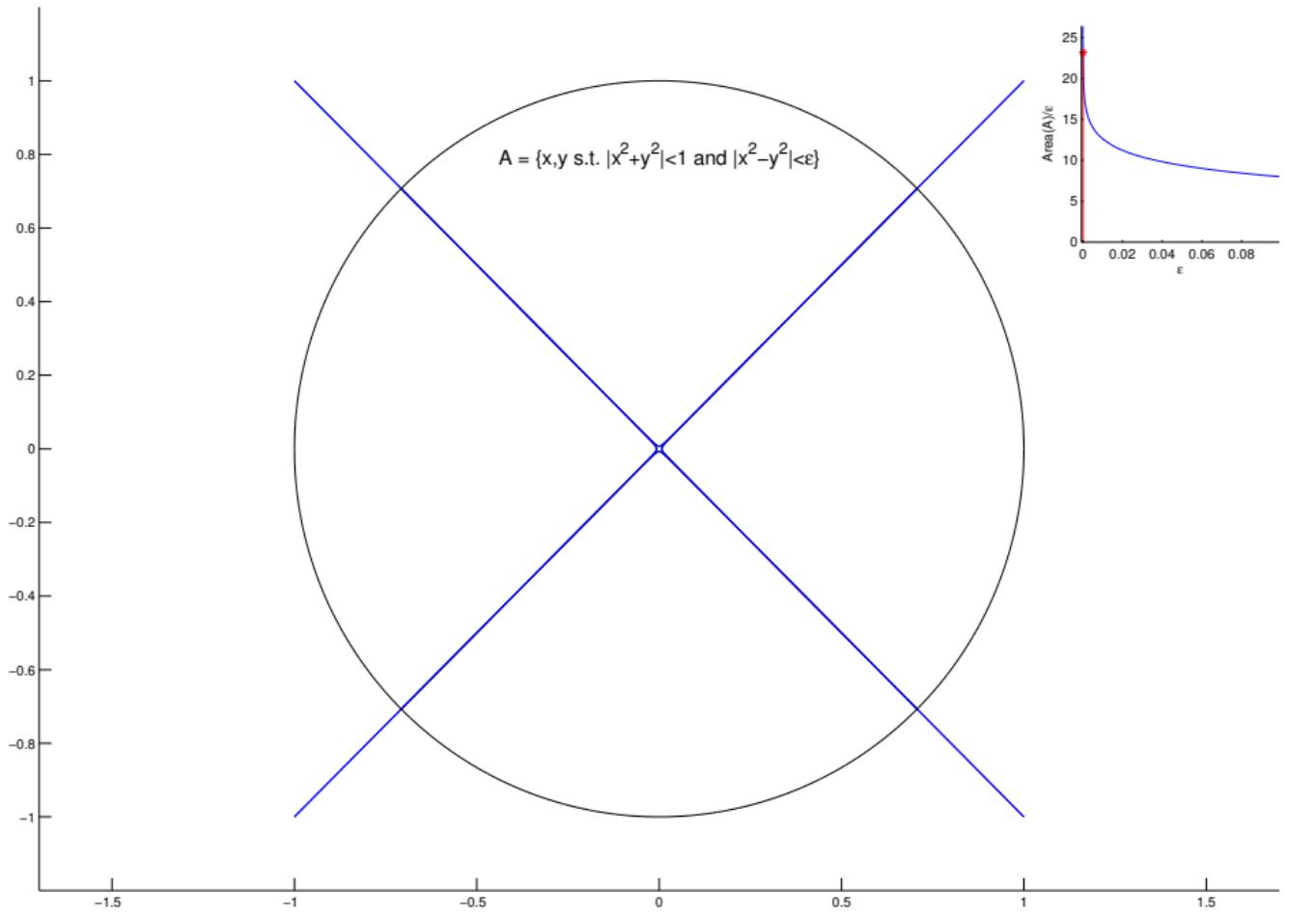


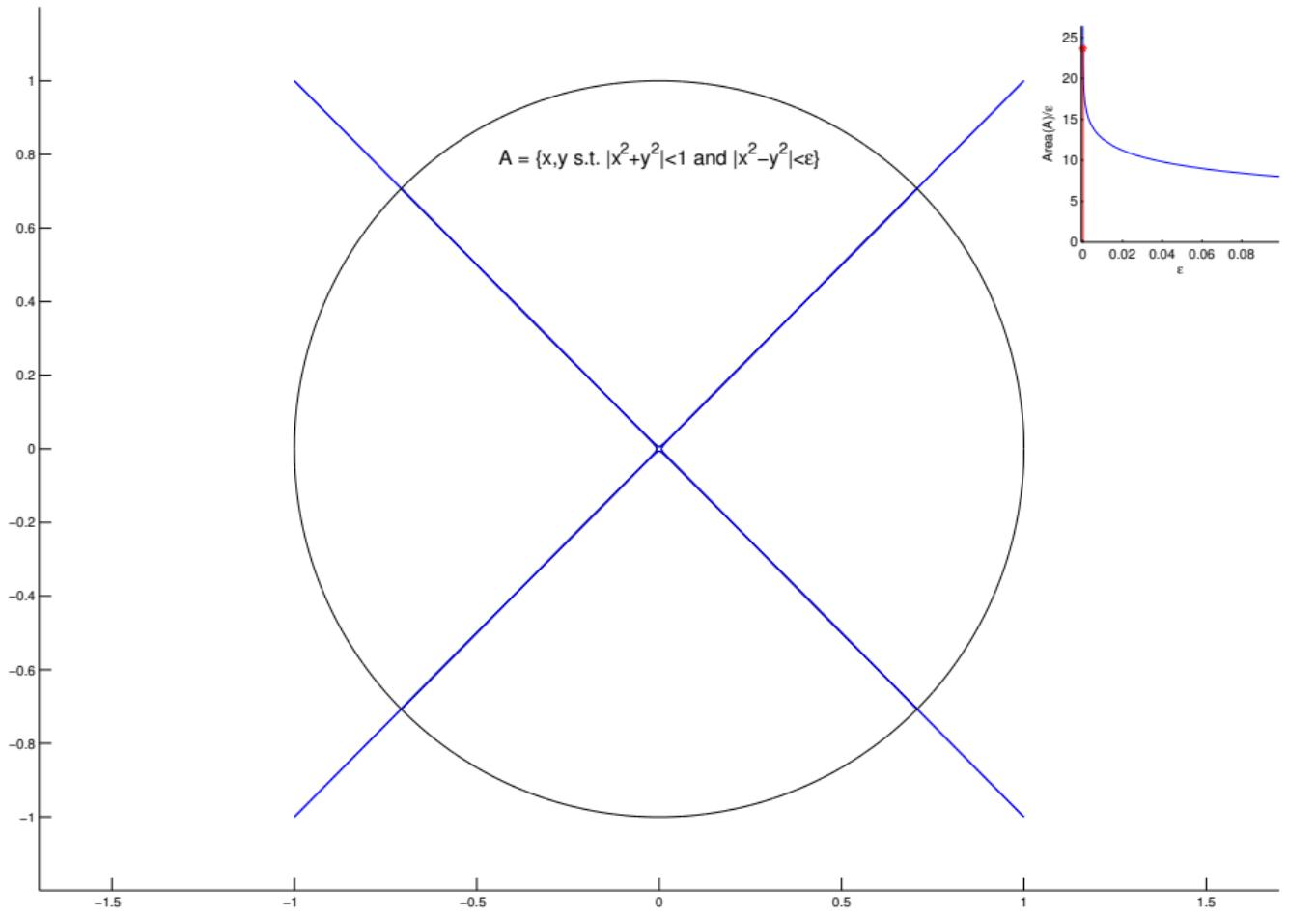


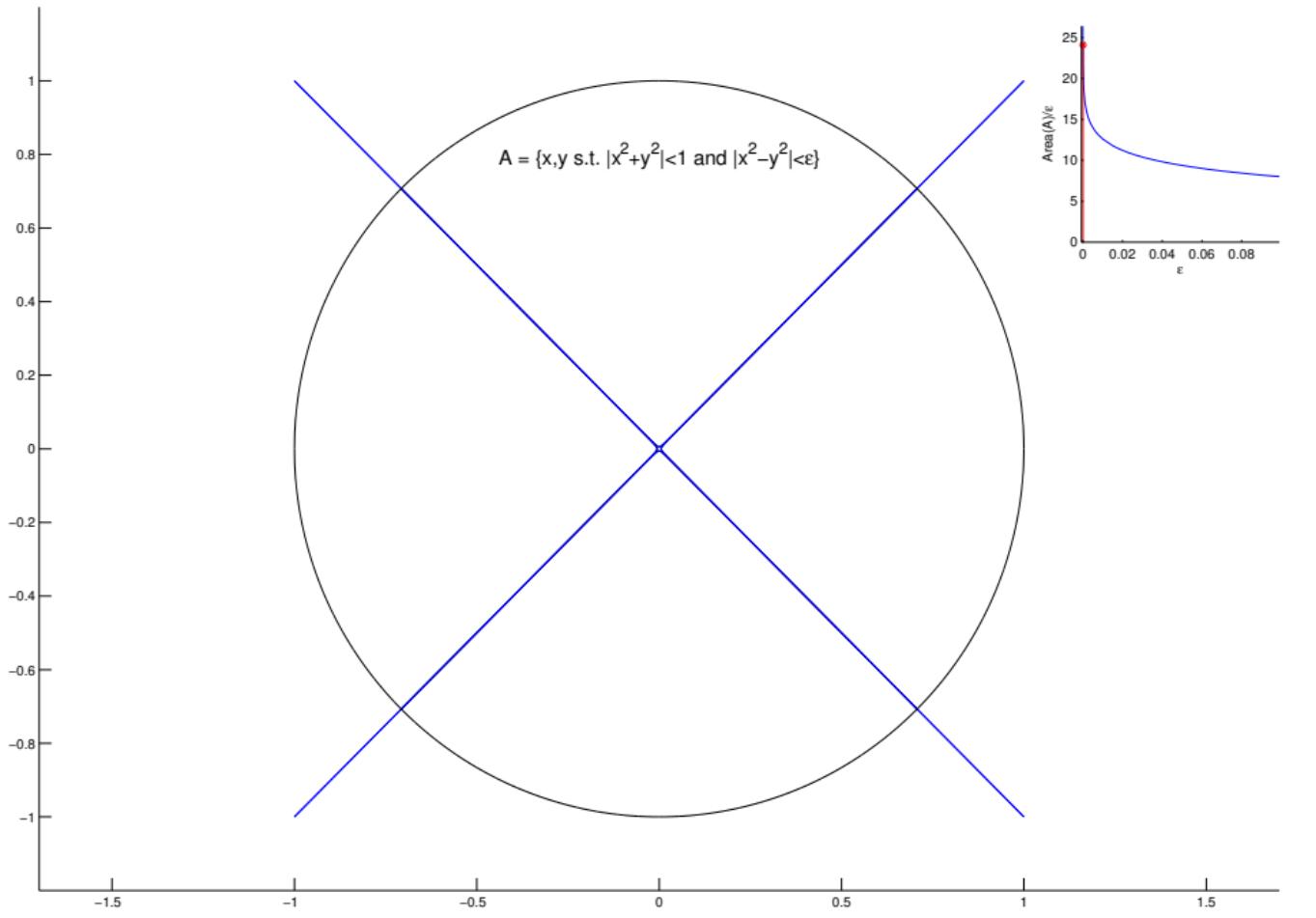


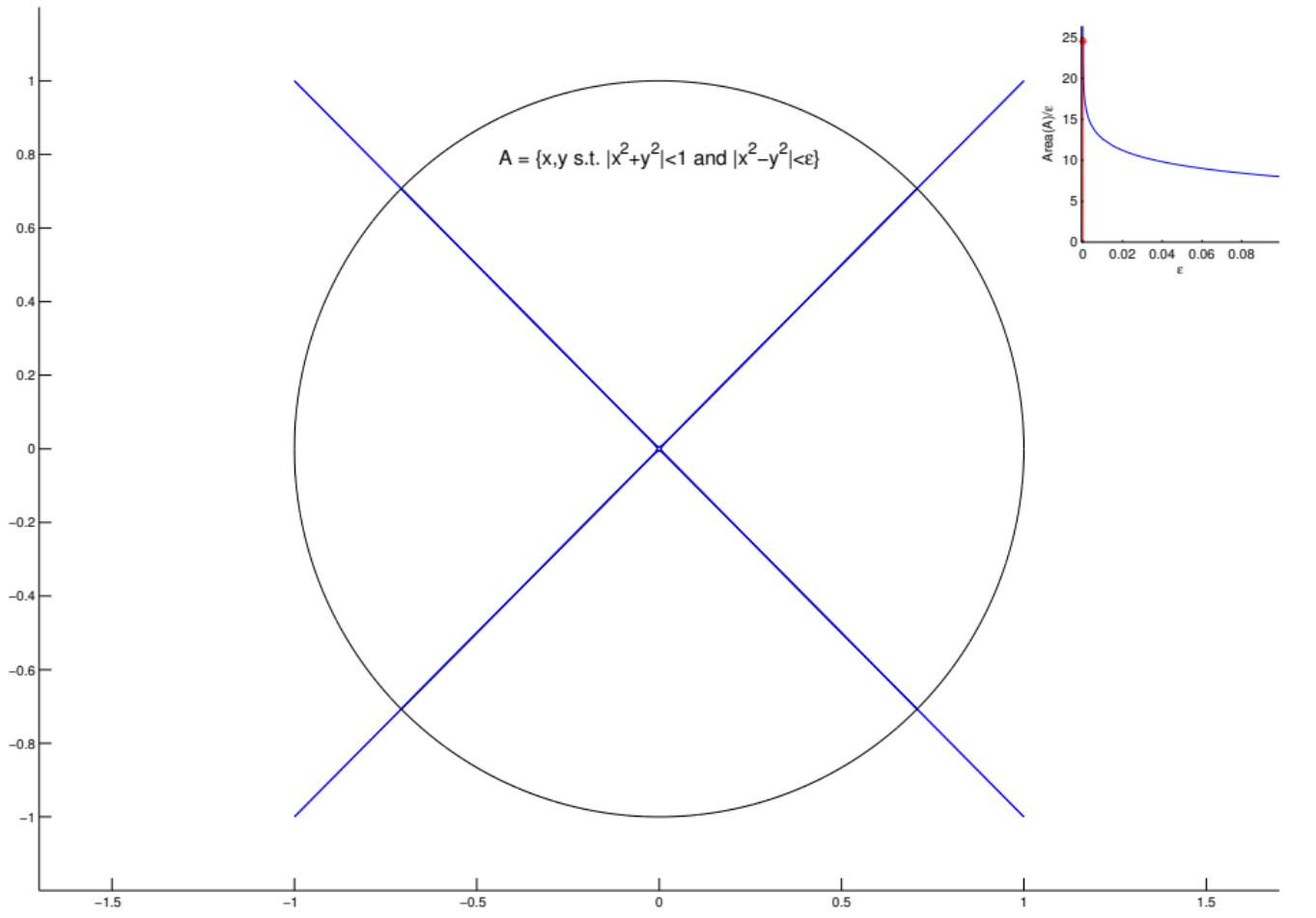


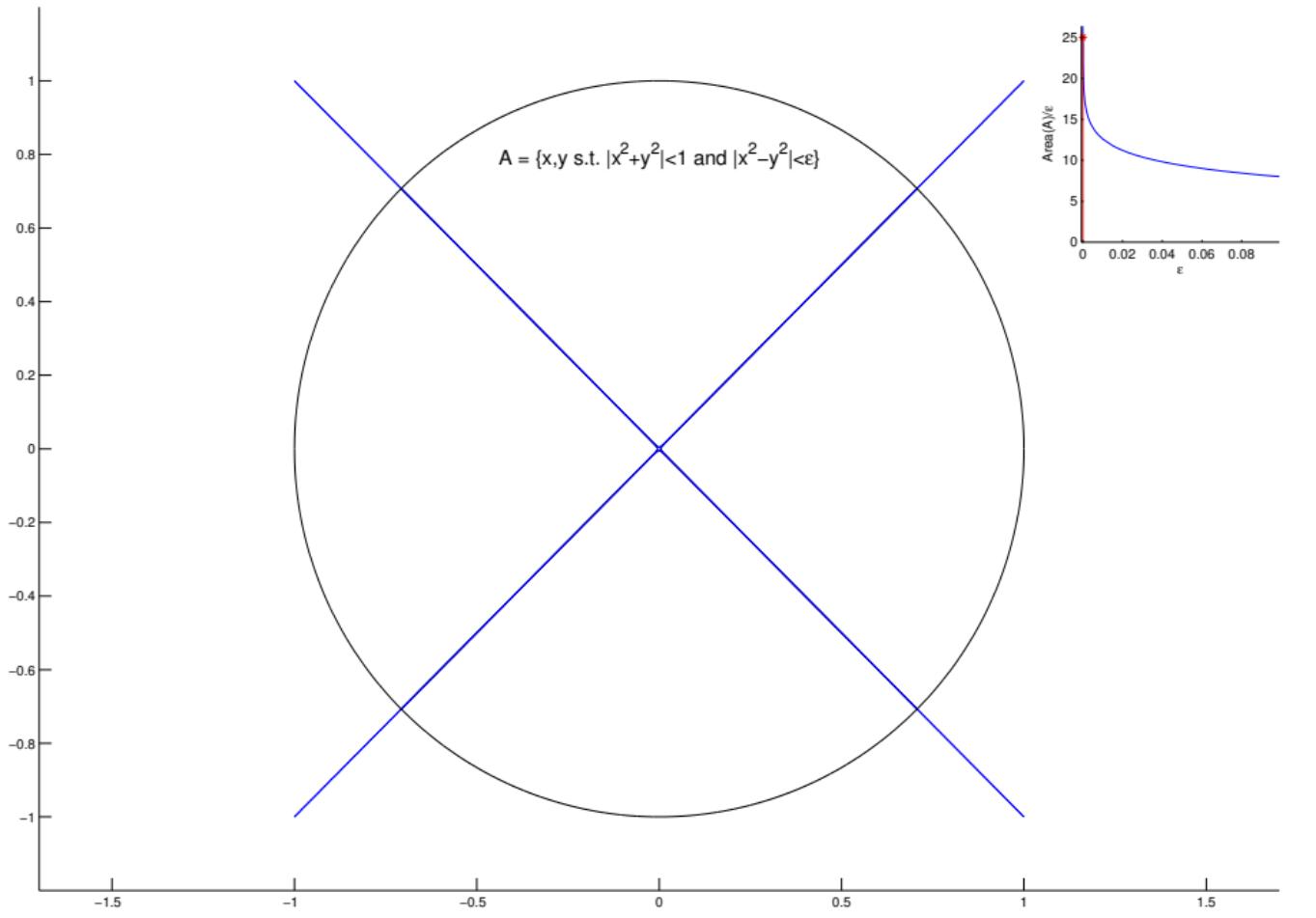


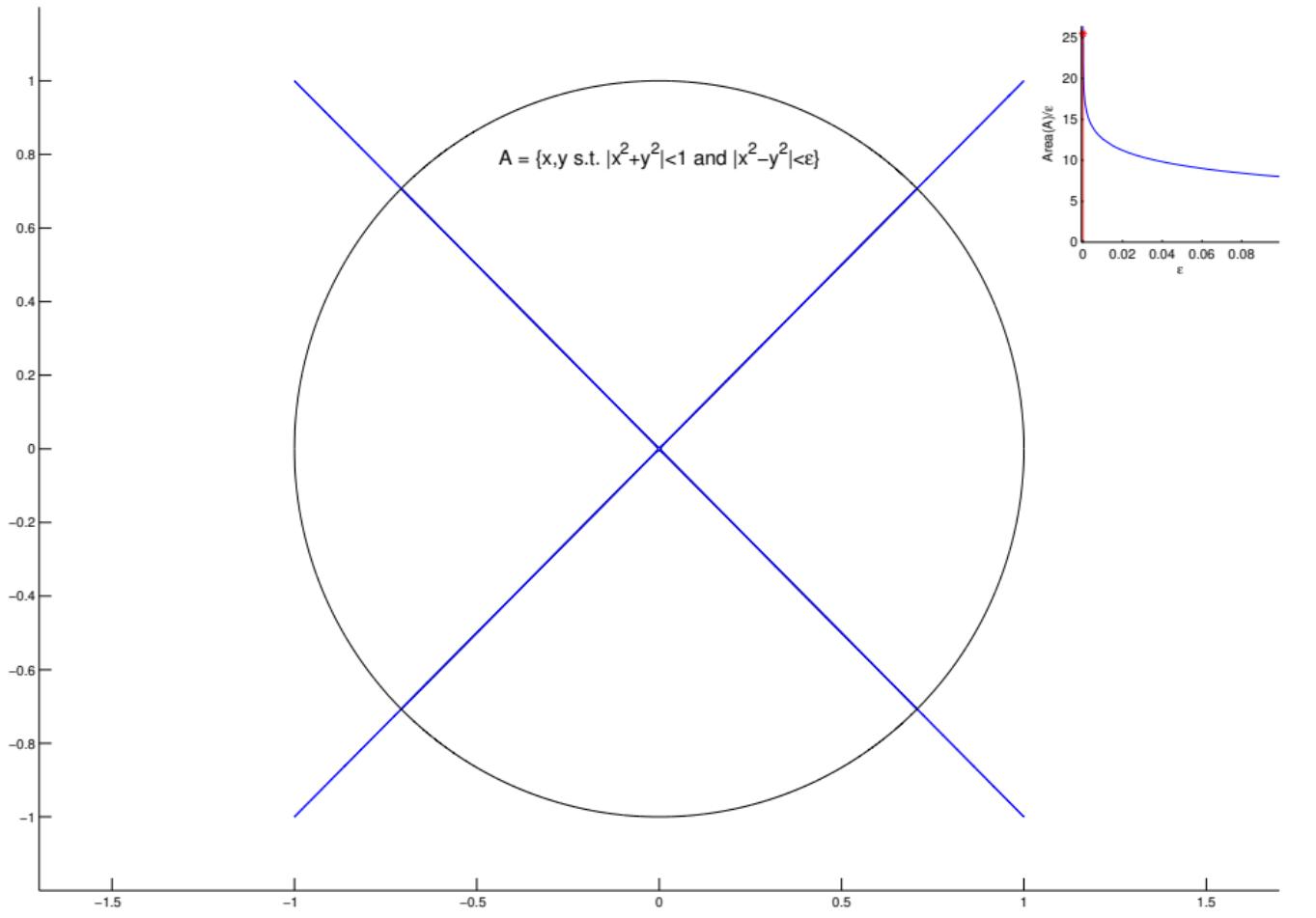


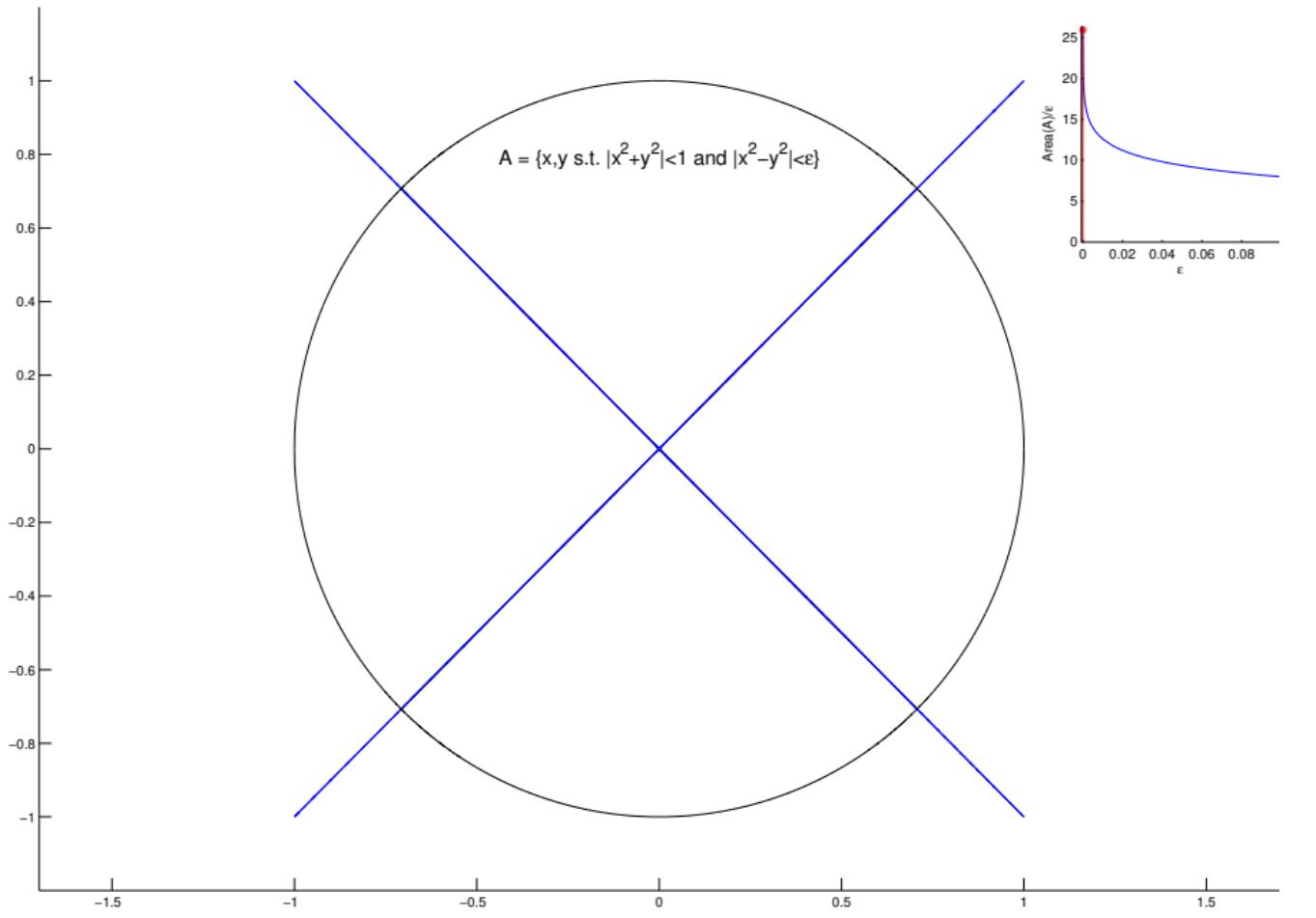


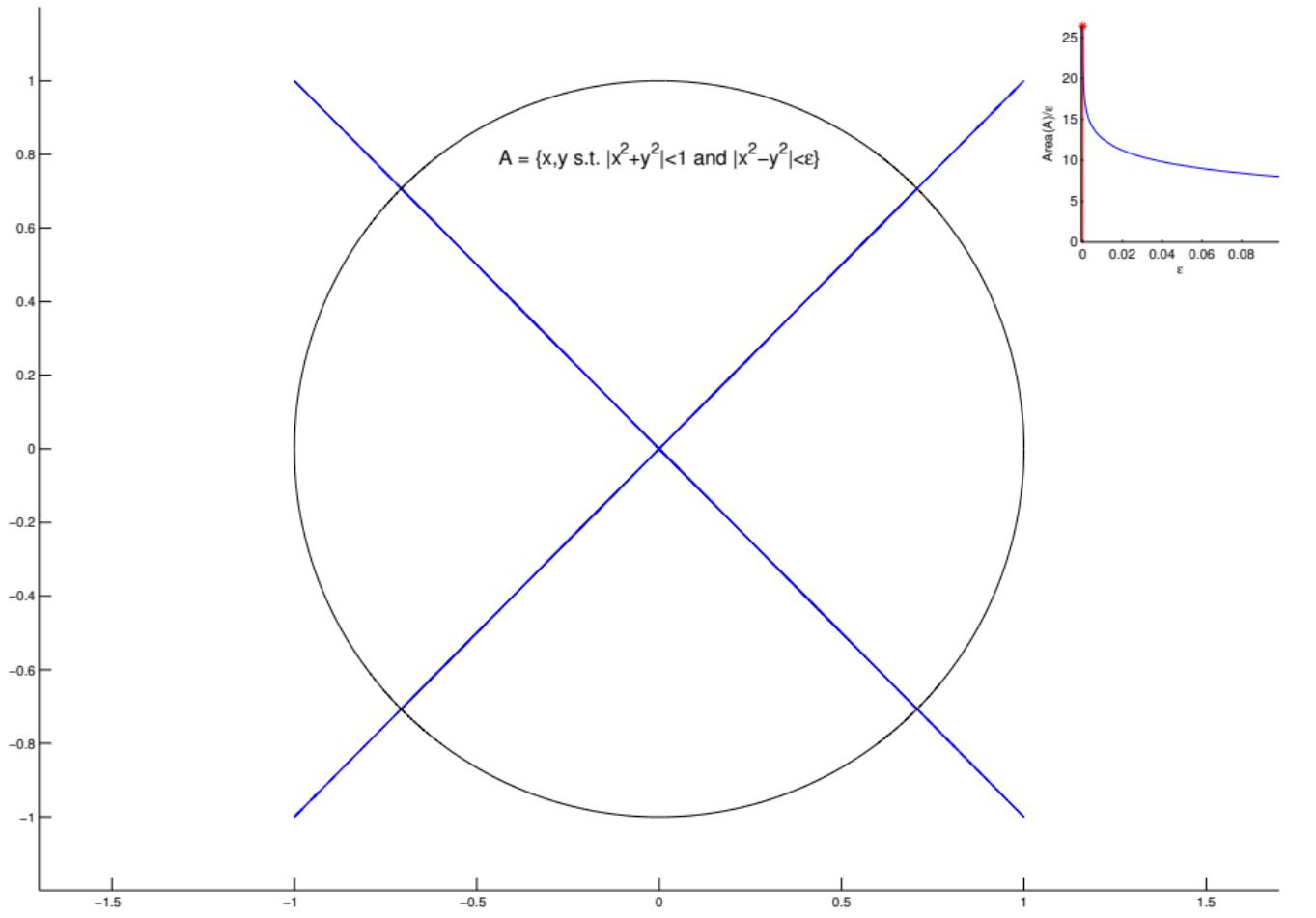




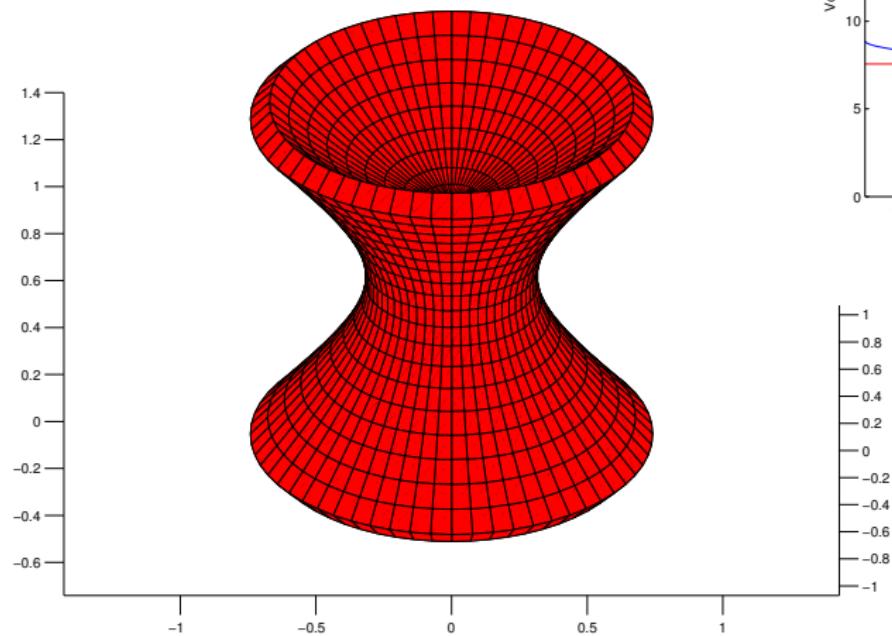




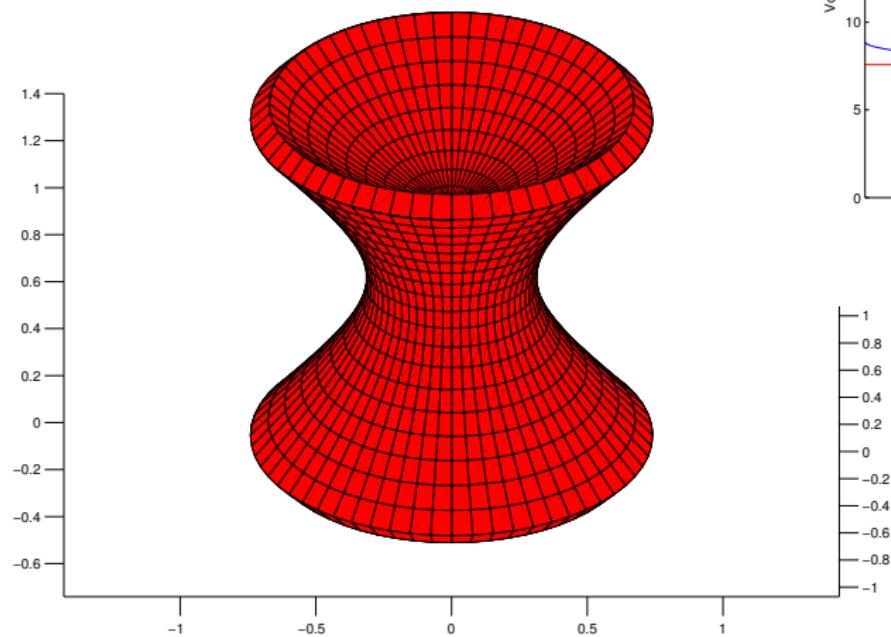




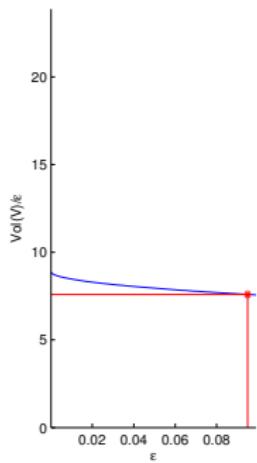
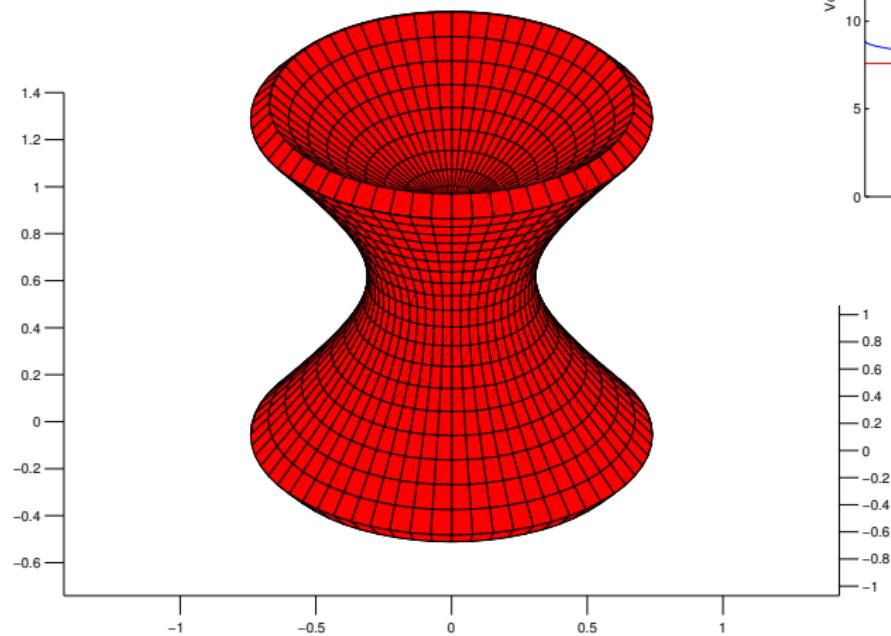
$$V = \{x, y, z \text{ s.t. } |x^2 + y^2 + z^2| < 1 \text{ and } |x^2 + y^2 - z^2| < \epsilon\}$$



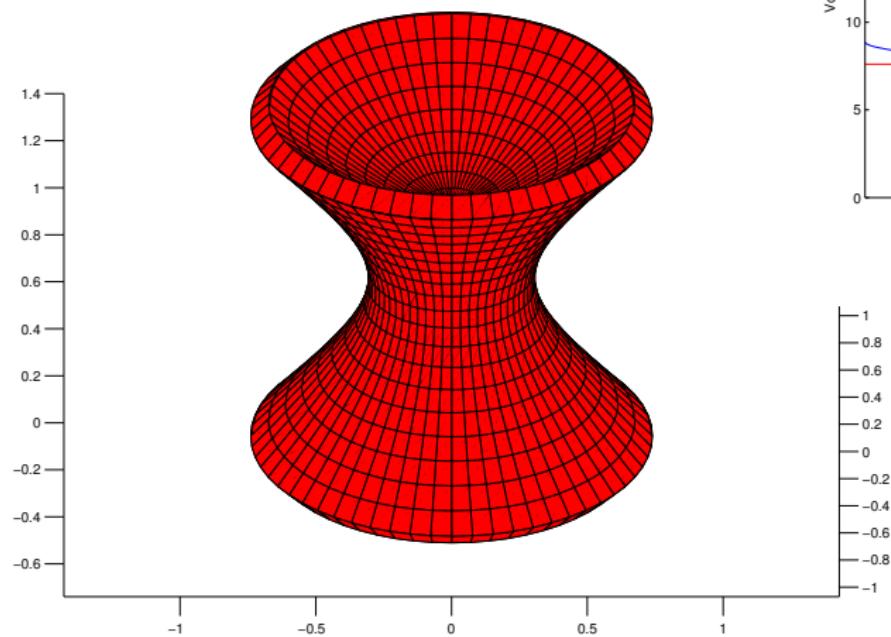
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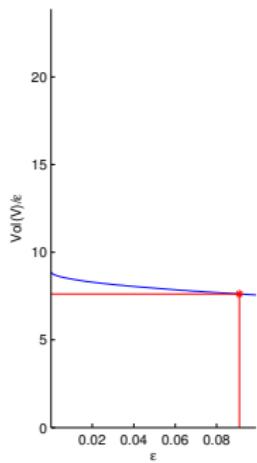
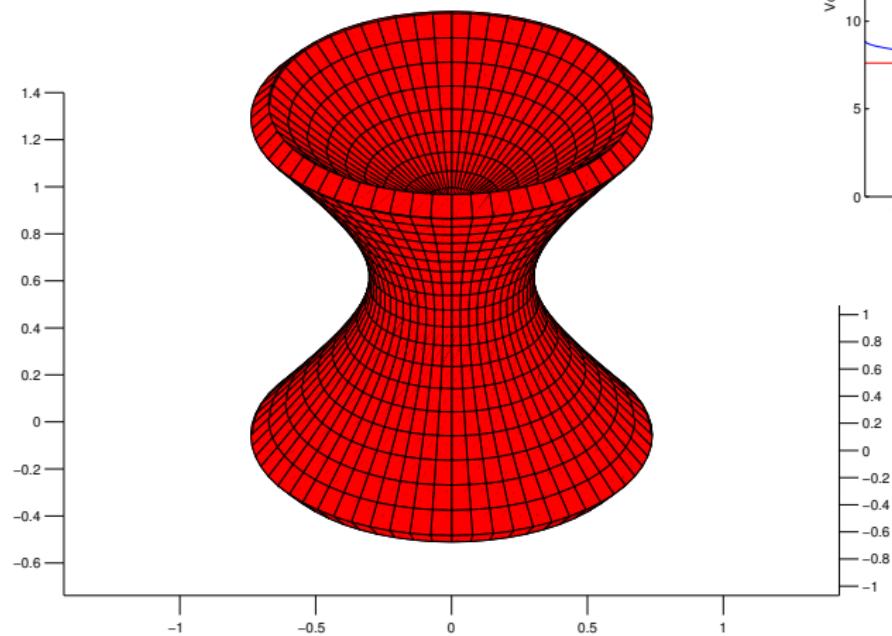
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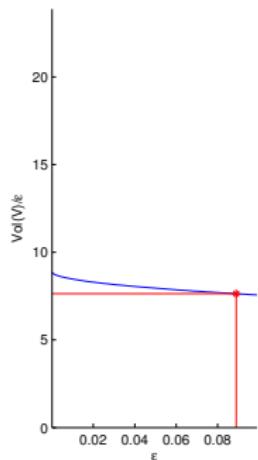
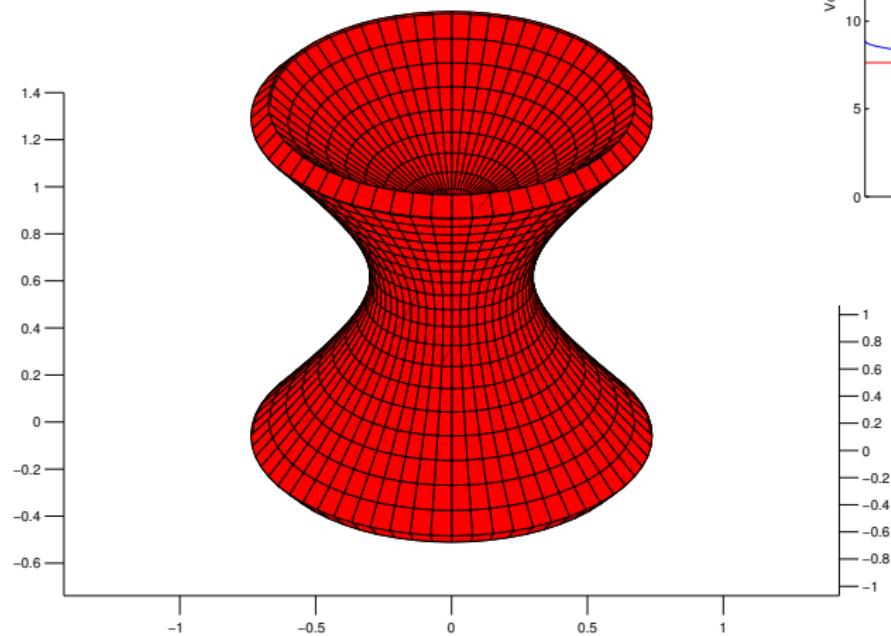
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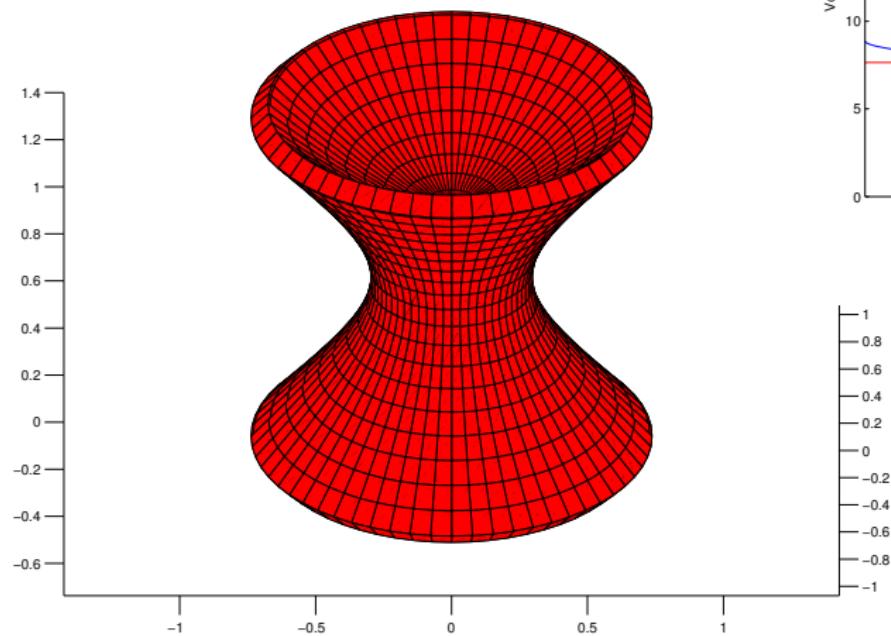
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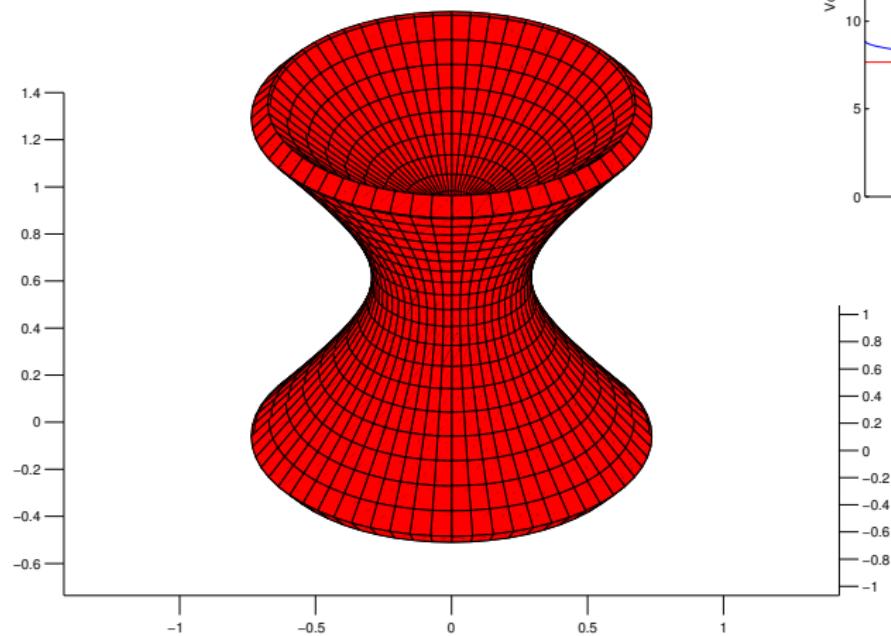
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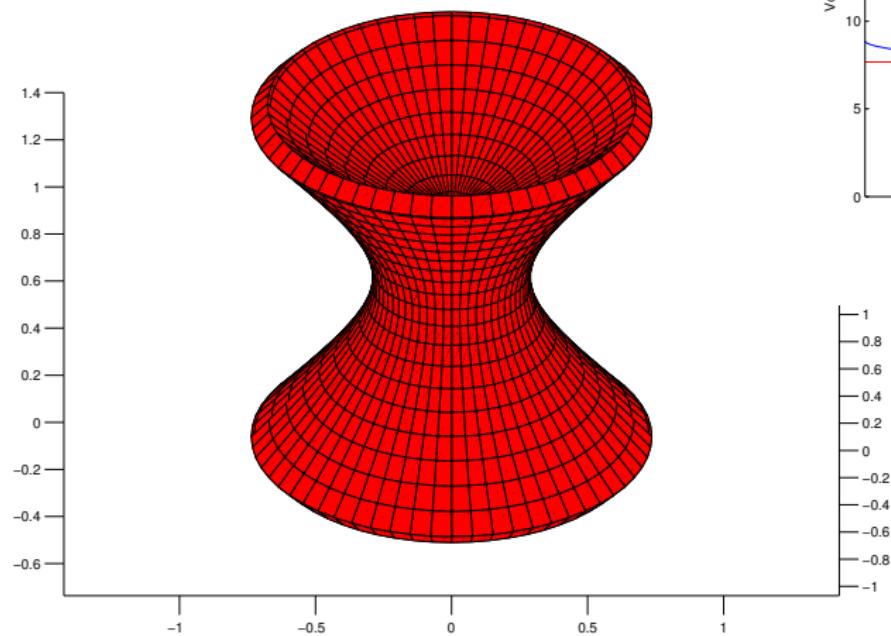
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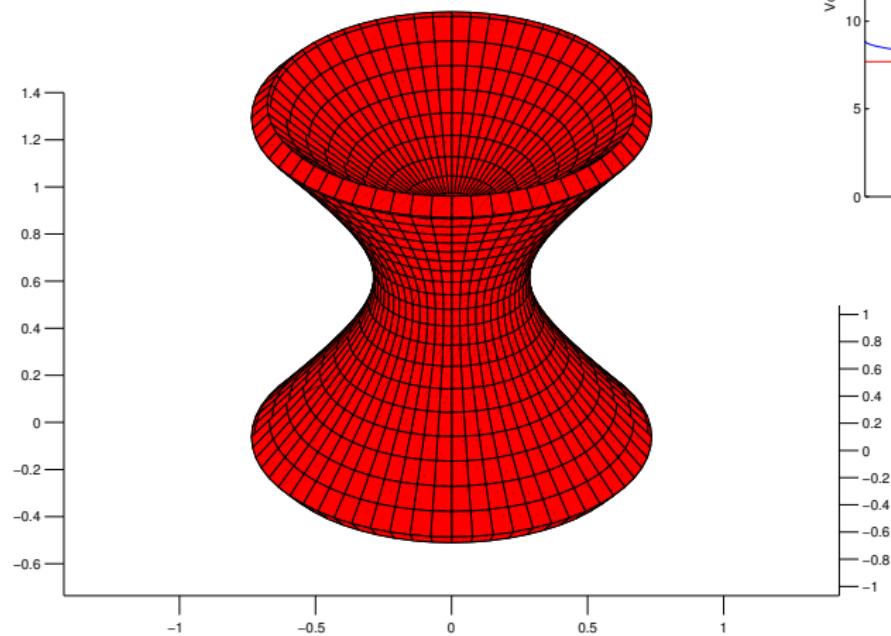
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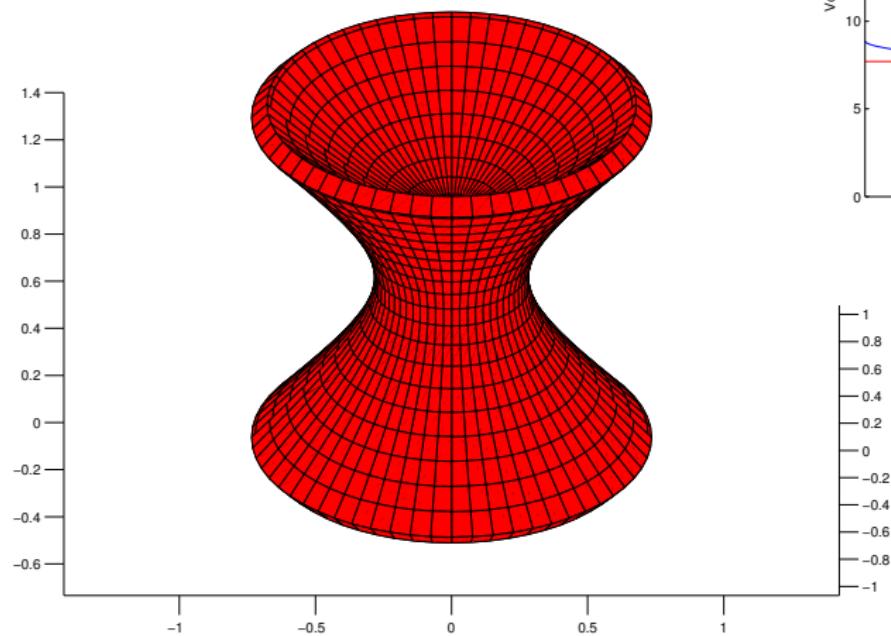
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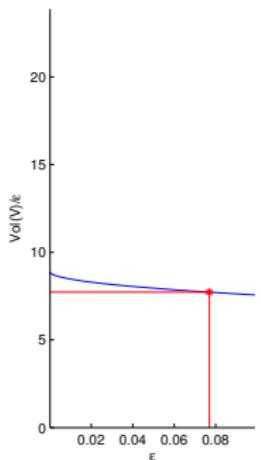
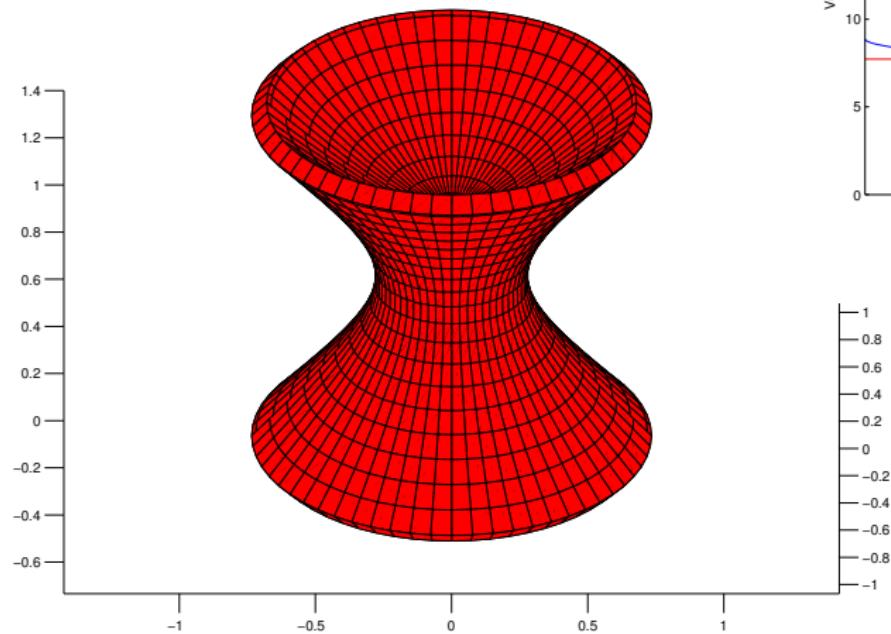
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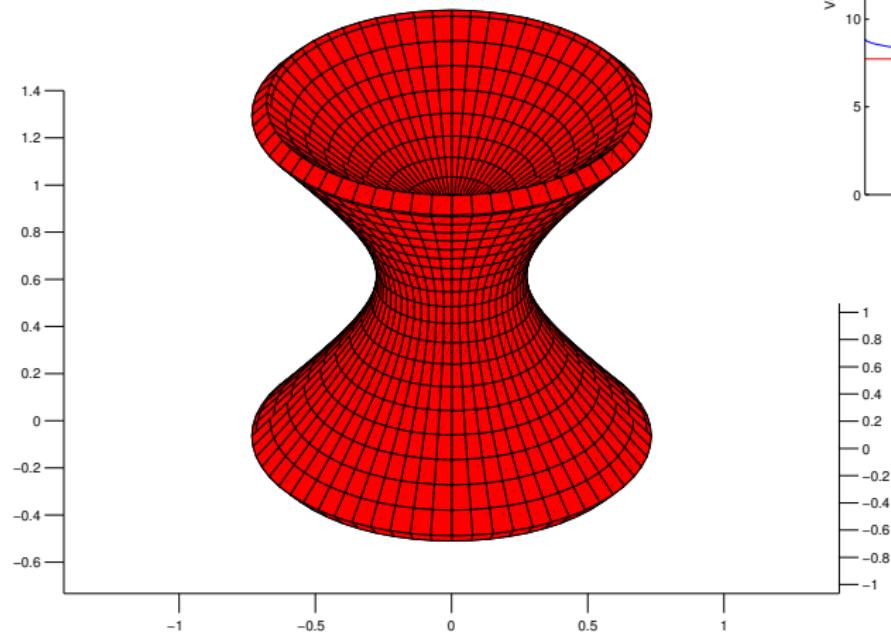
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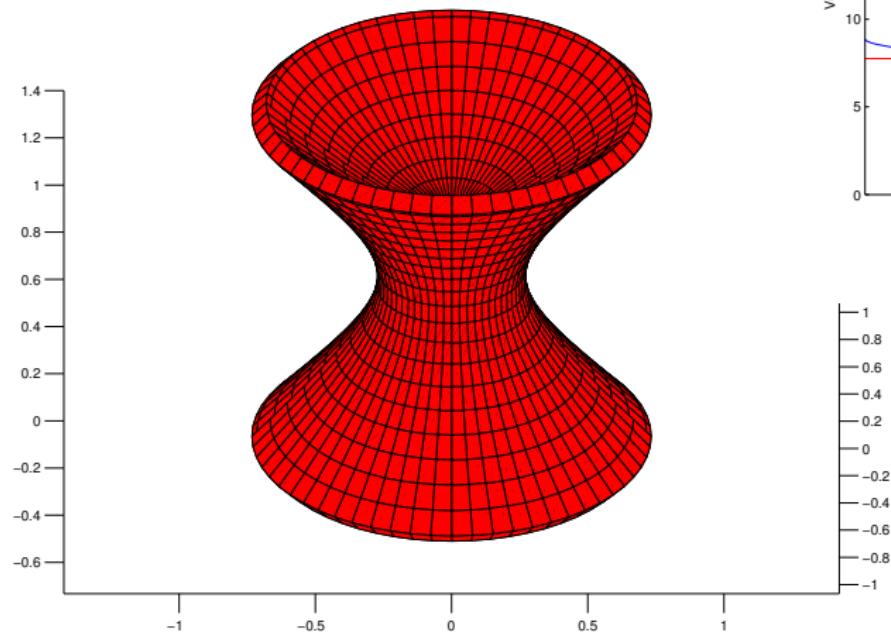
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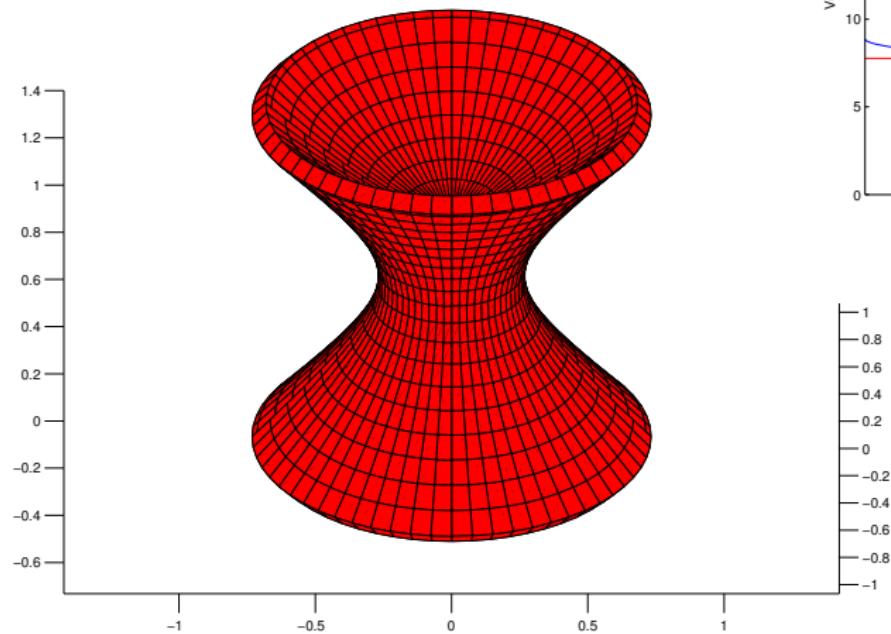
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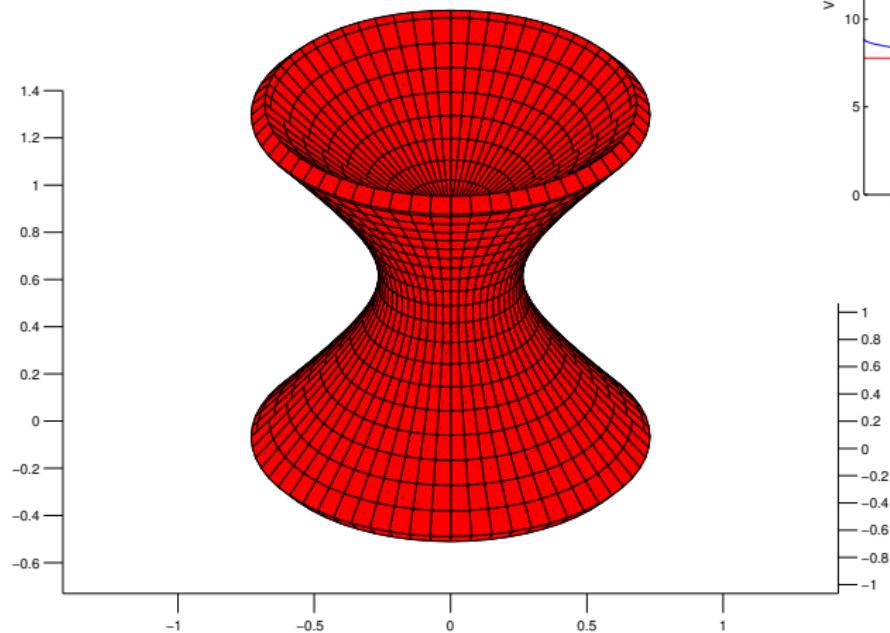
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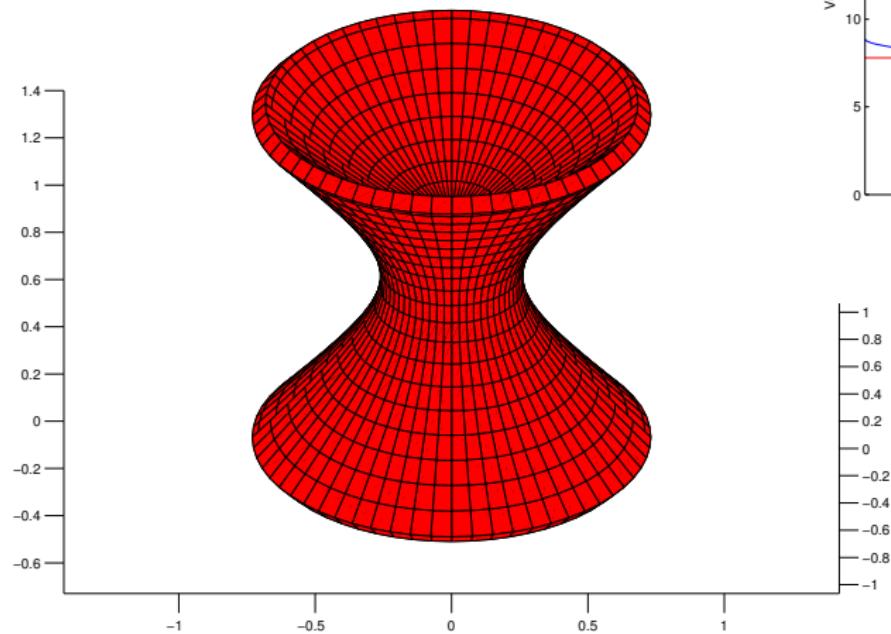
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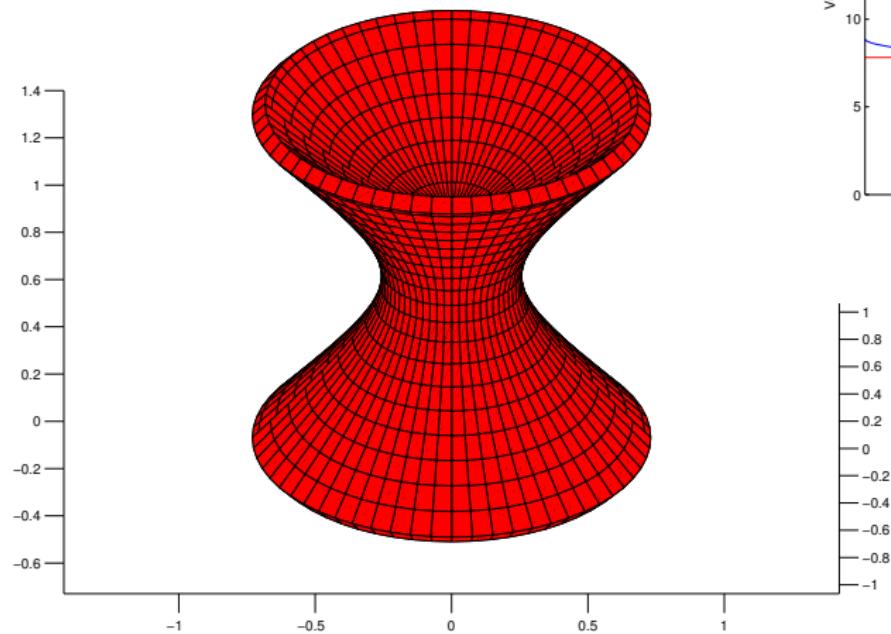
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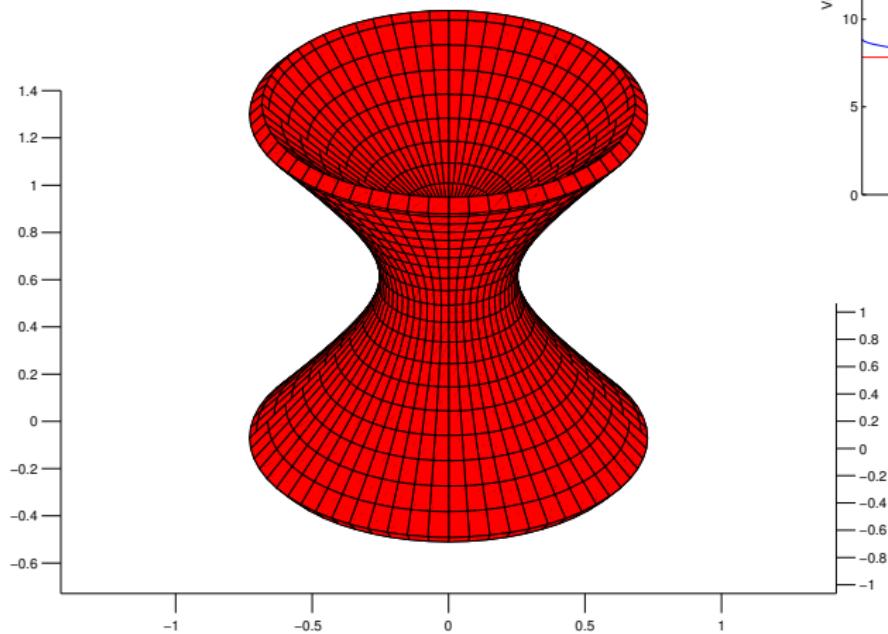
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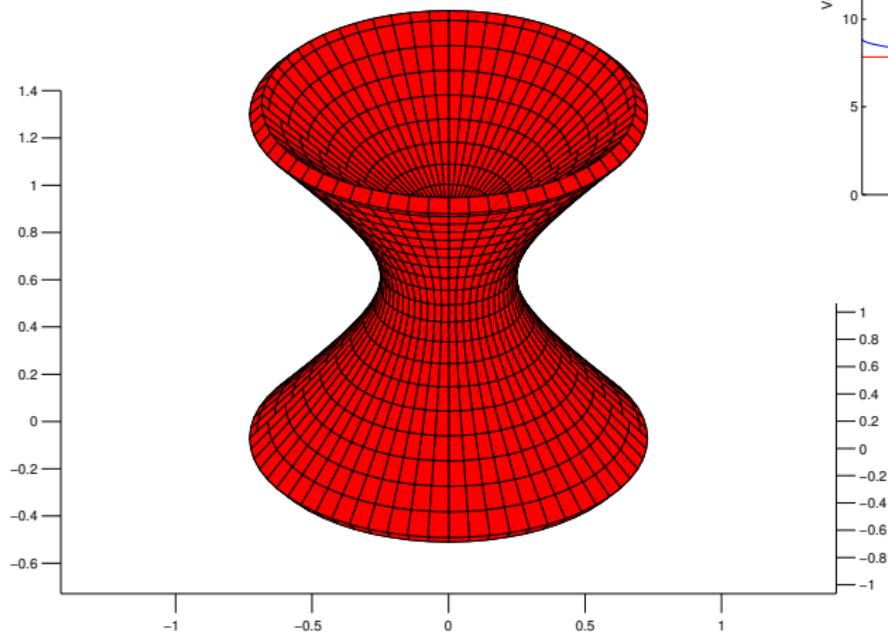
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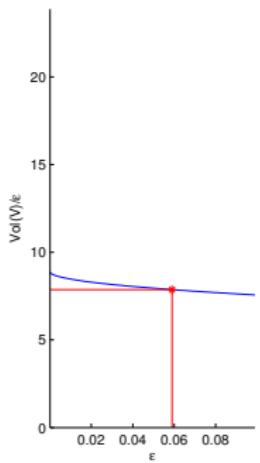
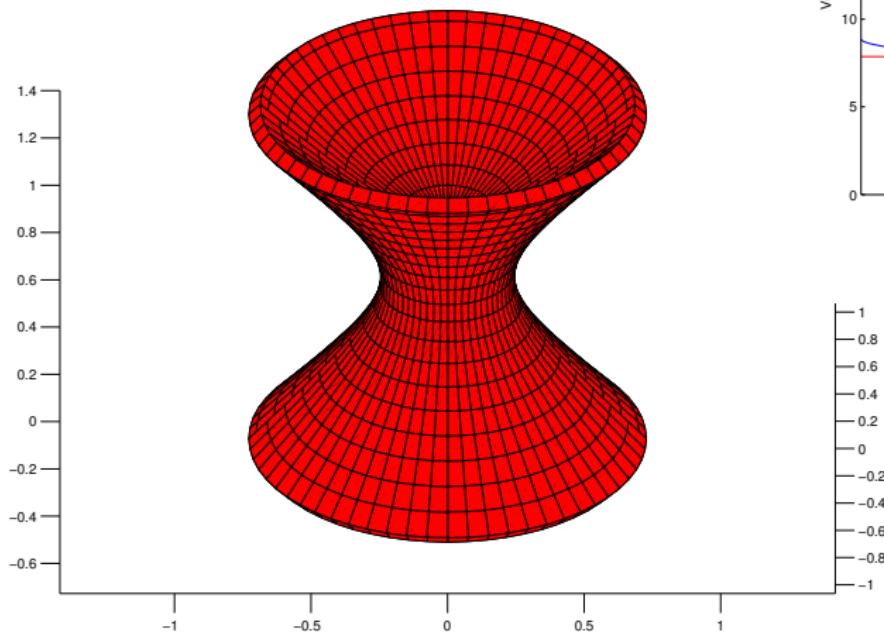
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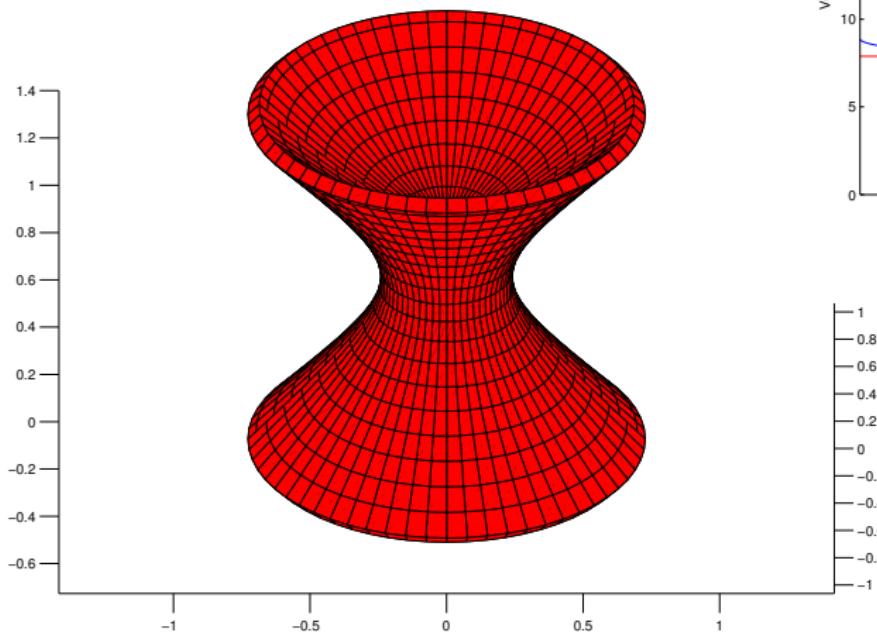
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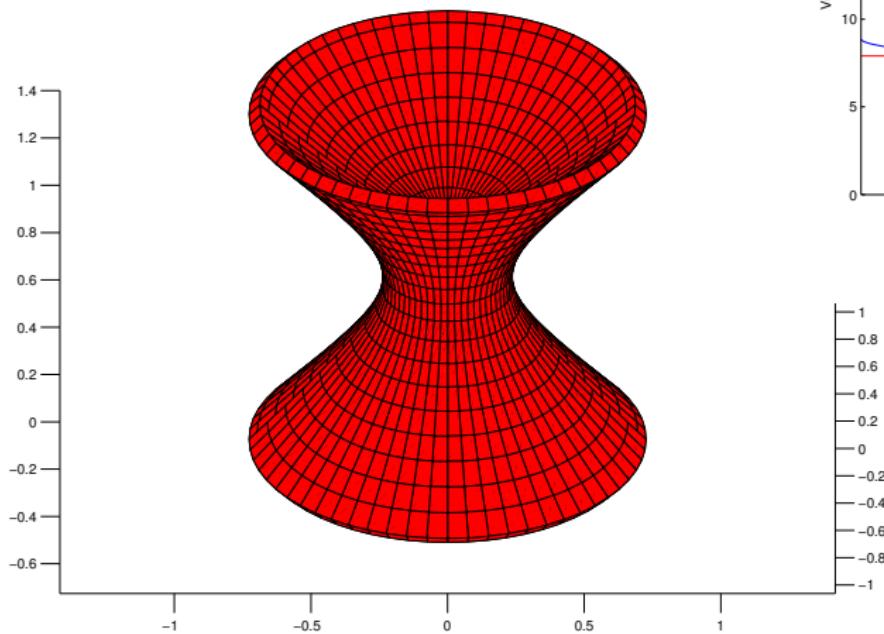
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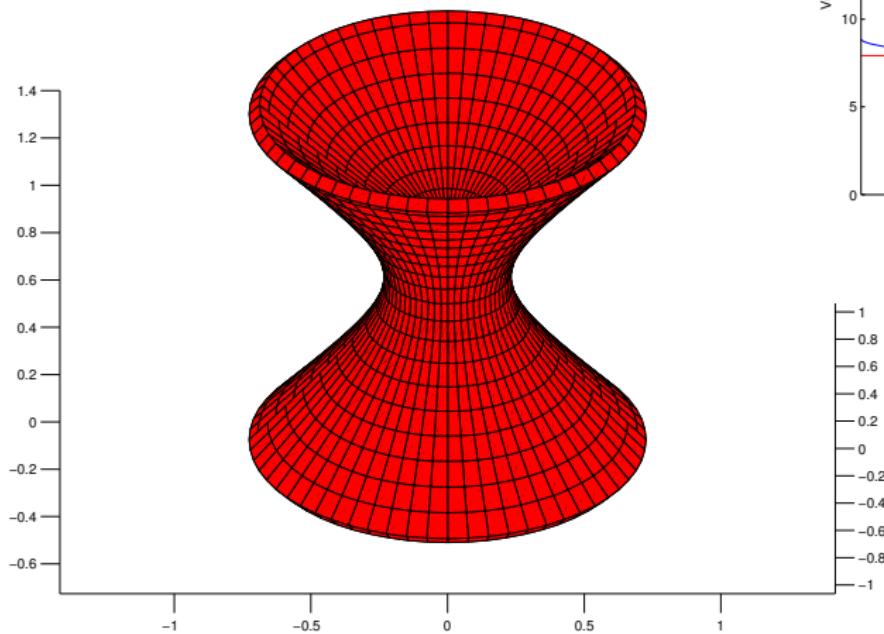
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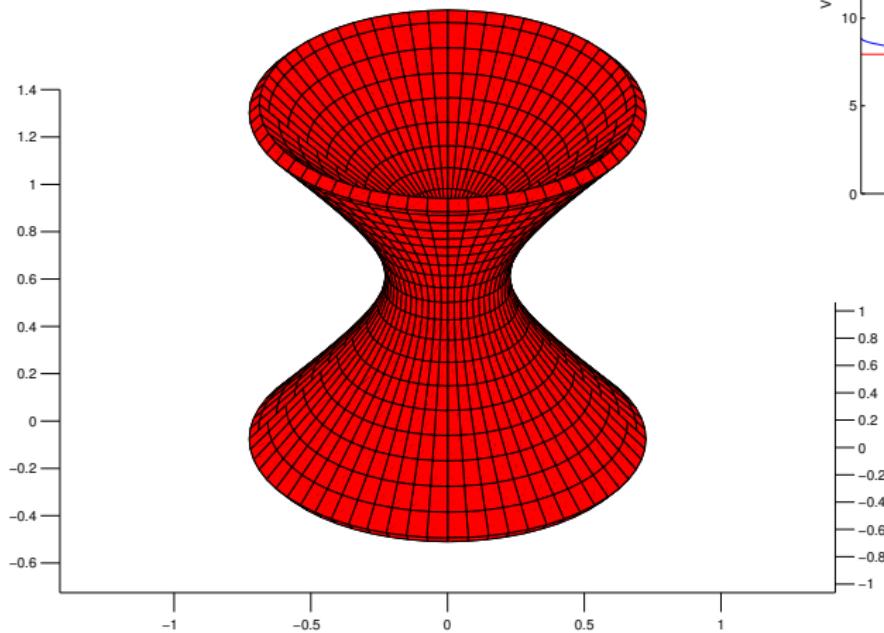
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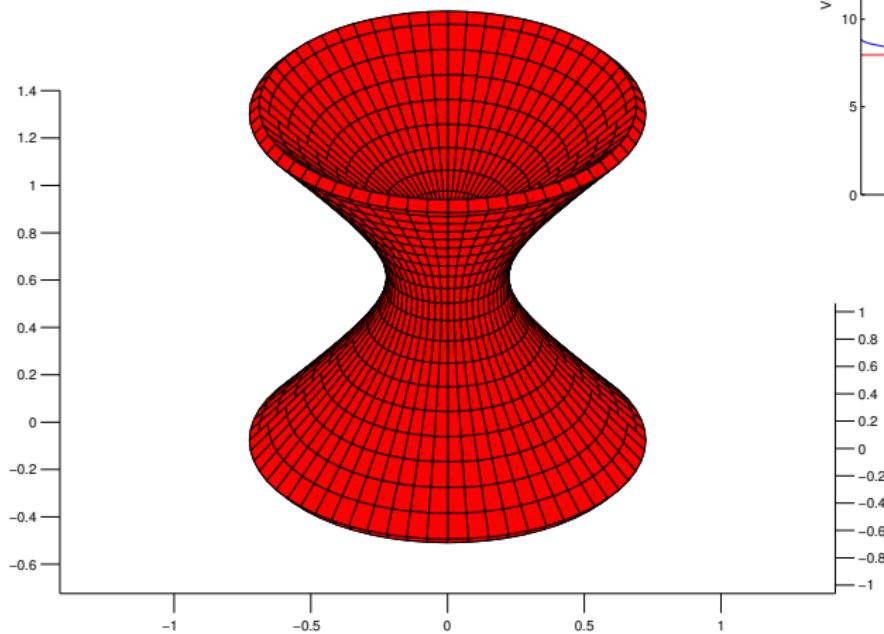
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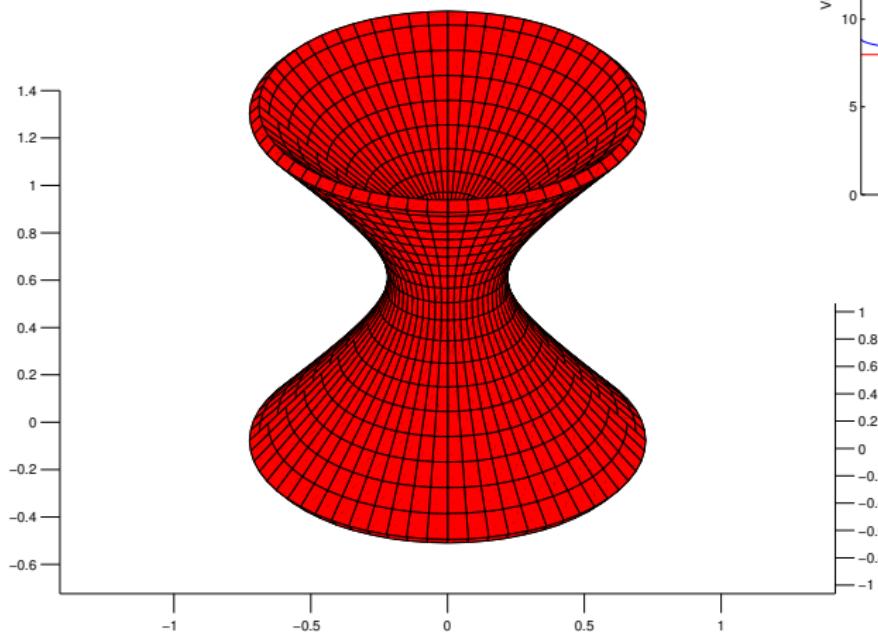
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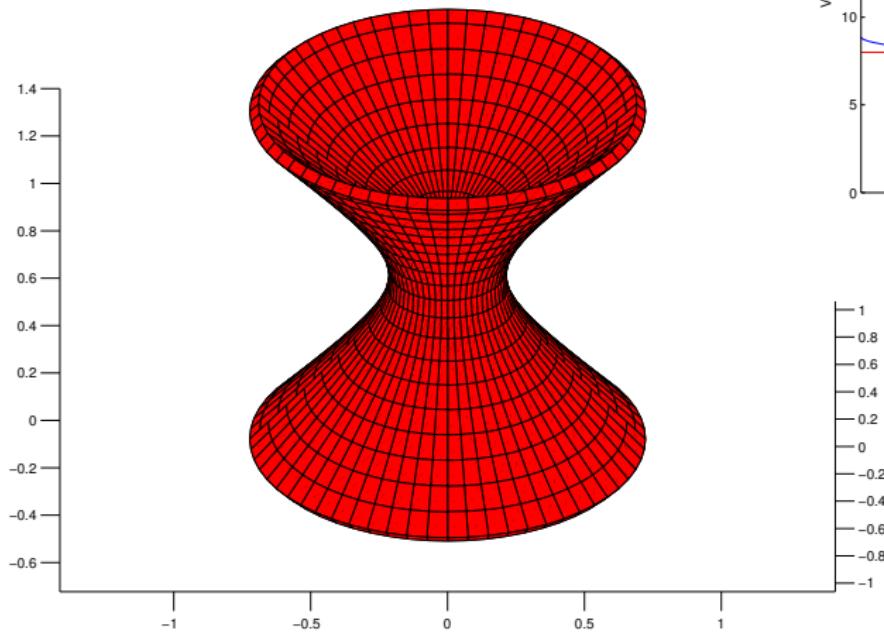
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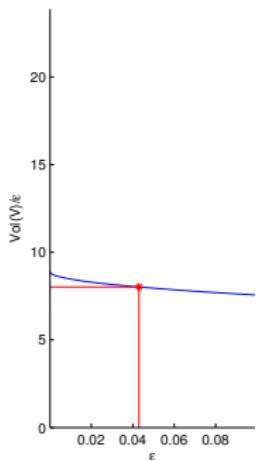
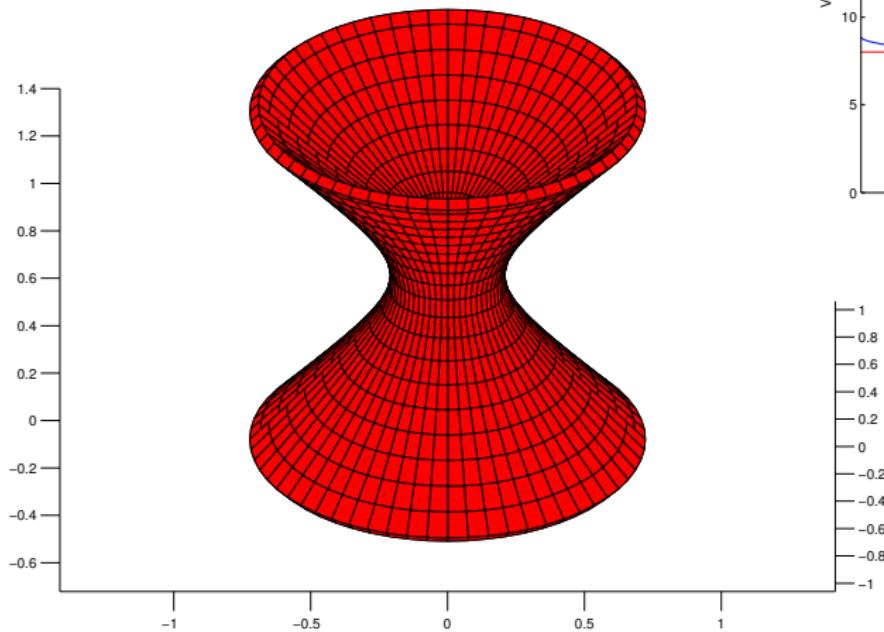
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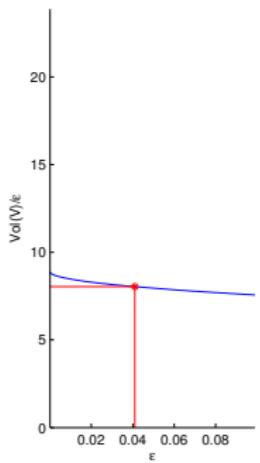
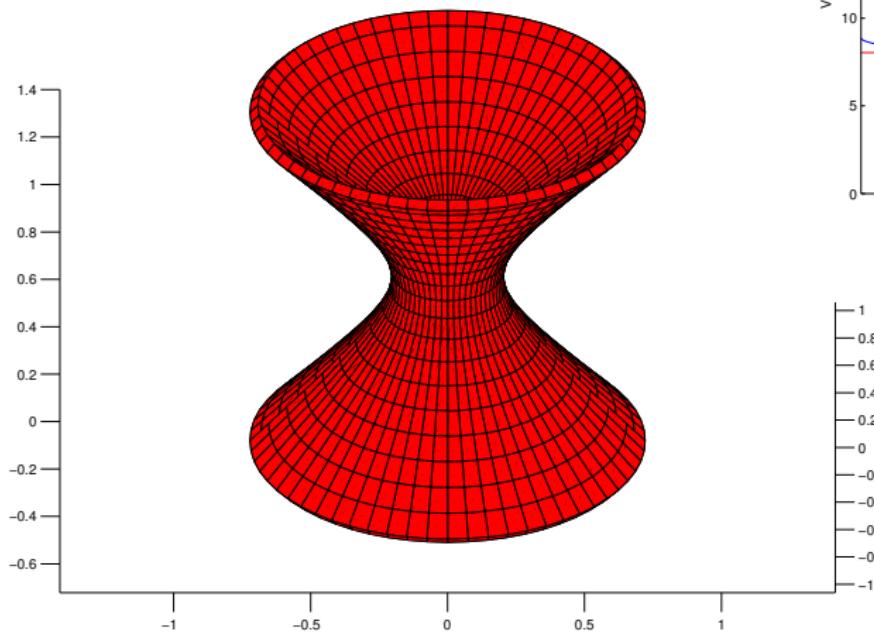
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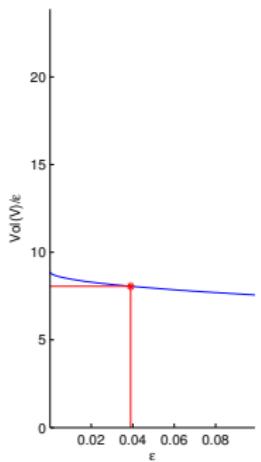
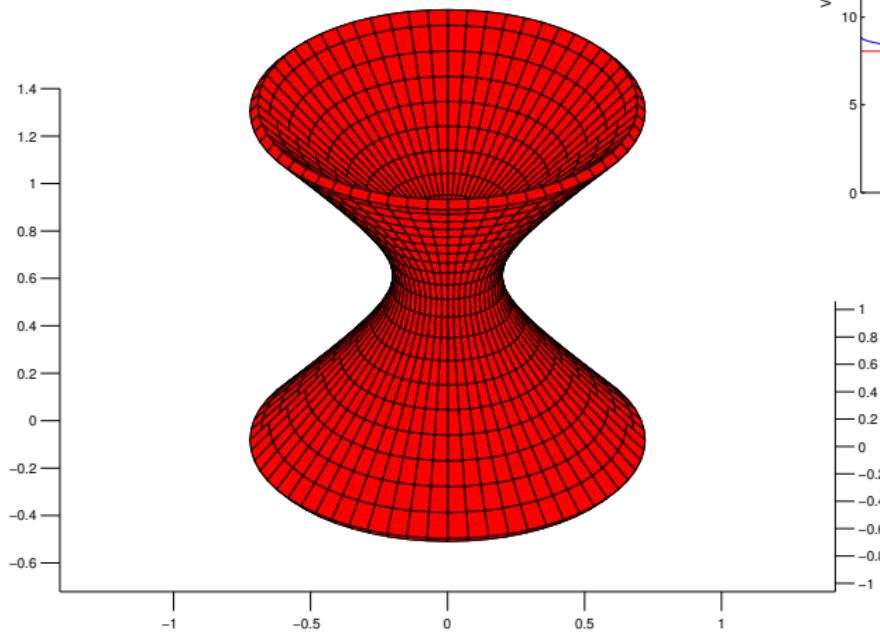
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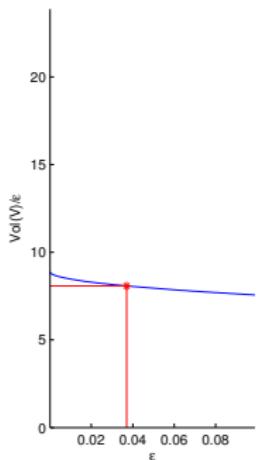
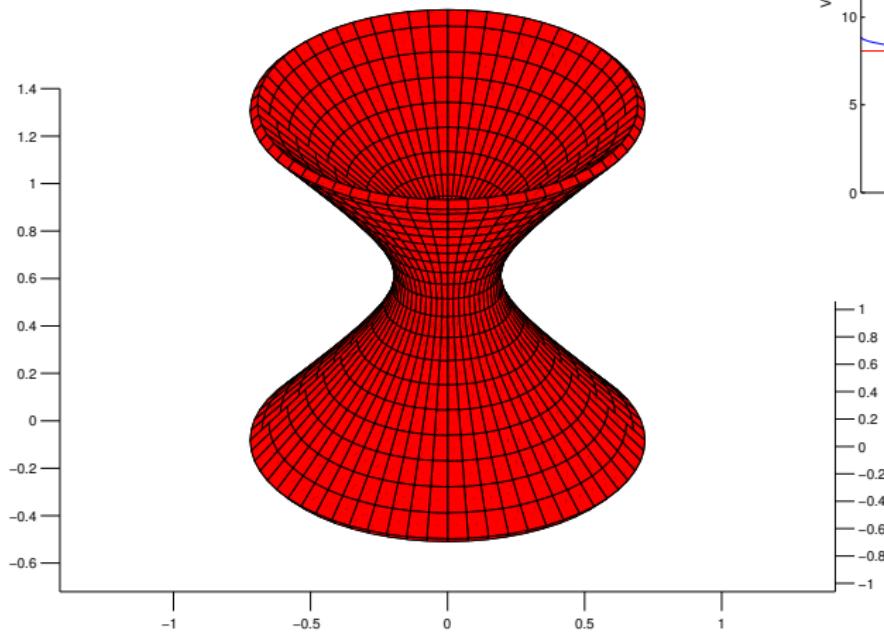
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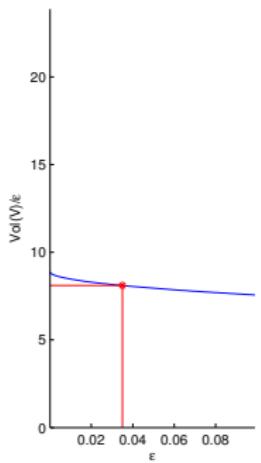
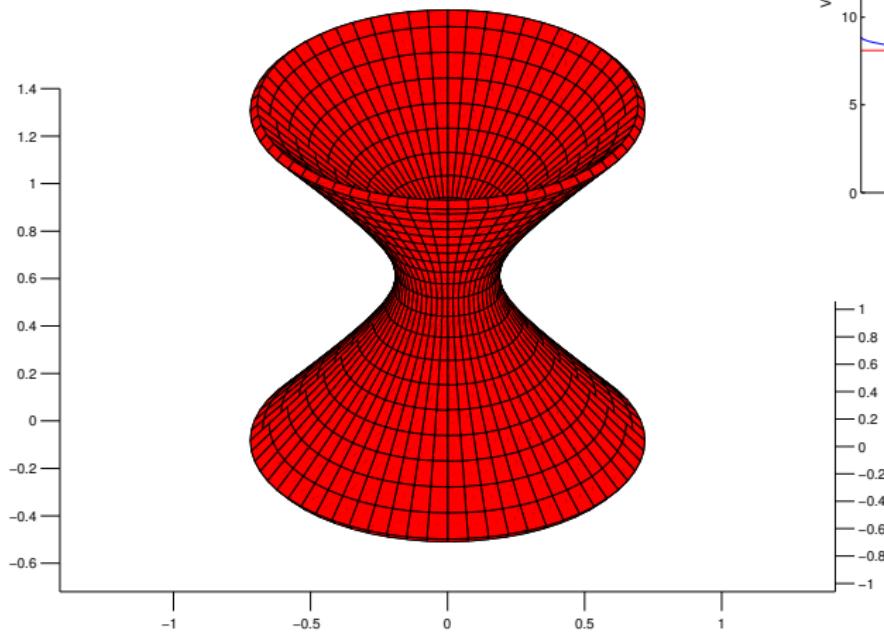
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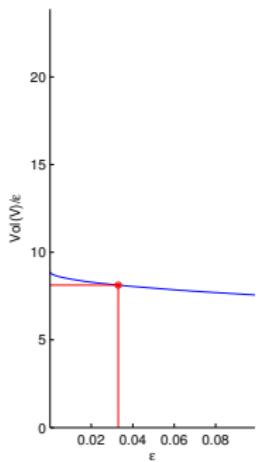
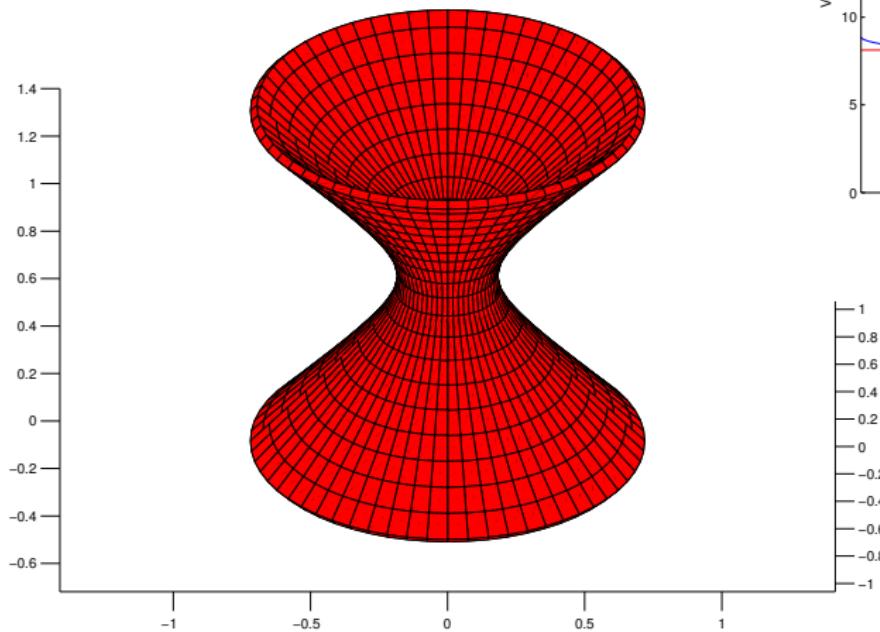
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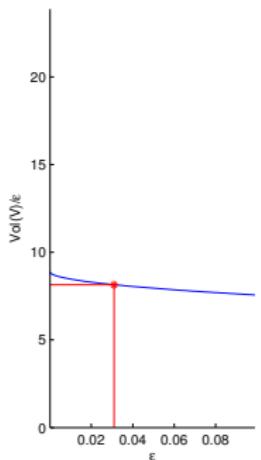
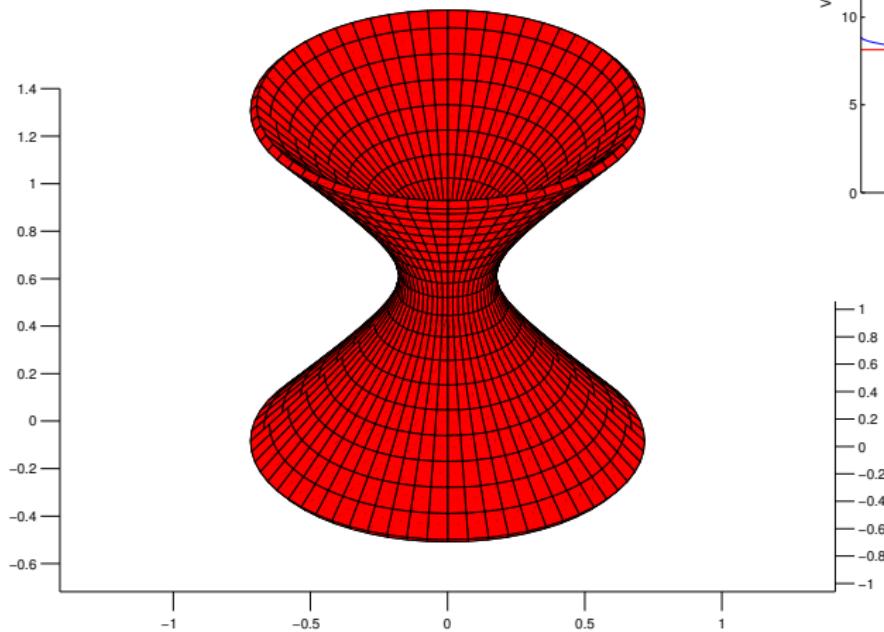
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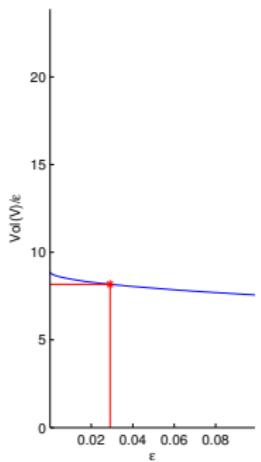
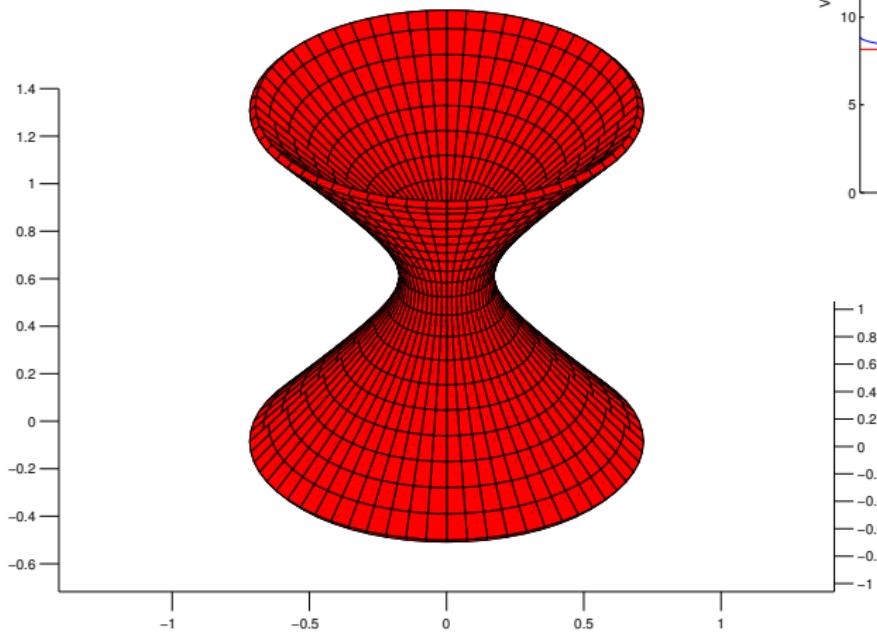
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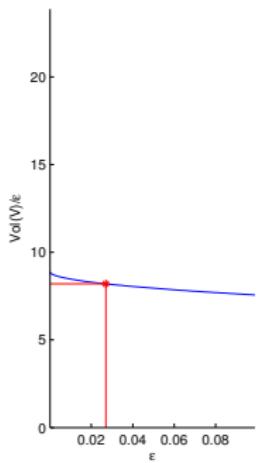
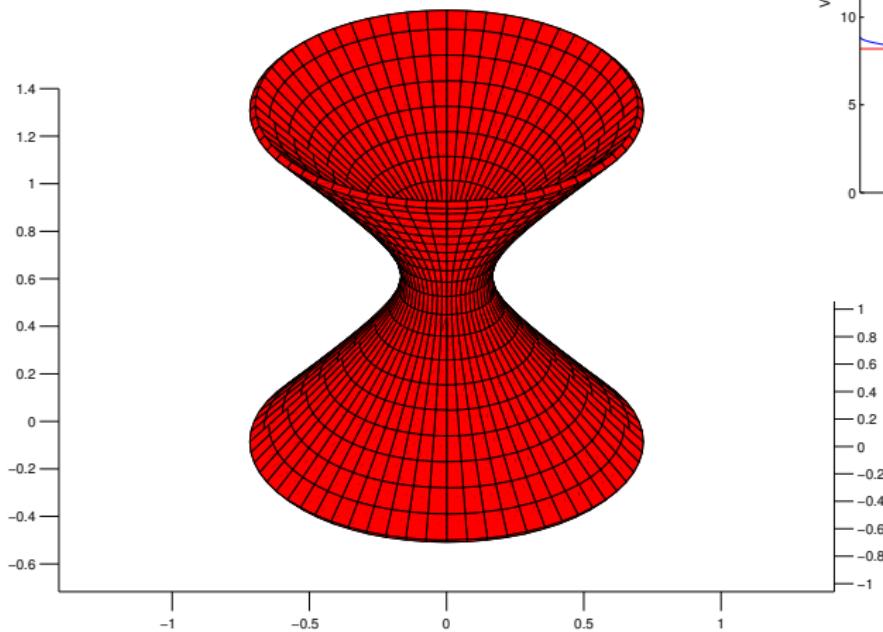
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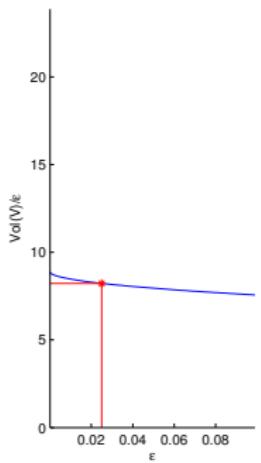
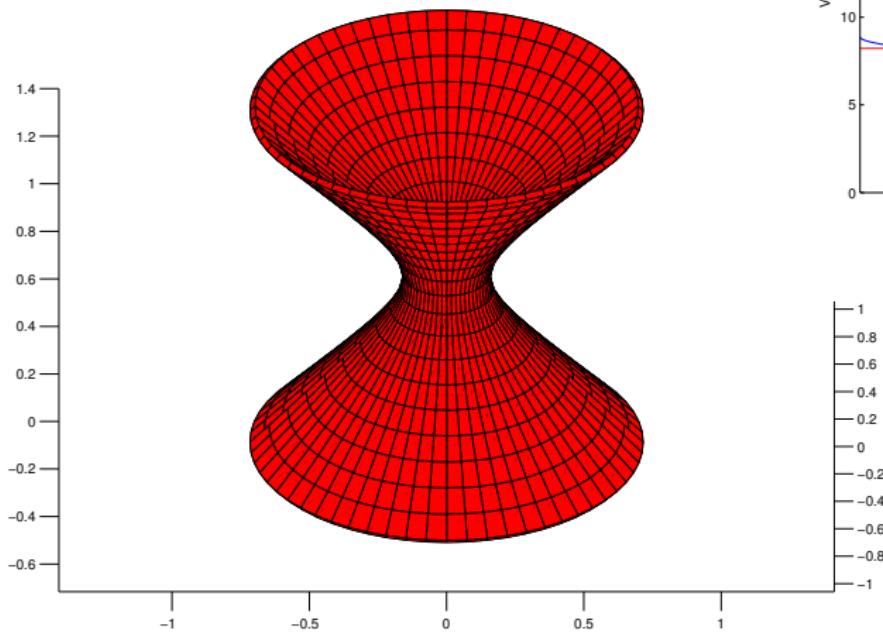
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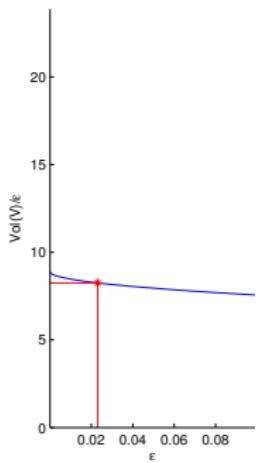
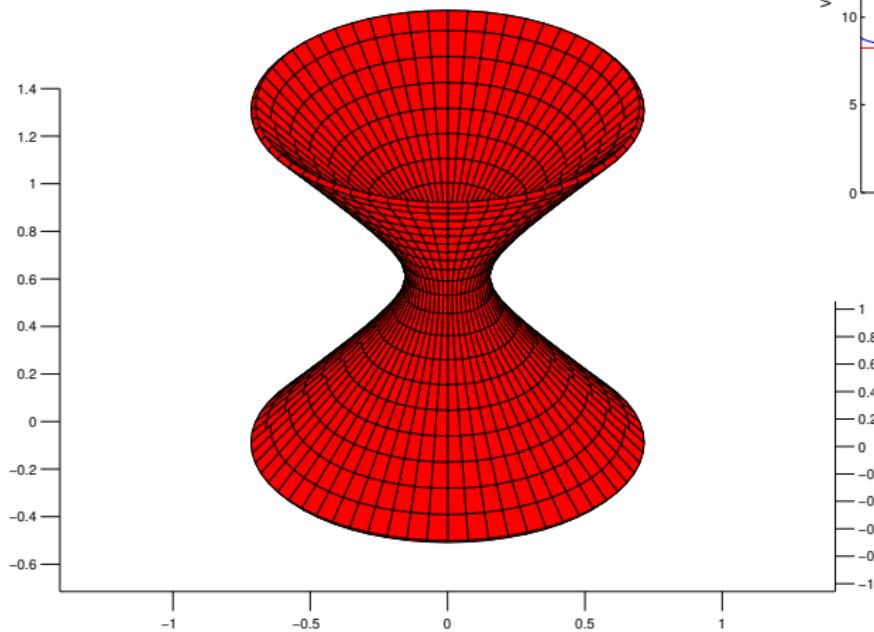
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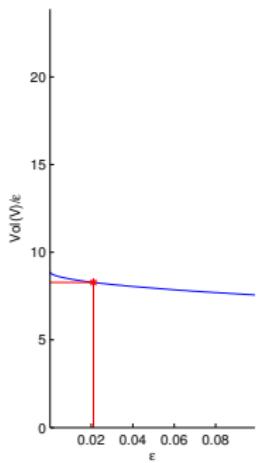
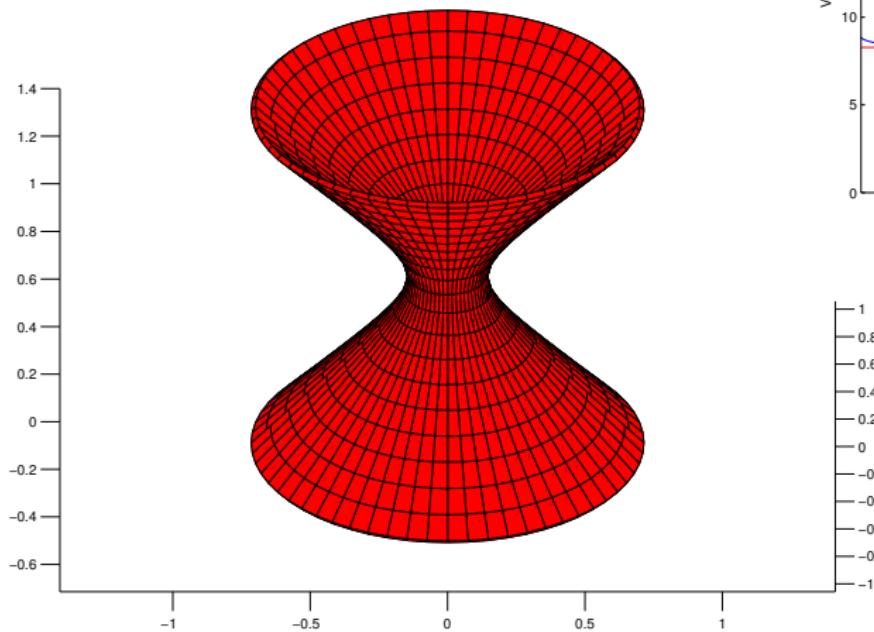
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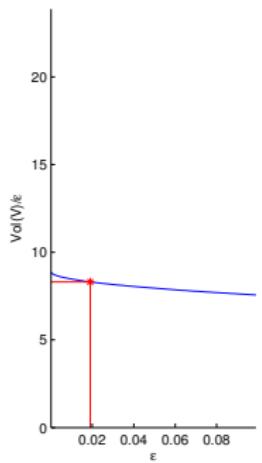
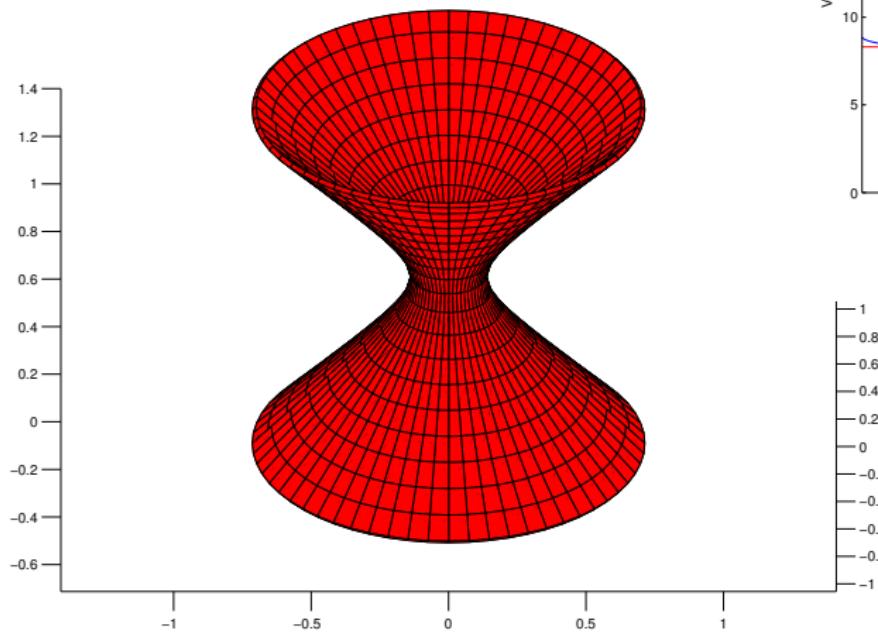
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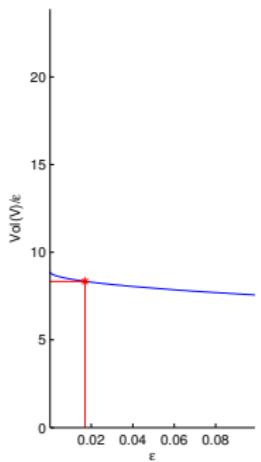
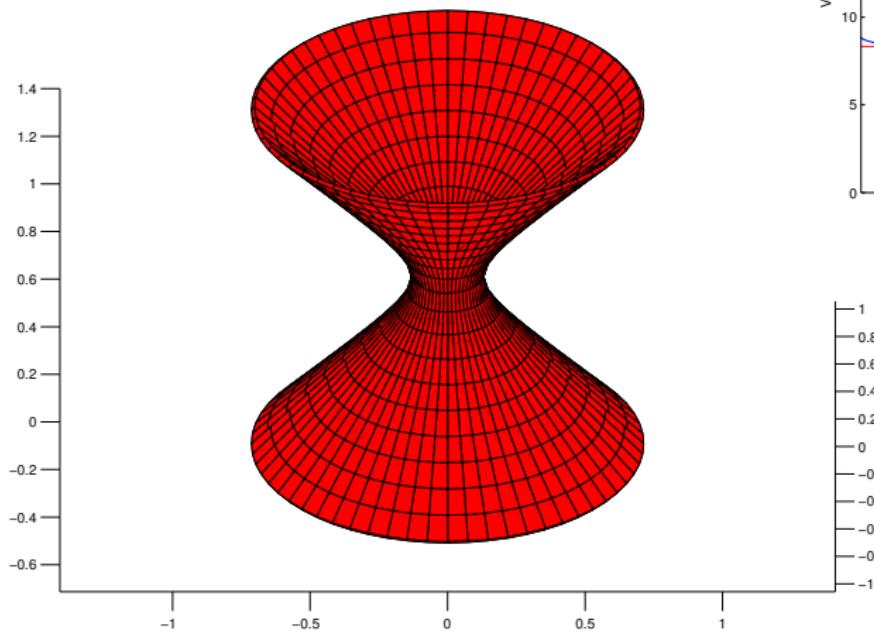
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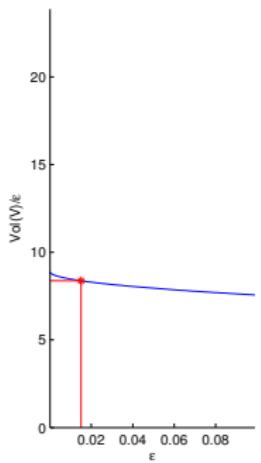
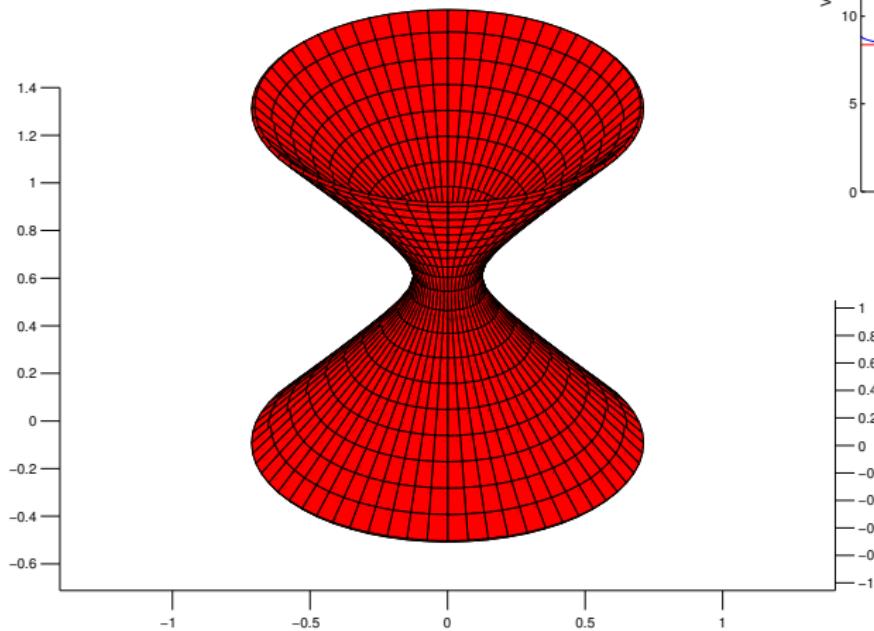
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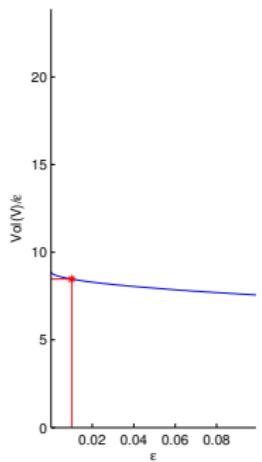
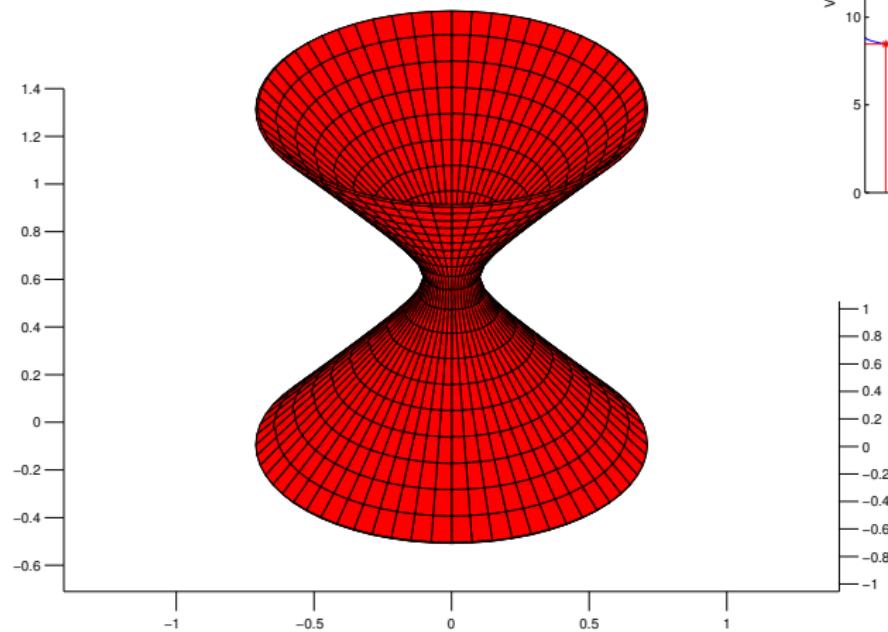
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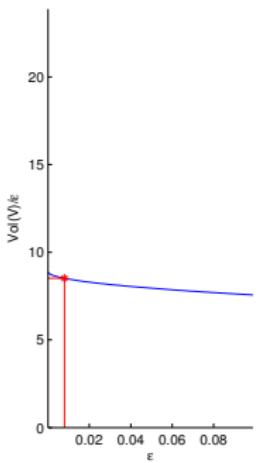
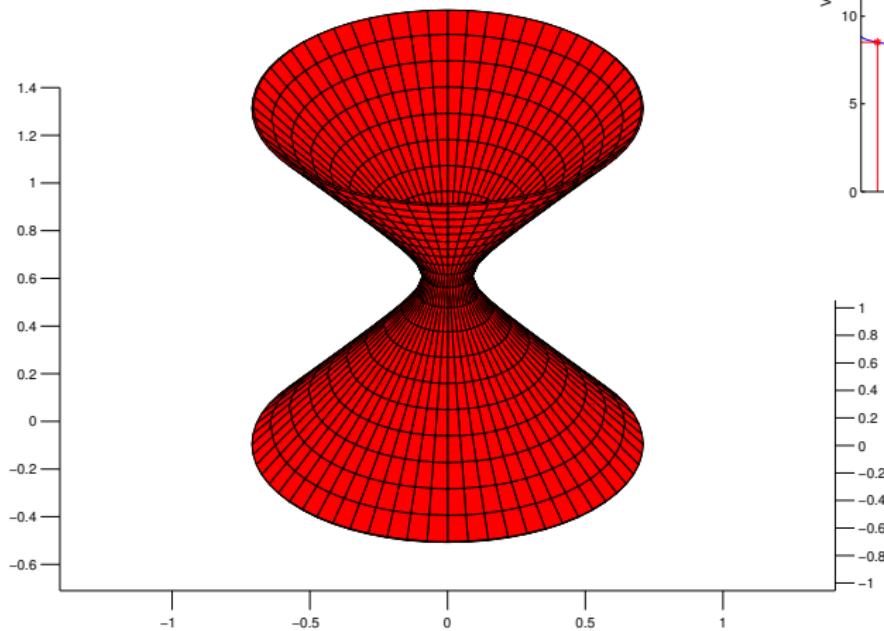
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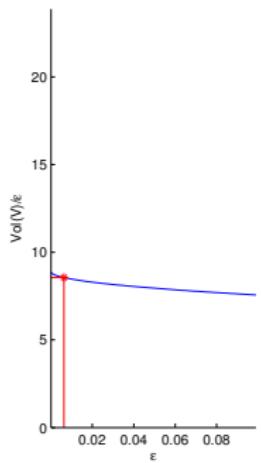
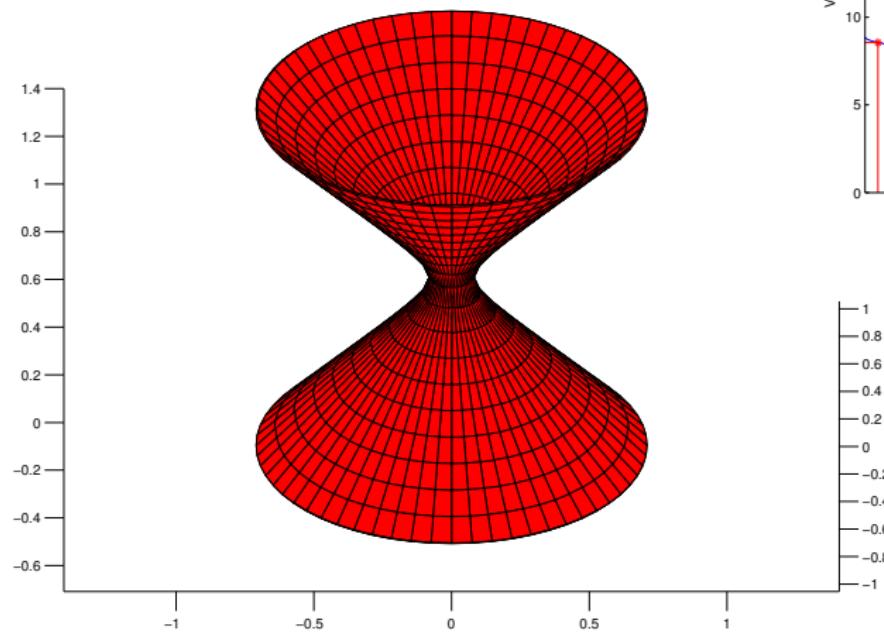
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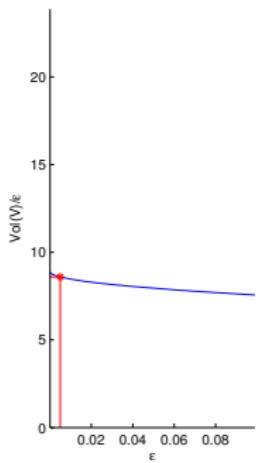
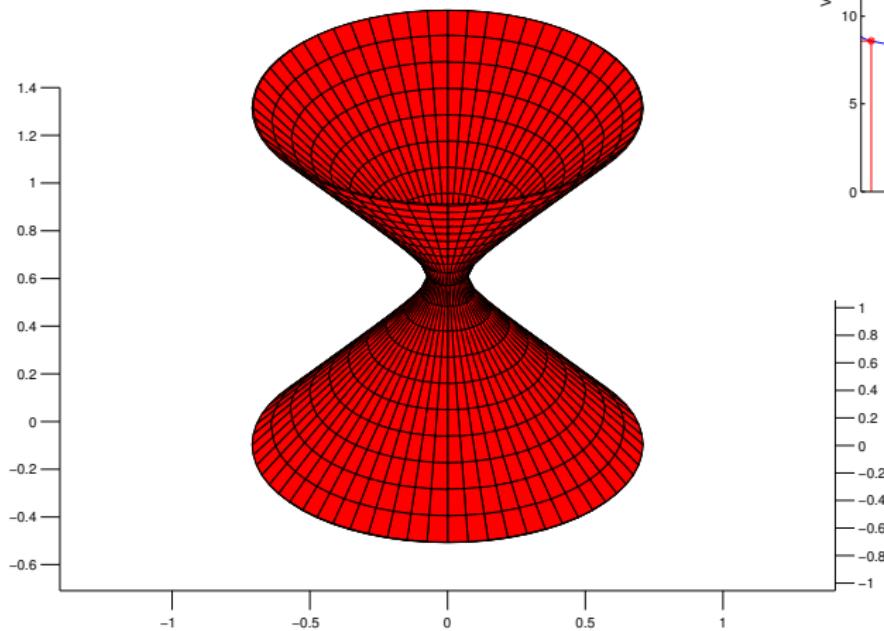
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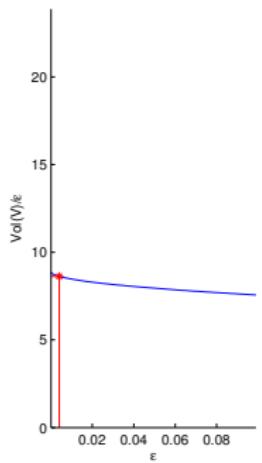
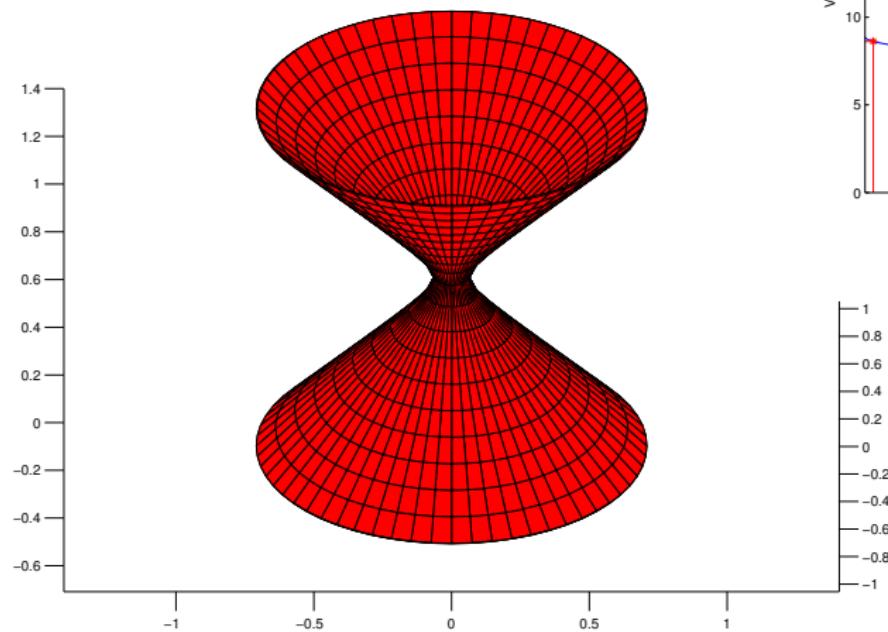
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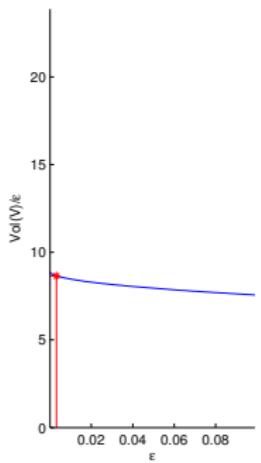
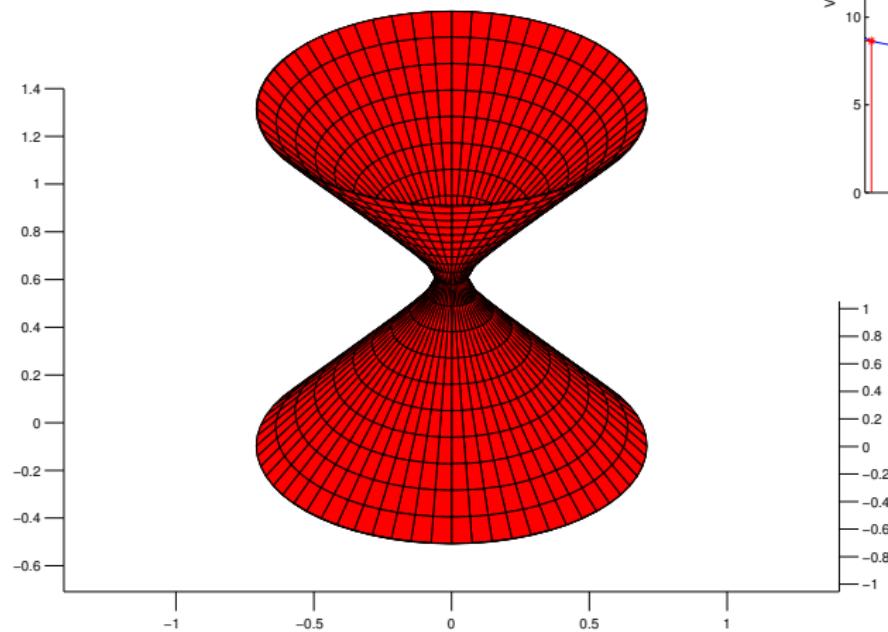
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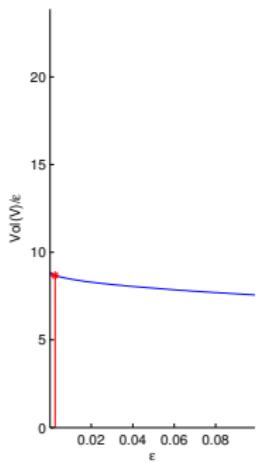
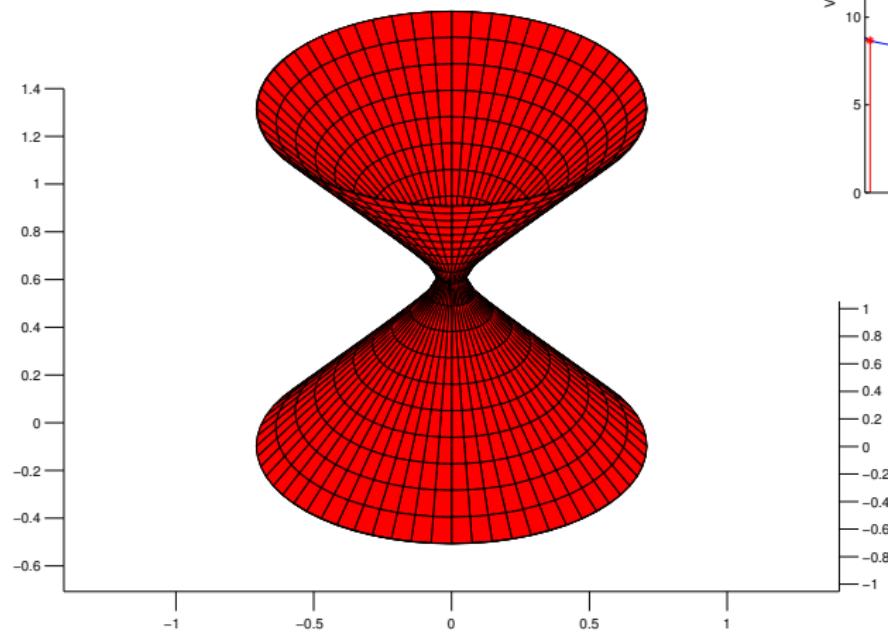
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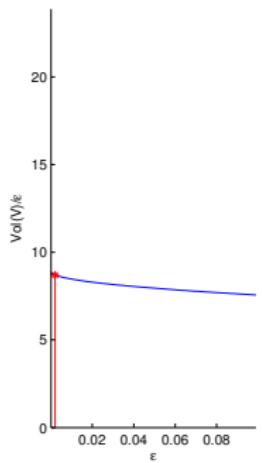
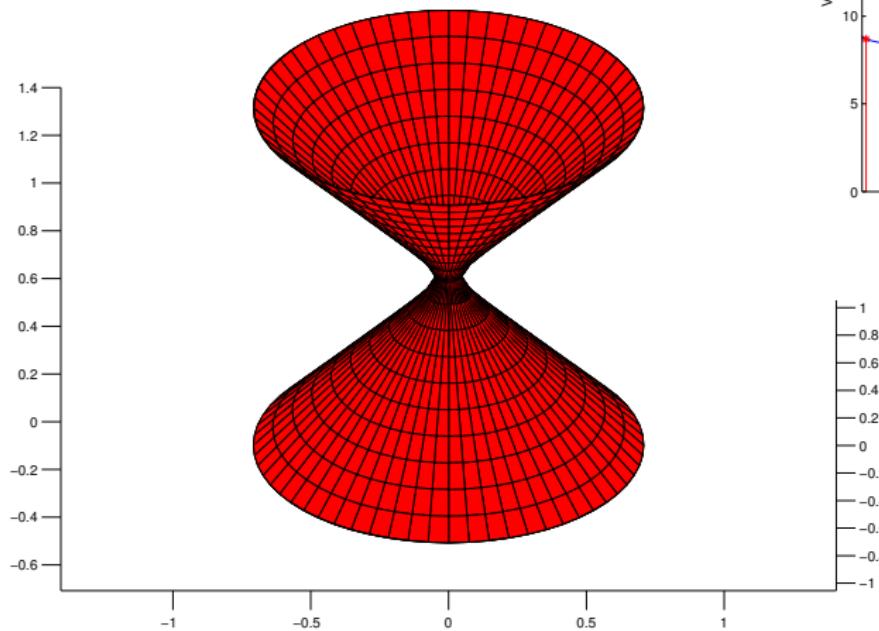
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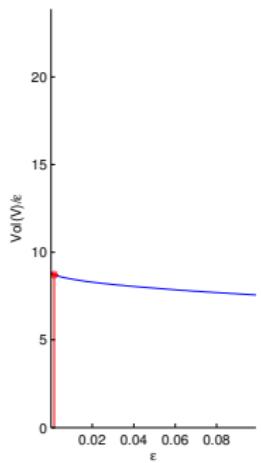
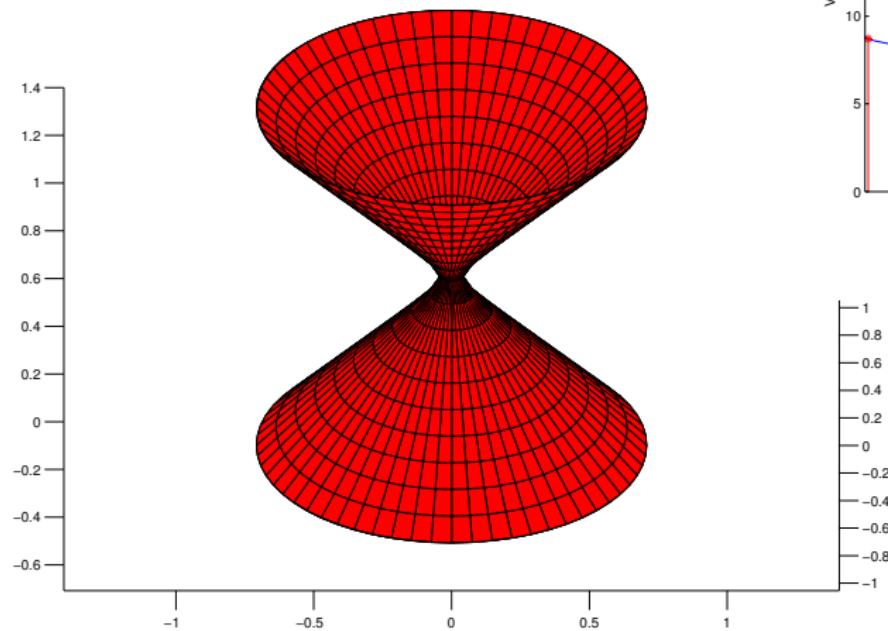
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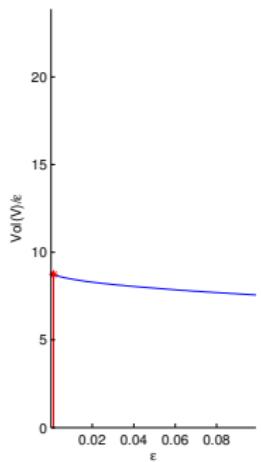
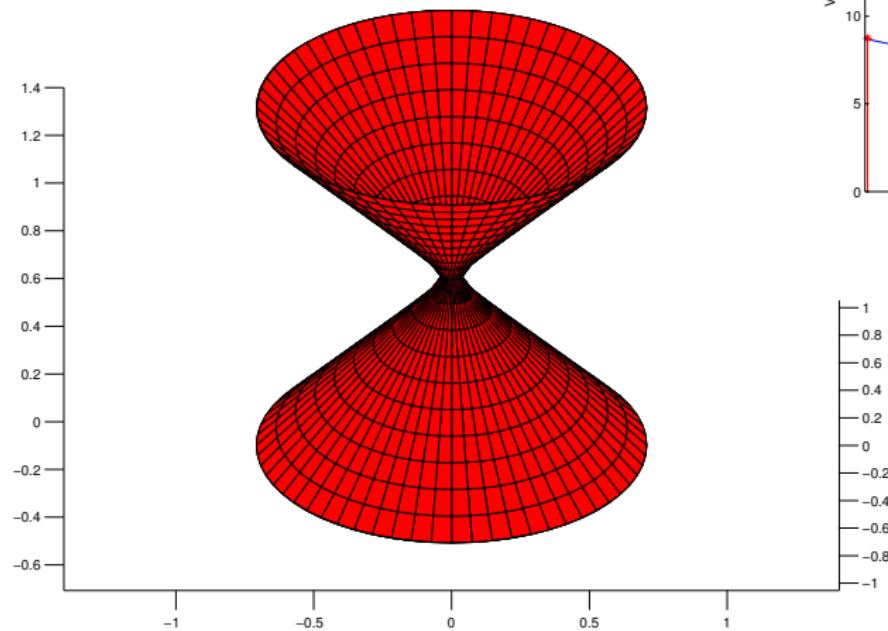
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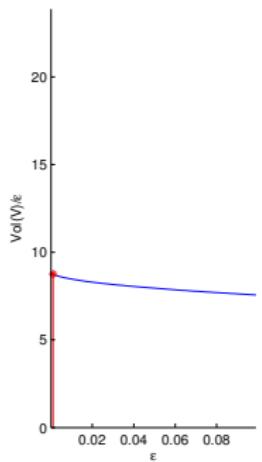
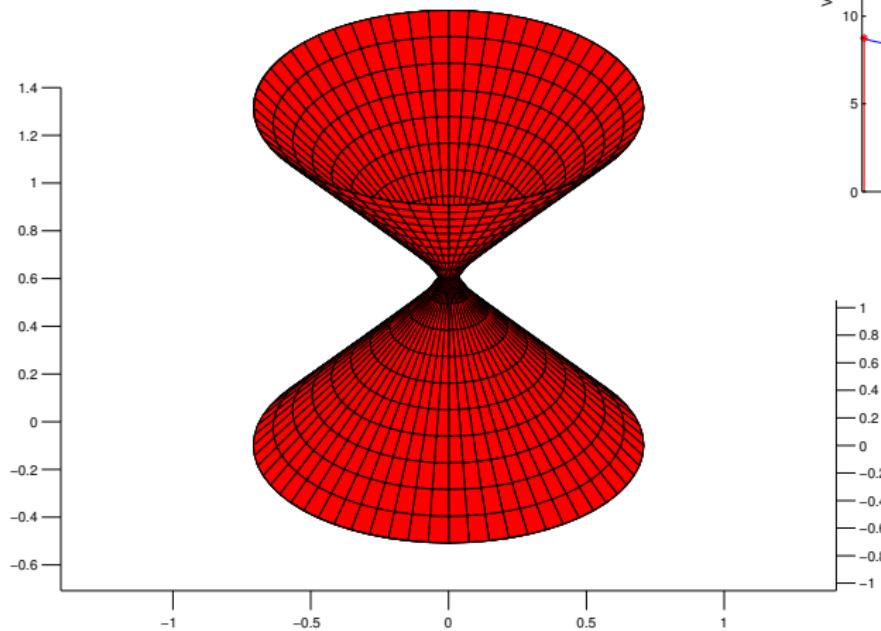
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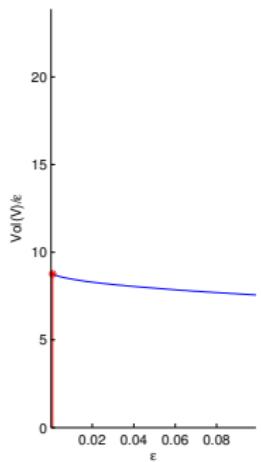
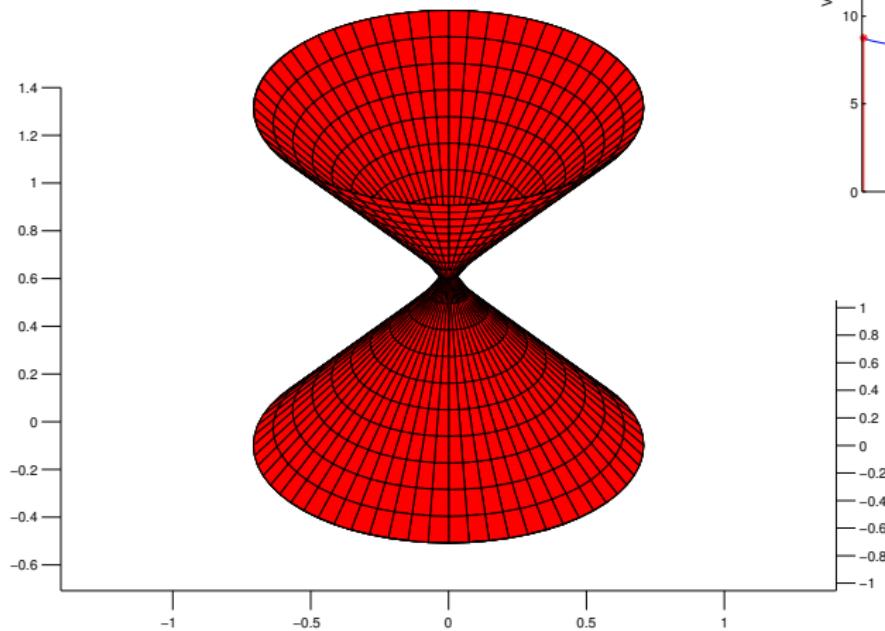
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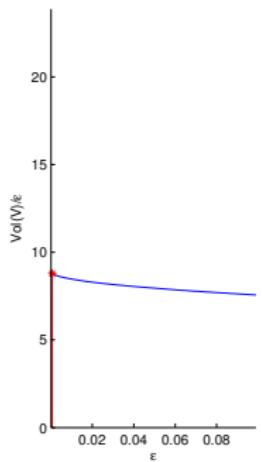
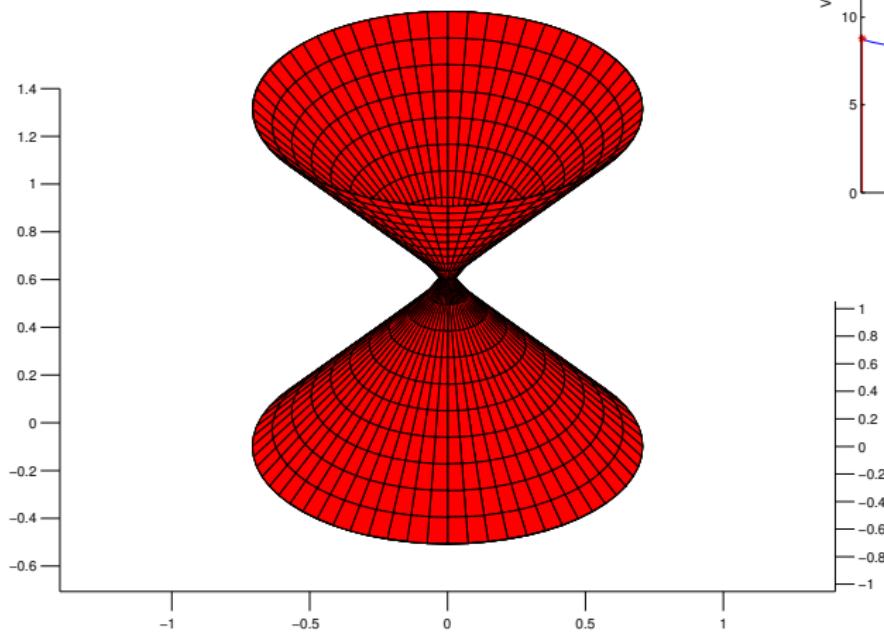
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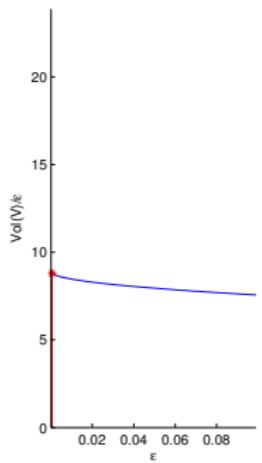
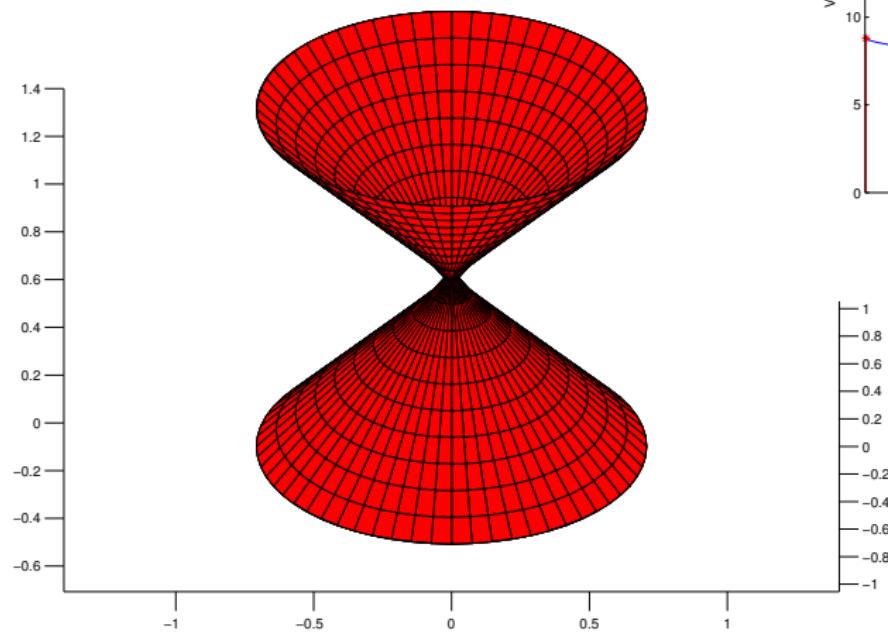
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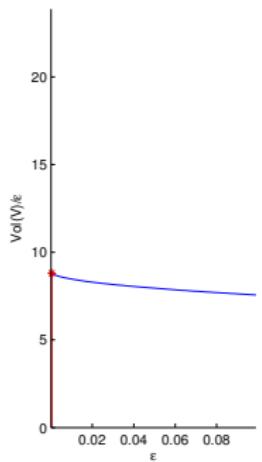
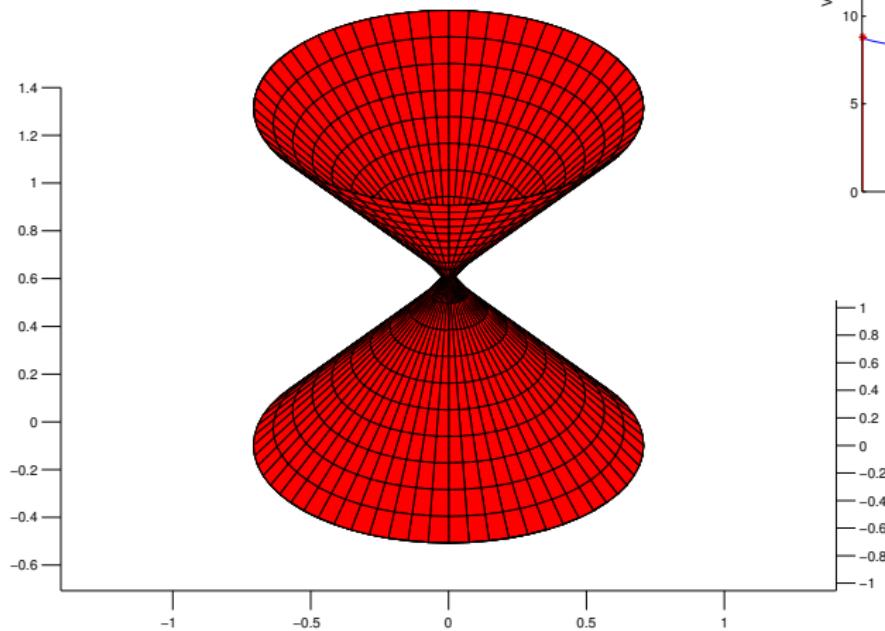
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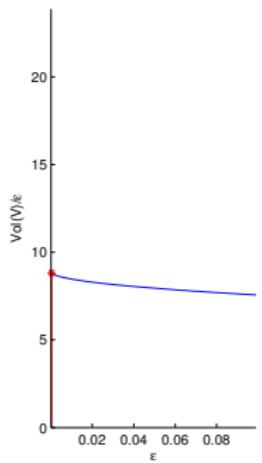
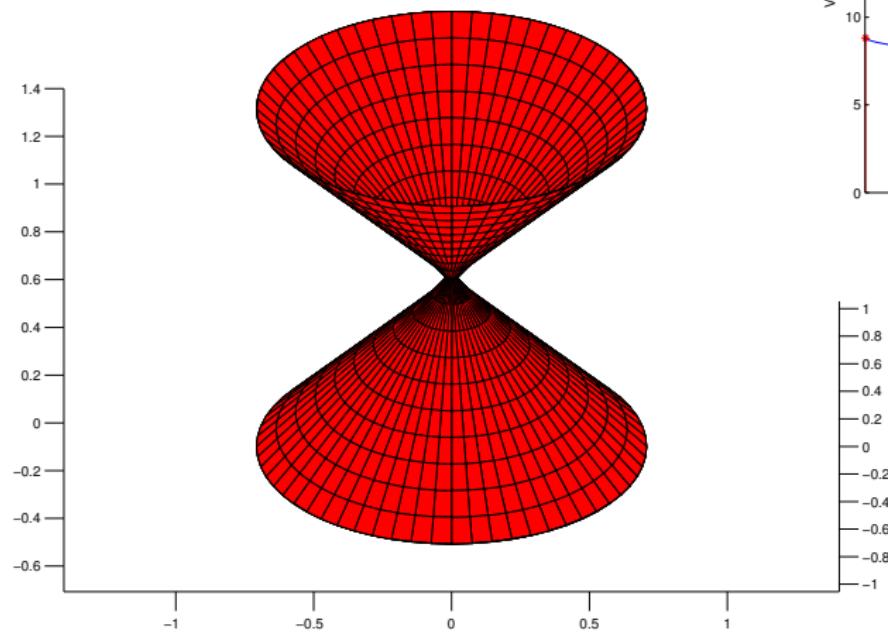
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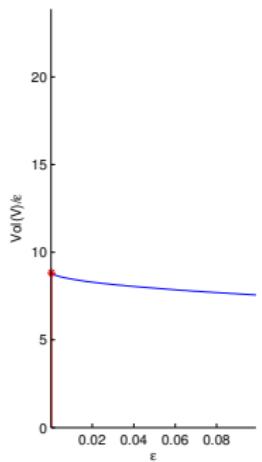
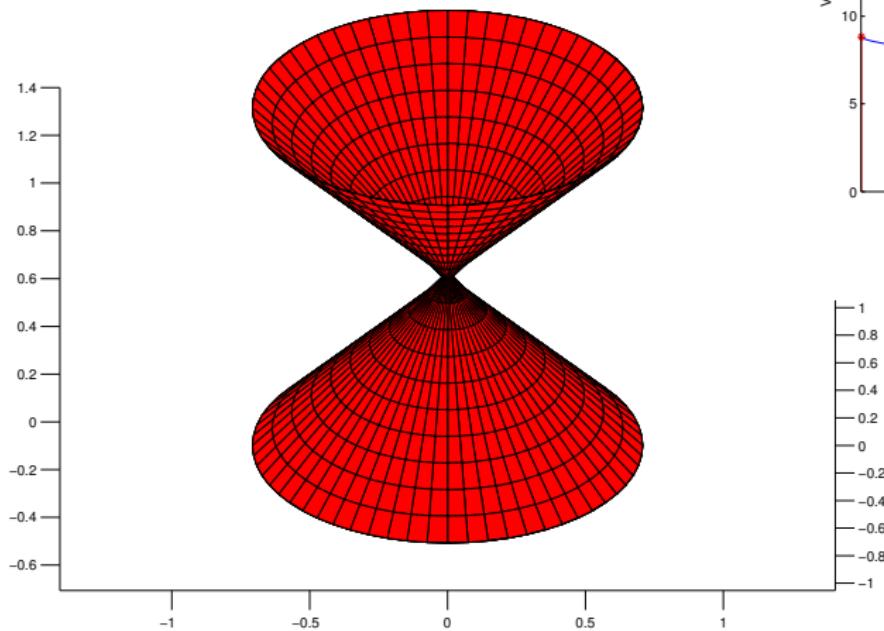
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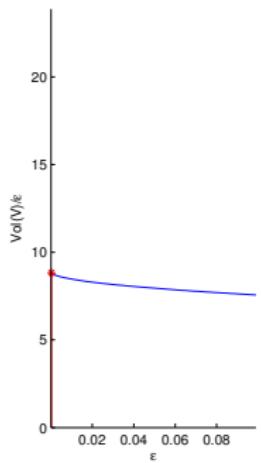
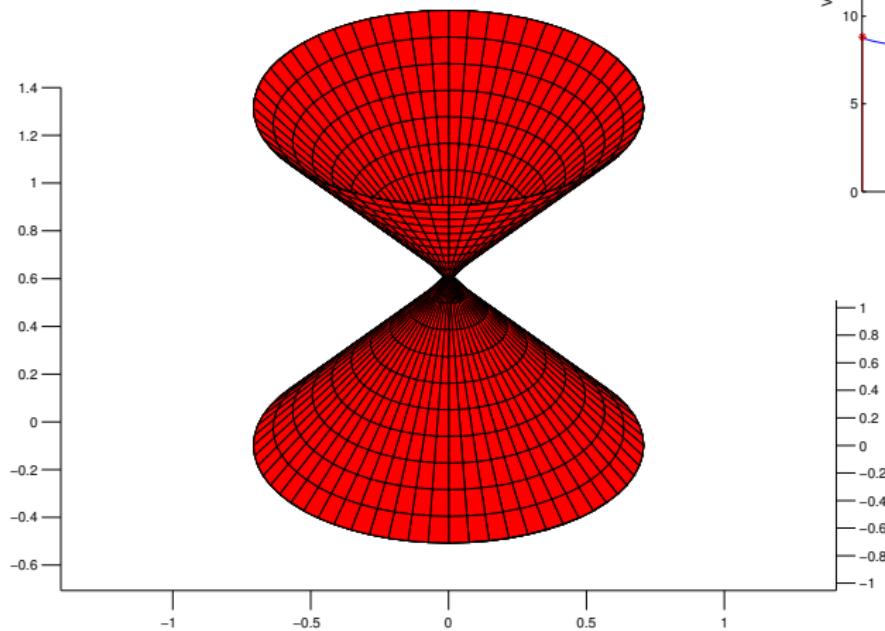
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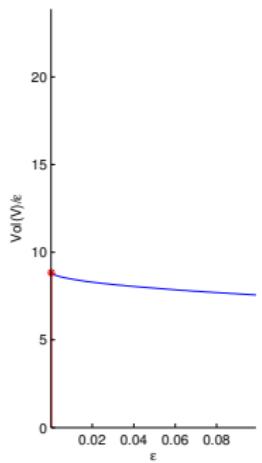
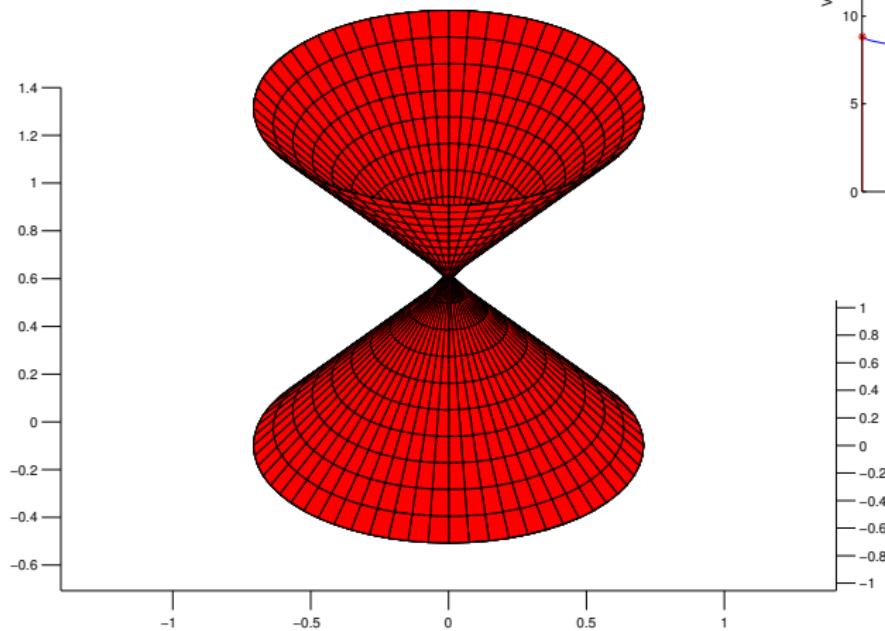
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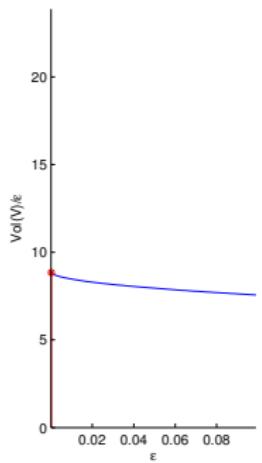
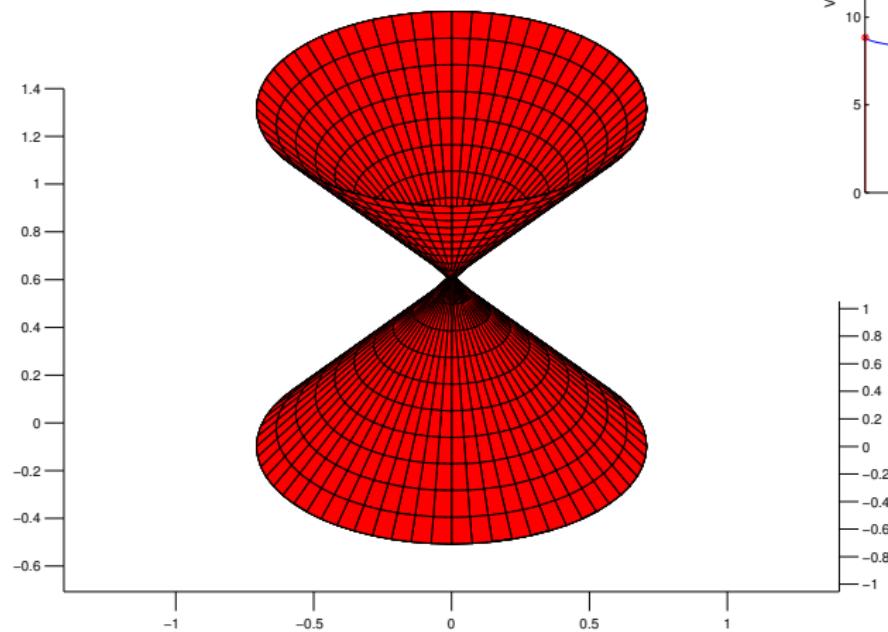
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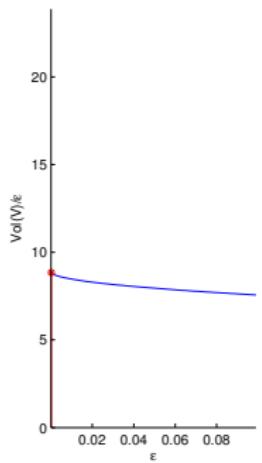
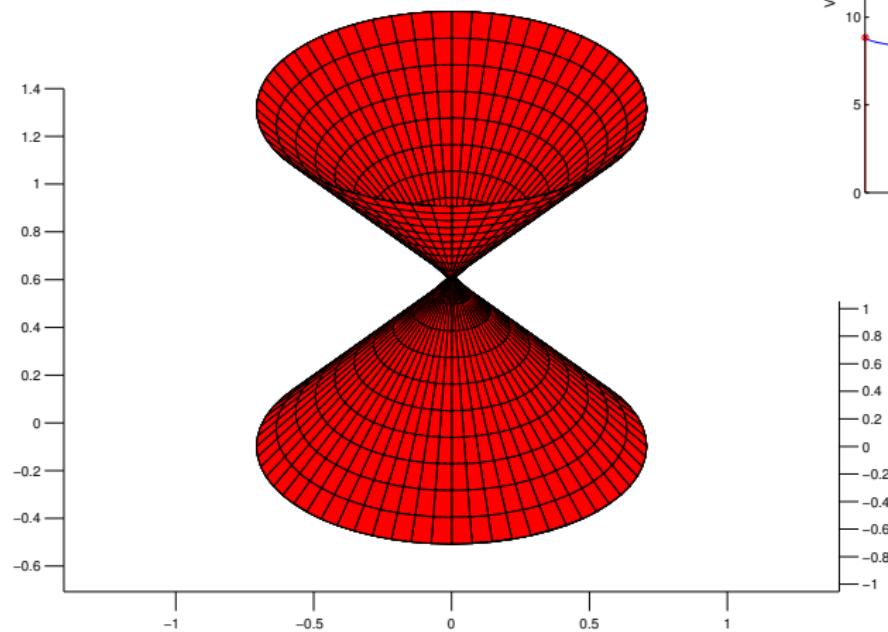
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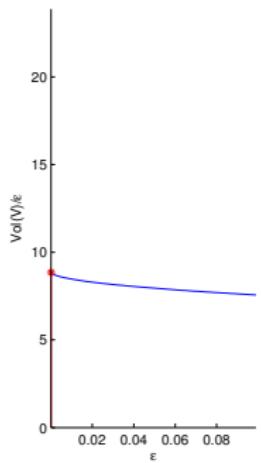
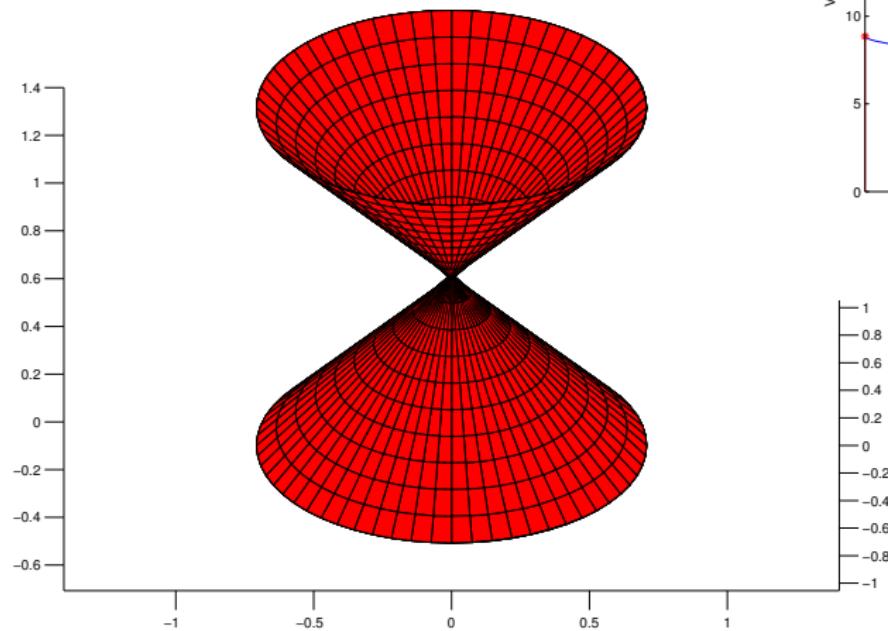
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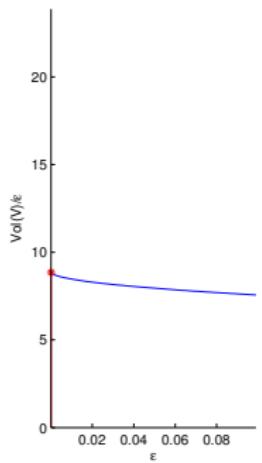
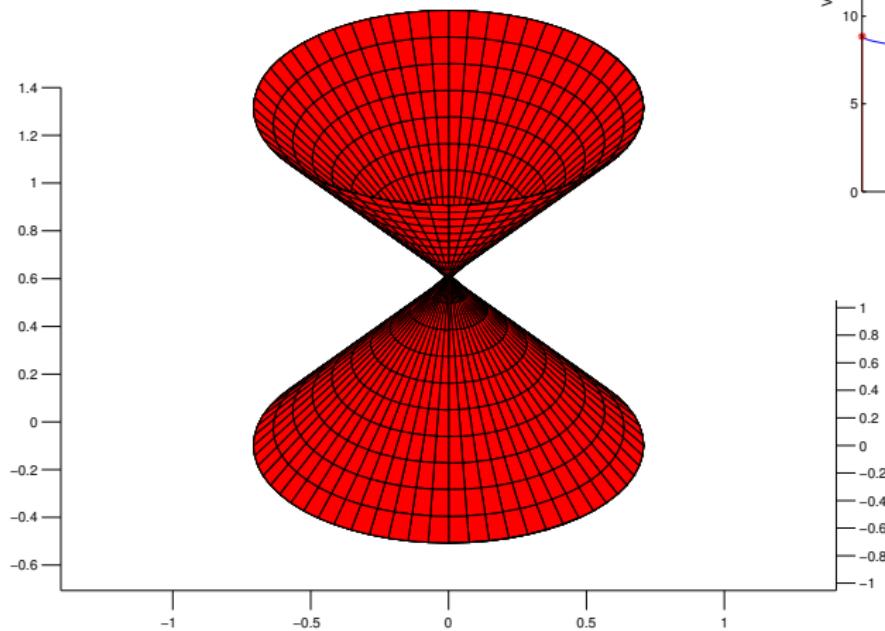
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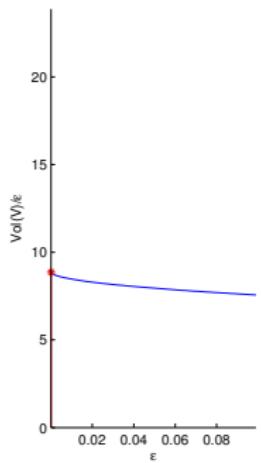
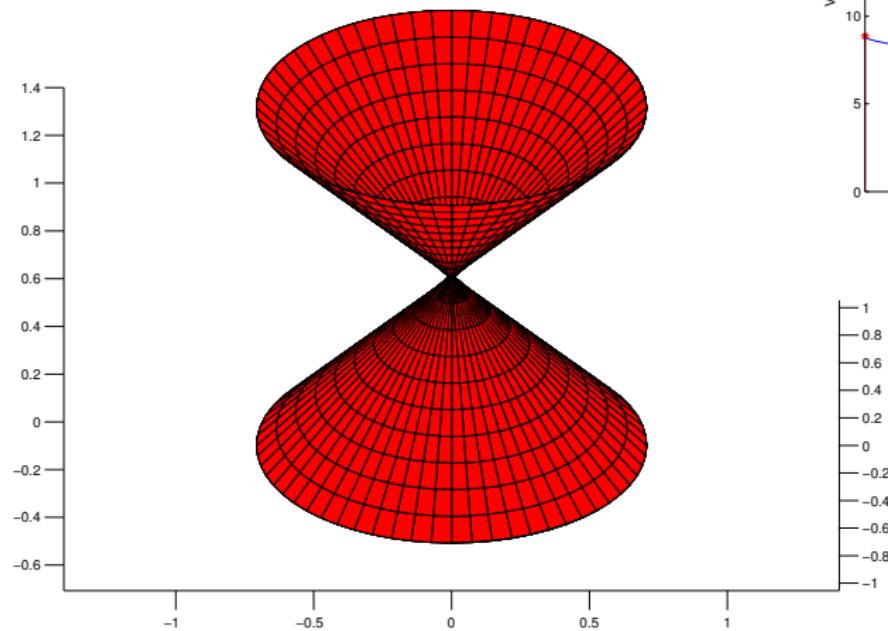
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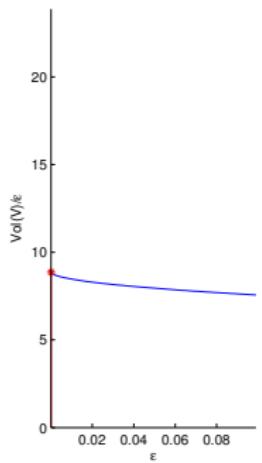
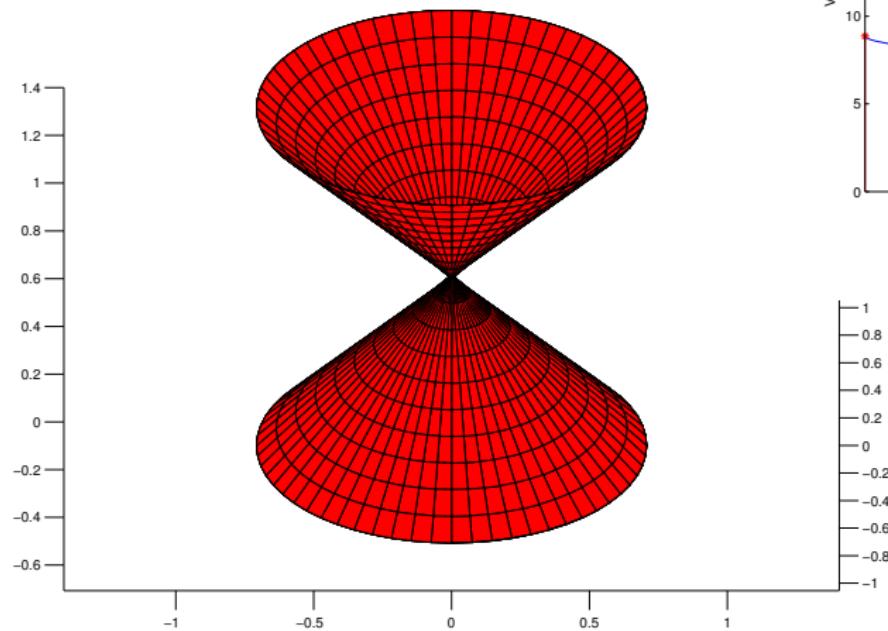
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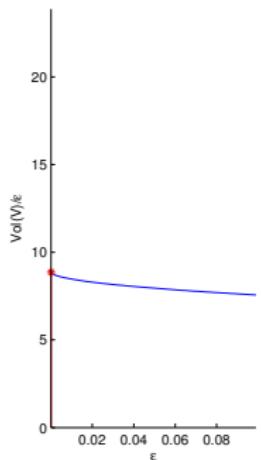
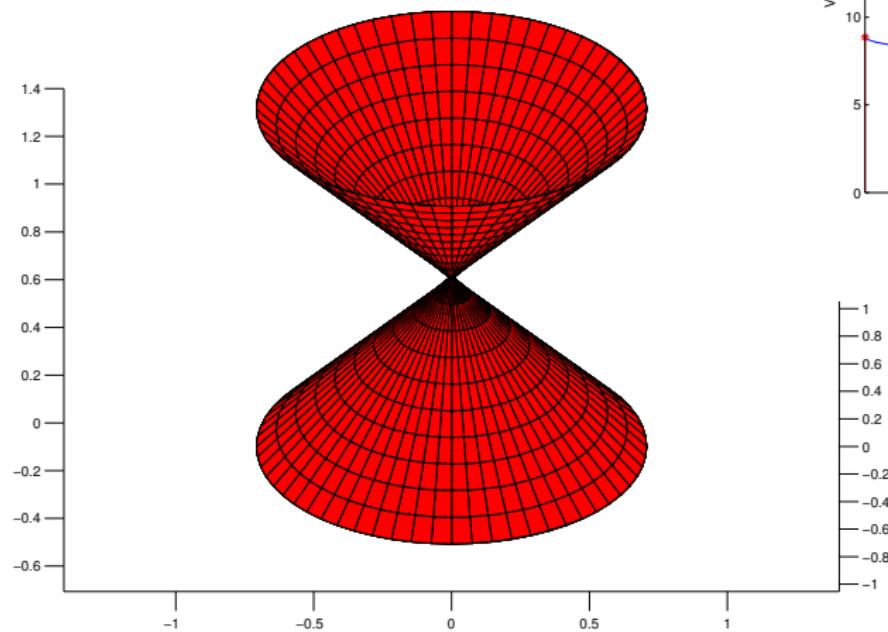
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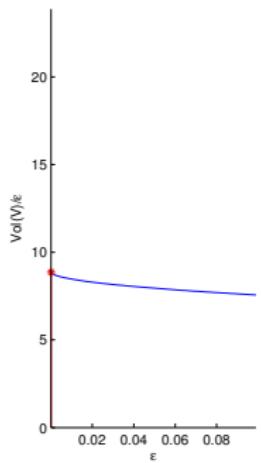
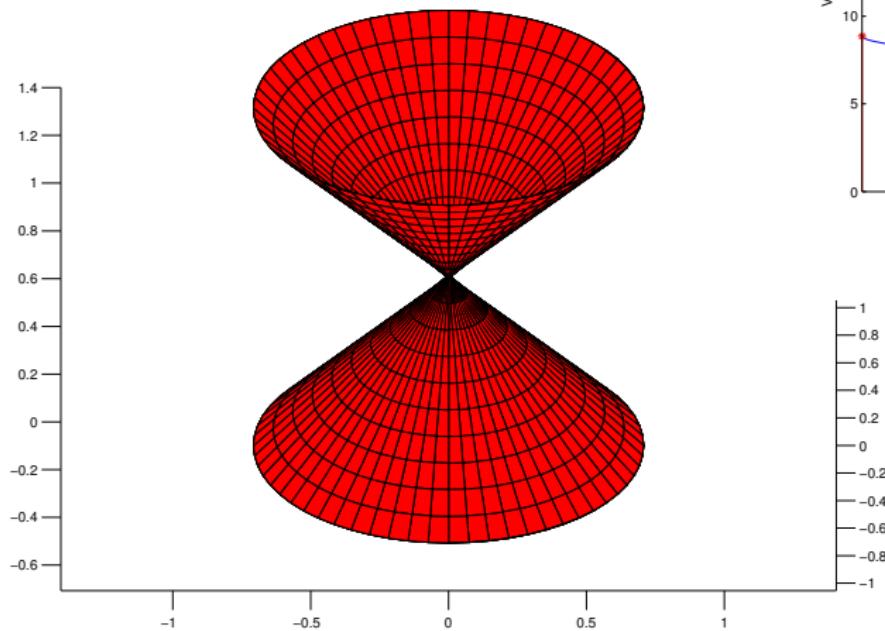
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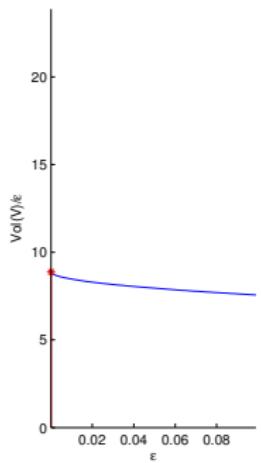
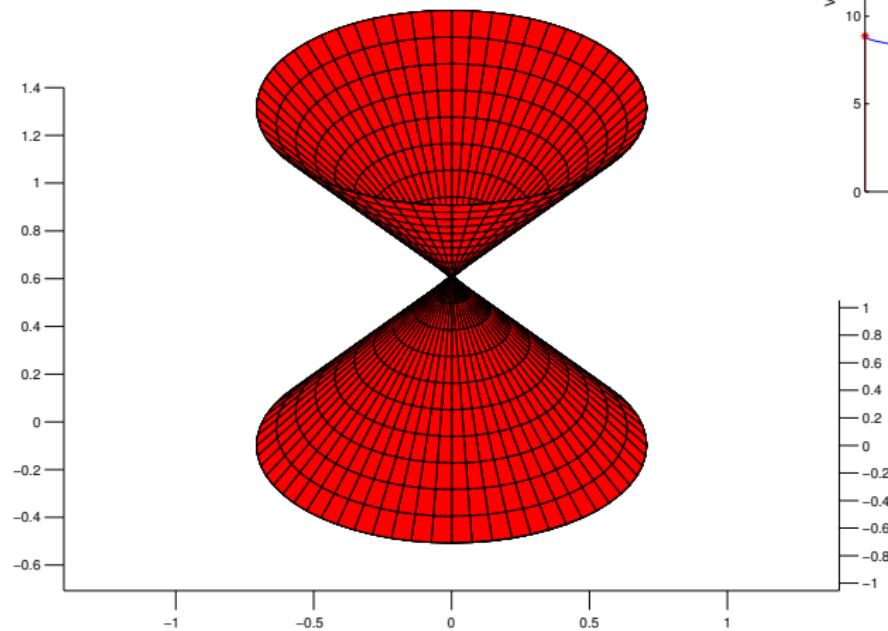
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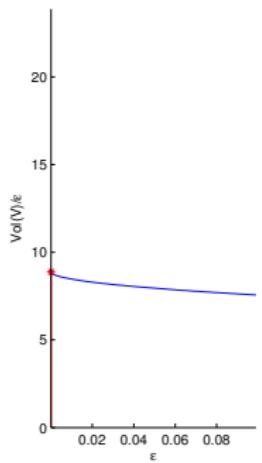
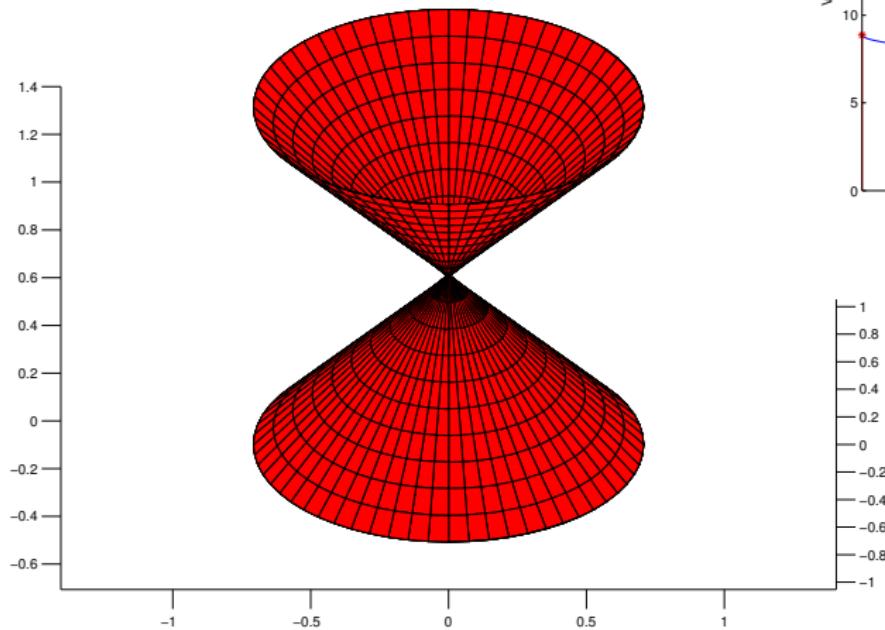
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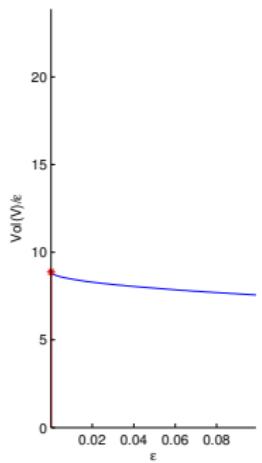
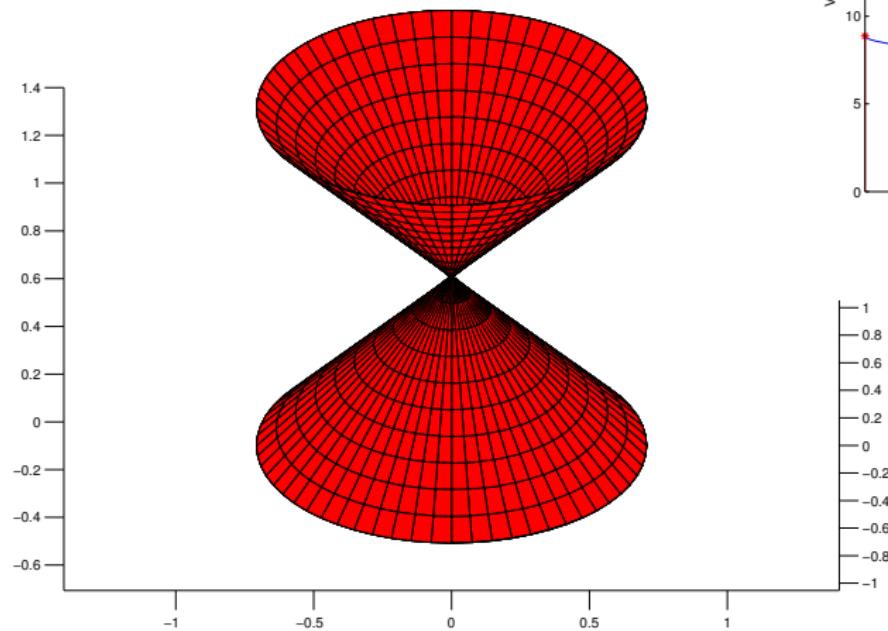
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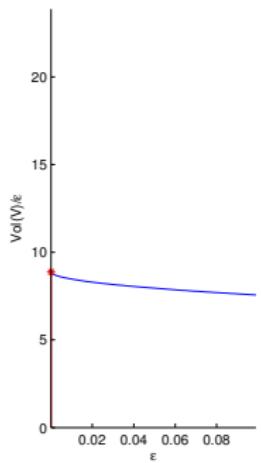
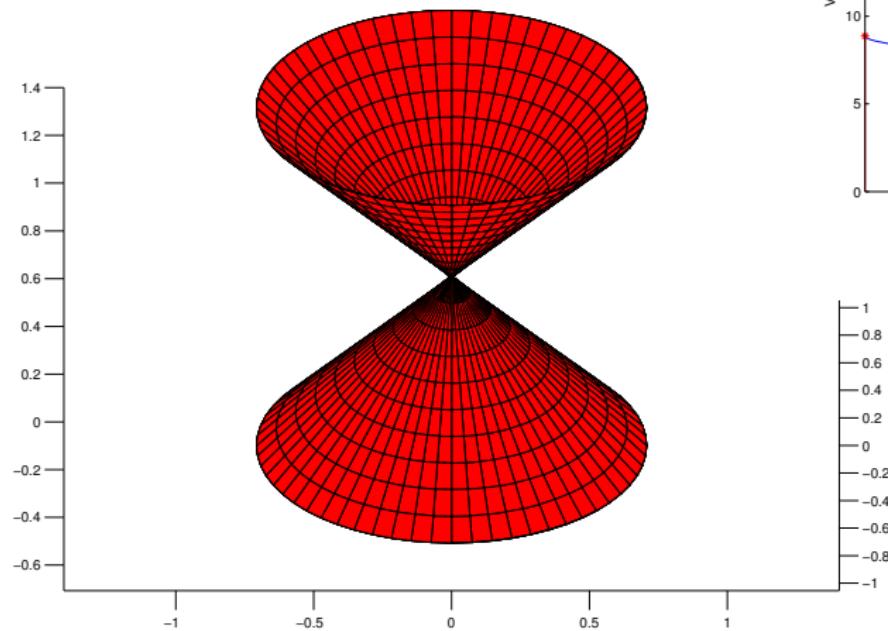
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Rationality of the singularities of deformation varieties

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- In our case we do not have an explicit resolution of singularities, unlike other cases of proofs of rationality of singularity of varieties from algebraic group theory.

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$$\zeta_{SL_d(\mathbb{Z}_p)}(2n) < \infty$$