## LIE ALGEBRAS: HOMEWORK 13 DUE: 6 JULY 2010

Let  $\mathfrak{g}$  be a semisimple Lie algebra, and  $\mathfrak{h}$  a Cartan subalgebra. Let  $\Pi$  be a base for the corresponding root system  $\Delta$ .

- (1) Let  $\lambda \in \mathfrak{h}^*$ . Prove that the left ideal  $I(\lambda)$  of  $\mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{g})$ , (which is generated by  $\mathfrak{n}^+$  and by the elements of the form  $h \lambda(h)1$  with  $h \in \mathfrak{h}$ ), is already generated by the elements  $x_{\alpha} \in \mathfrak{g}_{\alpha}, h_{\alpha} \lambda(h_{\alpha})1$  with  $\alpha \in \Pi$ .
- (2) For  $\mu \in \mathfrak{h}^*$ , define  $K(\mu)$  to be the number of distinct sets of non-negative integers  $\{k_{\alpha}\}_{\alpha\in\Delta^+}$  for which  $\mu = \sum_{\alpha\in\Delta^+} k_{\alpha}\alpha$ . The function  $K(\mu)$  is called the Kostant partition function. Let  $M(\lambda)$  be the Verma module with highest weight  $\lambda$ . Prove that  $\dim M(\lambda)_{\mu} = K(\lambda \mu)$  by describing a basis for the weight space  $M(\lambda)_{\mu}$ .
- (3) For a weight module V, let X(V) denote the set of weights of V. Let V and W be finite dimensional g-modules. Prove that

$$X(V \otimes W) = \{\nu + \nu' \mid \nu \in X(V), \ \nu' \in X(W)\}$$

and that  $\dim(V \otimes W)_{\nu+\nu'}$  equals

$$\sum_{\substack{\beta \in X(V), \ \beta' \in X(W) \\ \beta + \beta' = \nu + \nu'}} \dim V_{\beta} \cdot \dim W_{\beta'}.$$

(4) Let  $P^+(\Pi) = \{\lambda \in \mathfrak{h}^* \mid < \lambda, \alpha > \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \text{ for all } \alpha \in \Pi\}$ , and let  $\lambda \in P^+(\Pi)$ . Prove that 0 occurs as a weight of  $M(\lambda)$  if and only if  $\lambda$  is a sum of roots.

29 June 2010