

## EXERCISE 6 IN INTRODUCTION TO REPRESENTATION THEORY

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- (1) Let  $X$  be a  $G$ -set and  $\mathcal{F}$  be a sheaf on  $X$ . The following structures on  $\mathcal{F}$  are equivalent:
- (a) An equivariant structure
  - (b) For any  $x \in X$  and  $g \in G$  - a linear map  $\pi(g)_x : \mathcal{F}_x \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_{gx}$  such that for  $g_1, g_2 \in G$ ,  $\pi(g_1 g_2)_x = \pi(g_1) \circ \pi(g_2)_x$ .
- (2) (P) Let  $H \subset G$  be a subgroup, and  $\pi \in \text{Rep}(H)$ . Define an isomorphism  $\text{Ind}(\pi)(G/H) \cong \text{Ind}_H^G(\pi)$ .
- (3) (P) Let the group  $G = S_3$  act on itself by conjugation. Describe all the equivariant sheaves on  $X = S_3$  under this action. Hint: say that every such sheaf is a direct sum of irreducibles, and describe the irreducible ones.

URL: <http://www.wisdom.weizmann.ac.il/~dimagur/IntRepTheo5.html>